

MR. HEBAL BECOMES PARTNER

John Hebal Now Associated With Henry Hoefler in the Dry Goods Business at Corner of Third and Clark.

The Gazette is pleased to announce that John Hebal, who for the past ten years has been employed as clerk in Henry Hoefler's dry goods store at the corner of Clark and Third streets, was admitted as a partner on Jan. 17th and the firm will in future be known as Hoefler & Hebal. Although past 76 years of age, Mr. Hoefler still takes an active interest in business affairs and devotes his entire time to the wants of his numerous customers, many of who have traded with him continuously since 1866. Between the years 1870 and '74 G. F. Andrac was associated with Mr. Hoefler, but since that time the veteran gentleman has conducted his business alone.

Mr. Hebal is a young man of vim and energy and will continue to devote his best endeavors to pleasing friends and patrons. That the new firm may continue to prosper is the wish of all.

Senator Beveridge and Child Labor.

The February number of the Woman's Home Companion contains a comprehensive description of Senator Beveridge's national bill to abolish child labor. The Senator tells how he worked in a logging camp at fourteen years of age, beginning before daybreak and ending after dark, and the lessons he learned there served as the foundation for his present fight against the horror of child labor. After describing the evil, he adds:

"But that is not the worst of it. The worst of it is that pretty soon these children 'come to age.' What kind of citizens do they make? London hoodlums! That is the kind of citizens they make. Each boy or girl of this kind that develops into a man or woman knows that he or she is inferior to his fellows—inferior in body, mind and soul. They not only feel it, they actually see it. They feel that they have been robbed in some way—not robbed in money or property, but robbed of life, of health, of intellect, of the life of spirit. And in their undeveloped brains, in their weakened hearts, in their cramped and deformed souls the fires of an unextinguishable wrath begin to burn. They go through life hating society, hating everybody and everything. For, while they do not know much, they do know that a system of industry and a state of society has worse than murdered them. There is your material for anarchy. We hear a good many speeches about the danger of anarchists coming to this country from Europe. The truth is that child labor is creating some two hundred thousand grown-up anarchists of native American blood in this country every year."

\$200.00 in Prizes.

The special feature about Dr. A. W. Chase's Calendar Almanac, which makes it so popular among the people, is the space left on each calendar page for memoranda.

In order to encourage this custom, which is not only of interest but of considerable value to the person keeping this diary, we have decided to give prizes amounting to \$200 in gold and to be divided as follows:—First prize, \$100 in gold; second prize, \$50 in gold; third prize, \$25 in gold; fourth to ninth (each), \$5 in gold.

Anyone who will keep a memorandum of events in Dr. A. W. Chase's Calendar Almanac during 1907 is eligible for a prize. The preference will be shown for the record which is most likely to prove useful for future reference.

The competition will close on Jan. 15, 1908, and it will be necessary for your almanac to reach our office on or before that date.

It is not necessary to send a letter, but be sure to write your name and address on the front cover of your almanac and mail it to Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. If you desire it, we will return your almanac, at our expense, as soon as the competition is closed.

SALES ARE ENORMOUS.

Cooper Preparations Leading Topic in Cincinnati--Callers at Young Man's Headquarters Interviewed.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 29. The most interesting feature of the enormous sale of the Cooper preparations, now going on in this city, is what the medicines are actually accomplishing among the people of Cincinnati.

At the commencement of his visit here Mr. Cooper prophesied that during the latter part of his stay he would receive hundreds of callers daily who came simply to thank him for what the preparations had done. He also stated that stomach trouble is the foundation for a great many diseases and that his New Discovery, as it is called, would prove very effective in all cases of rheumatism simply by getting the stomach in working order.

That this prophecy has been fulfilled cannot be doubted after a half hour spent at the young man's headquarters listening to what his callers have to say.

A reporter, who watched to ascertain, if possible, some light on the reasons for the immensity of Cooper's success interviewed about twenty of his callers yesterday afternoon. The statements made by those seen indicate that physicians who claim that Cooper is merely a passing fad, have not looked into the facts.

Some of these statements were as follows: Miss Sallie Middleton living at 1957 Central avenue, upon being questioned, said:

"I have been troubled with general weakness, dizziness, headache, sleeplessness and stomach disorders for a number of years, suffering all the time with my kidneys and back. I had tried a number of medicines and visited several doctors but none helped me. I heard on all sides of the Cooper remedies and decide to try them. Anyone who says they are not wonderful medicines, does not know what they are talking about. After I used the first bottle, I noticed a decided improvement. I have taken three bottles of the New Discovery and I now feel as well as I ever have in my life. I sleep

and eat as I have not done for years, and I am happier than I have been for a long time. I have come here to thank Mr. Cooper for what he has done for me."

The statement of Mrs. M. E. Emmerson living at 630 W. Court street, was as follows:

"I have suffered with stomach trouble and constipation for a year or so. When I ate I would have bloating spells, sour stomach, fermentation, bad taste in my mouth. In the morning, I was as tired as when I went to bed. I had a dull pain in the lower part of my back. I have taken almost one bottle of the New Discovery and I am so wonderfully improved that I have come down here to thank Mr. Cooper in person and obtain more of the medicine."

Another statement was made by Mr. G. Lukin, living at 1006 Gest street, who said: "I have been a sufferer with rheumatism for several years. I could not walk or stand on my feet when Mr. Cooper came to Cincinnati. Nothing helped me in any way and I despaired of finding relief. I was in a general rundown condition, also, and had some stomach trouble. Hearing of his wonderful work my father consulted him regarding my case and purchased a bottle of his New Discovery. After I had finished that one bottle I was able to walk down town and see him myself."

I have continued to take this wonderful medicine and I am now without a sign of rheumatism. My general health is also greatly improved and I have not felt so well for years. I would not have believed that there was a medicine on earth that would do what this has done for me. I am so much happier that I am very grateful to the man that has made it possible for me to regain my health. He has the most wonderful medicine that I know anything about."

Other statements taken from those who had previously used the medicine seem to prove that Cooper's success throughout the country is genuine.

Local News.

Mrs. V. J. Hunter is enjoying an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. L. E. Lull, at Mobile, Ala.

Miss Grace Griffin has accepted a position to teach in the schools of South Kaukauna.

Square dealing is Jos. Glink's motto. Give him a call before ordering your suit or overcoat.

The Schafkopf club of the North Side were victors over the South Side club in last Wednesday's contest by six points.

Jos. Glink, the tailor, is now prepared to make you a suit or overcoat. Prices the lowest and a fit is guaranteed.

Why neglect your education when you can improve the same by attending the Evening School at the Business College.

A good brood and working mare, weighing about 1,400 lbs., is for sale cheap. Call on or address D. B. Hull, 720 Minnesota avenue, city.

George Buchan, who had been unable to attend to his duties at the Wisconsin Central's Main street depot on account of illness, during the past two months, resumed his work Monday morning.

Moses Hull, aged 71 years, and for several years at the head of the Pratt institute at Whitewater, died at San Jose, Cal., last Wednesday. Mr. Hull was prominent in a local spiritual rally a few years ago.

Mrs. L. H. Moll entertained the members of the Penochle club at her home on Normal avenue, last Wednesday evening. Mrs. S. Iverson captured the first prize and the consolation was awarded to Mrs. W. F. Parker.

B. M. Jones, of the Plover Paper mills, has resigned his position to accept a similar one with the Hammer Mill Co. of Erie, Penn., for which place he left Monday. Mr. Jones was employed in this locality for several months.

O. W. Waterman, treasurer of Eau Claire, paid his town's apportionment of the state tax to Treasurer Dake the past week. It amounted to \$774.35. The town treasurers are required to remit this tax before the second Monday in February.

James Hubbard, Jr., a former resident of this city and the oldest son of J. K. P. Hubbard, who now lives at Wausau, was quite badly hurt while braking on the Great Northern railroad near Larimore, N. Dak., Jan. 6th. This is the fourth serious injury "Jim" has experienced while engaged in railroad work.

The simple fact that Dr. Brewer has made his visits regularly for years, and at every visit has an increase of practice, affords pretty strong evidence of his popularity. Those afflicted with chronic ailments should give him a call. If any can help, Dr. Brewer can do it. He makes his next visit to the Jacobs House in this city on Wednesday, Feb. 6th. Consultation and examination free.

Sisters Chrysanthia and Clara, of the order of St. Joseph, whose academy is located just north of the city limits, spent a few days of the past week at Wausau, visiting the schools there. They also conferred with a committee representing St. Michael's Polish congregation regarding the prospect of sending several Sisters from the local convent to take charge of the parochial school at that place. No definite decision has yet been reached. While at Wausau the Sisters were guests at the home of Paul Koppa, a brother of Sister Clara.

Reports from Washington to the Wisconsin press are to the effect that the committee on postoffices of the lower house has prepared a bill in which provision is made for increasing the salaries of rural mail carriers from \$720 to \$840 per year. The salaries of carriers who average less than 24 miles on their route will be graduated according to the distance traveled. Other provisions are made for city letter carriers, the more important being that their salaries will range from \$600 to \$1,100 a year. In cities of less than 25,000 population, \$900 will be the maximum.

TO GOD AND THE MASONS

These Are Credited With the Escape From Siberian Exile of Capt. Alberti - An Interesting Lecture.

A thrilling tale of daring and adventure was what the many people who attended the lecture of Capt. S. Alberti on "Russia and Siberia," at the Presbyterian church Friday evening, heard from a man who, born in sunny Italy of Italian and German descent, educated in a leading Russian college, employed as a Russian spy for several years in Turkey, was, after swearing allegiance to the stars and stripes, captured by a Russian gendarme and sentenced to a life term in the mines of Siberia, only to be given liberty and a chance to sail back to America by the intercession of friends of the Masonic order. The lecture of Capt. Alberti was highly instructive. He dwelt upon a subject on which he is a recognized authority and his hearers were surprised at many statements made but pleased to hear the truth.

The speaker first gave his audience a general idea of prevalent conditions in Russia, its form of government, public institutions and its share in the world's civilization. He then gave a record of his early life, dwelling principally upon his adventures for the Russian government in various parts of the world and his final release from the power of the Czar. He came to America, secured work as decorator for a firm in New York and after learning the English language, became a citizen here. Returning to Russia to recover inherited property, he is recognized as a former army officer and his arrest and exile to Siberia follows. This portion of the tale is filled with the narrative of many strong dramatic situations, together with a series of events, the barbarous cruelty of which puts to shame the despotism of the Russian government and must relegate that country as a burden to present civilization.

The lecture concluded with stereopticon views showing actual scenes, many of which were painted from memory by the ex-officer. Capt. Alberti is an entertaining speaker. He has a rapid utterance with a marked foreign accent similar to that of the German-American. His appreciation of the humorous in life is evident while his display of wit is remarkable.

The following interesting phases of Russian and Siberian life are given from Capt. Alberti's discourse. Russia has an area of 9,000,000 square miles and the area of Siberia is twice as large as that of the United States. The climate of the two countries is varied throughout the year, it being very mild in the south, moderate in the middle portions and extremely cold in the north, especially in the mines of Siberia. The people of Russia are of many classes and nationalities, Germans, Swedes and Poles being predominant among the foreign population. The majority of these are quite intelligent and highly educated. The Russian peasant has little or no education, and desires none, as the system of government would prevent it of being to his advantage. The religion of the native people is of a peculiar sort. A Russian peasant offers a brief prayer to the picture of some saint upon arising in the morning and devotes no other time to spiritual needs. Socially, the people are divided into classes, the nobility, the merchants or commercial element, and the peasants or farmers. The class of merchants are again divided. Those commanding a fortune, paying taxes on 100,000 rubles are numbered among the first class, and a tax of 50,000 rubles entitles to the second class; the third includes those paying less. The government is not, as generally conceded, a monarchy, but a typical plutocracy. The princes and nobles rule the land and to them the Czar is obedient. The country is divided into 70 states or provinces with a governor for each. This governor has unlimited powers of a despot and in most cases proves to be such. The governors are appointed by the Czar. They in turn appoint their subordinate officers, who rule in communities or locally and have power to rule as they please.

The peasant in times of distress has a right to appeal to the Czar and the watchword of discontent has come to be, "God is too high, and the Czar is too far." The Nihilists are of two kinds, those of the nobility and the other of the middle classes. The former are responsible for the fact that Russia does not advance; they are opposed by the Nihilists who would, if in power, make Russia the leading nation of the eastern hemisphere. The Nihilists came to power in 1881 at the assassination of Alexander II, who, at the beginning of his reign, exalted Russia above its narrow policy by liberating 47,000,000 serfs or white slaves, opening free schools, giving the people the right of trial by jury, recommending a free constitution and the power of suffrage by representative delegates. By the death of Alexander II, Russia was set back several decades in progress. Alexander III died (presumably of fright) after a reign of two years without aiding his country or doing any harm, and upon the advent of the present ruler, the liberal policy of the "good Czar," was buried in the reign of the plutocrats.

The other class of Nihilists are in direct contrast to the above, in that they are trying to establish freedom of the press and free speech. The latter are wrongly considered as the evil and criminal class of Russia.

Had Russia been successful in its war with Japan, the fertile fields in southern Siberia would have been turned to good account; the people would have been educated through foreign influences and the whole world would have been benefitted. Many question why does not Russia adopt education as a means to liberate the people from present conditions. This is out of the question at the present time. As many as fifty different languages are spoken and it is impossible as yet to convince them of the blessings of a constitutional government.

The exiles of Siberia are divided into three distinct classes. Murderers are sentenced for life to work in the mines where the temperature is often 45 to 60 degrees below zero. Their term of servitude is short. The second class is comprised of people who have committed minor offenses; they are usually sentenced for two or three years. The free exiles or those who are sent without having committed any offense of which they can accuse themselves, make up the third class. These

are sent for several years but are only required to support themselves as best they can. The exiles working in the mines are cruelly treated for slight offenses by inhuman taskmasters. Women, faithful wives and sisters, are numbered among the exiles.

LAND OF FRUIT AND FLOWERS

The Isle of Pines is Heralded by Former Wisconsin as Place of Health, Peace and Plenty.

The following extracts are taken from a letter received by The Gazette from Wm. C. Schultz, recently of Fond du Lac, and who has a number of friends in Stevens Point and vicinity, having visited here frequently. It is dated at Santa Fe, Isle of Pines, W. I., Jan. 13, 1907:

Our beautiful little island is prospering and going ahead very rapidly in regard to improvements, and settlers are coming in right along. When I came down here five years ago there were fifteen Americans on the island—only fifteen, just a dozen and a quarter, and now we have about two thousand Americans on the Isle of Pines. I happened to be the first Wisconsin man that invested in the island. All planters that had fruit to ship made big money last fall, some netting as high as \$15.00 per tree from trees that were planted three years and eight months ago.

The Isle of Pines grapefruit brought from 50 to 75 cents more per box in the states than the grapefruit that was raised in the states. Some of the fruit was so large that 36 would fill a box. The planters also made big money on their pineapples and some of the fruit that they shipped weighed as high as 12 to 15 pounds. We are told by expert citrus fruit growers that come from Florida and California that we raise the finest grapefruit and lemons in the world, and no one can beat us on oranges. We have a planter living near here that is making a big success on strawberries. He had some so large that only twenty strawberries would fill a quart box. We rise all kinds of vegetables down here that can be raised in the northern states and we have them twelve months in a year.

I just came in possession of a very valuable spring known as the Weyler spring. A good many people suffering from rheumatism have been cured by taking these baths. People that have been suffering for years and tried the baths in the states came down here and were entirely cured. Roses and other flowers are constantly blooming. Our climate is delightful and the water best in the world. I would be very glad to have you pay us a visit and I would certainly try and make it pleasant for you. With kindest regards to you and all the boys, I remain,

Yours very truly,
Wm. C. Schultz.

Mrs. Ridsdale is Safe.

Mrs. Katherine Ridsdale, who was the guest of Miss Lou Mansur in this city the past summer, and who has been teaching at Kingston, Jamaica, sent the first personal message to Milwaukee from the scene of the recent earthquake. The message was written on the back of an envelope containing a letter to Milwaukee friends.

Former Stevens Pointer to Talk.

Dr. H. E. Horton, a former prominent Stevens Pointer but now associated with the American Steel and Wire Co., at Waukegan, Ill., is on the program for an address before the Wisconsin Agricultural Experiment Association, whose sixth annual meeting will be held at agricultural hall, Madison, Thursday and Friday, Feb. 7 and 8. Dr. Horton will speak Thursday afternoon. A competitive grain display will be a feature of the annual meeting, and it is hoped that Portage county farmers may be among the exhibitors.

Natural Wealth of Arkansas.

A good geological survey of Arkansas, completed more than a dozen years ago, is the authority by which Guy B. Tucker, State Commissioner of Mines, Manufactures and Agriculture, shows in a recent bulletin that in mineral wealth Arkansas is among the richest states in the Union. Abundantly illustrated with charts and drawings, the results of this survey were published in some fifteen volumes, which are a valuable reference for prospectors and investors desiring to engage in mining and metal working of various kinds.

In the bulletin just issued by the Commissioner it is set forth that Arkansas has asphaltum enough to pave the streets of all the cities in America, the largest deposits of bauxine or aluminum clay in the world, 6,400,000 acres of high grade coal, both bituminous and semianthracite; 3,800,000 acres of iron ores, more than 1,000,000 acres of lead and zinc, inexhaustible beds of granite, mountains of white limestone, abundance of blue, black and red slate, besides plenty of kaolin, fuller's earth and other minerals.

In this bulletin nothing is said of the millions of acres of pine and hardwood timber which remain uncut in the virgin forests of Arkansas, which are supplying the material for large industries in carriage, wagon, furniture, stave and other manufactures of wood.

The soils of Arkansas grow almost everything that can be profitably cultivated anywhere in the United States—cotton, the cereals, fruits, vegetables, berries and grasses for forage. Navigable streams penetrate the state in nearly every direction and mountain streams supply power that may be used for hundreds of factories.

Nobody is booming Arkansas, but it is moving steadily forward. In all the elements of human happiness and prosperity it is one of the best states among the forty-six which we shall have when Oklahoma comes in.—St. Louis Republic.

Chance to Go to Annapolis.

An examination for a candidate from the Eighth congressional district of Wisconsin as a cadet in the United States naval academy at Annapolis, will be held at Oshkosh on April 6, by order of Congressman Jas. H. Davidson. There are a number of young men in this city who could undoubtedly qualify for the appointment if they made an effort to do so. Since the selection will be made entirely on the candidate's physical and mental ability, without personal or political influence or prejudice, all have an equal chance. The Gazette would be pleased to announce the name of a Stevens Point boy as chosen for such eligibility.



Most people know that if they have been sick they need **Scott's Emulsion** to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about **Scott's Emulsion** is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor.

And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

Big Bargain List of Pianos Free.

A list that is the largest that has ever been compiled, comprising fine pianos, has just been issued by Lyon & Healy. This list contains many Steinways, Webbers, Krakauers, Washburns, Sterlings, Huntingtons and other well known pianos. Moreover, the particulars of each instrument are given, so that the buyer may judge for himself whether or not the piano is a bargain.

This list will interest persons who want a good piano, for the reason that many of these instruments are slightly used in name only, that is, they have had exhibition use in show windows or have been used for brief periods in artists' studios.

The prices quoted are phenomenally low. Lyon & Healy are making a determined effort to close out several hundred instruments within the next 30 days, and the prices have been reduced very materially.

Send for a copy of this list. If you do not wish to pay all cash for a piano, you can arrange for monthly payments on a portion of the price. The only difference in the cost would be 6 per cent. on deferred payments. Address Lyon & Healy, 10 Adams street, Chicago.

Lyon & Healy exhibit the largest and most varied stock of pianos in the world—over 1,000 instruments.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. L. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

How to Cure Chilblains.

"To enjoy freedom from chilblains," writes John Kemk, East Otisfield, Me., "I apply Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Have also used it for salt rheum with excellent results." Guaranteed to cure fever sores, indolent ulcers, piles, burns, wounds, frost bites and skin diseases. 25 cents at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s.

For any disease of the skin we can recommend Chamberlain's Salve.

It relieves the itching and burning sensation instantly and soon effects a cure. This salve is also invaluable for sore nipples. Sold by H. D. McCulloch Co.

Hotel for Sale.

Good hotel property in Stevens Point for sale at a bargain. Well located and doing paying business. For information enquire at The Gazette office. w3

Croup can positively be stopped in 20 minutes.

No vomiting—nothing to sicken or distress your child. A sweet, pleasant and safe syrup, called Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure does the work and does it quickly. Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure is for croup alone, remember. It does not claim to cure a dozen ailments. It's for croup, that's all. Sold by all dealers.

Some of the professional politicians in New York who took enthusiastically to the stump for Gov. Hughes, are wondering now if they won't have to take to the woods.

Cured of Lung Trouble.

"It is now eleven years since I had a narrow escape from consumption," writes A. O. Floyd, a leading business man of Kershaw, S. C. "I had run down in weight to 135 pounds, and coughing was constant, both day and night. Finally I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and continued this for about six months, when my cough and lung trouble were entirely gone and I was restored to my normal weight, 170 pounds." Thousands of persons are healed every year. Guaranteed at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

Senator Beveridge proposes to help along the scheme for a popular edition of the congressional record by including a lot of illustrations with his next speech.

It is somewhat remarkable that the young senator should think anything necessary to popularize the record when it has one of his speeches in it.

The Right Name.

Mr. August Sherpe, the popular overseer of the poor, at Fort Madison, Ia., says: "Dr. King's New Life Pills are rightly named; they act more agreeably, do more good and make one feel better than any other laxative." Guaranteed to cure biliousness and constipation. 25 cents at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s.

Good Shingles.

Just received 150,000 best grade white pine shingles, practically all clear. Order at once before this excellent stock is exhausted. John Week Lumber Co. tf

10 Per Cent. Discount

Allowed on All Suits, Overcoats, Rain Coats and Extra Trousers, until further notice.

If you need anything in this line, you had better order NOW and SAVE MONEY.

I also have a few Ready-to-Wear Overcoats and Suits, which will be SOLD AT A BARGAIN.

AUG. GOERKE.

Location CITY HALL SQUARE MILWAUKEE

3 FOR 1

Every Room an Outside Room
Every Room a Telephone
Every Room Hot and Cold Running Water

Every day we serve a 50c Table d'Hote Breakfast, Dinner, and Supper. Club Breakfasts for 15c to 50c. Our rates are \$1 per day European Plan; with bath, \$1.50 to \$2.50. Many travelers from choice or necessity limit their hotel expenses to \$2 per day. Friends of ours and acquaintances so situated who know the superiority of our rooms, but have found it impossible heretofore to stop at the Hotel Blatz for \$2 per day (with three meals each day) have induced us to arrange a plan whereby all Hotel Blatz patrons can get three successive 50c meals for \$1, or two successive meals for 75c. This plan gives all our customers an opportunity of stopping at Hotel Blatz for \$2 per day including room and three meals. Waitresses in dining room.

Hotel Blatz Co., Prop. ERNST CLARENBACH, Pres. & Mgr.
JOHN J. SWEENEY, Asst. Mgr.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
OF PORTAGE COUNTY, WIS.
1906
ANNUAL MEETING

THIRD DAY.

THURSDAY, NOV. 15, 1906, 9 O'clock A. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.
The Assistant Clerk called the roll. All present.
Minutes of preceding day read and approved.
Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded that Supervisor Lukaszewig be added to Committee on County Poor. Motion carried.
The Committee on Settlement with County Officers, through its Chairman, Supervisor Ragan, to whom was referred the annual report of F. H. Timm, Clerk of Circuit Court, submitted the following report thereon, to-wit:
To the Honorable County Board of Supervisors of Portage County, Wis.
Gentlemen: I herewith submit my annual report for the fiscal year ending Oct. 31st, 1906, to-wit:

Have issued officers' and court certificates \$2,250.65
Jurors' certificates, November, 1905, term 358.74
Jurors' certificates, March, 1906, term 1,160.94
Witness certificates 149.32
Total amount of certificates drawn \$3,928.65

STATE TAX PAID COUNTY TREASURER ON CIVIL ACTIONS.

January 2, 1906. For quarter ending December 30, 1905 \$25.00
April 2, 1906. For quarter ending March 31, 1906 11.00
July 2, 1906. For quarter ending June 30, 1906 27.00
Oct. 2, 1906. For quarter ending September 30, 1906 14.00
Total \$77.00

FINES AND COSTS PAID COUNTY TREASURER.

May 18, 1906. State of Wisconsin vs. Frank Buza, et al. \$150.00
Damages 18.00
Costs 12.00
Total \$180.00
Oct. 19, 1906. Costs 12.00
Total \$180.00
Oct. 12, 1906. State of Wisconsin vs. Fred Hoffman. \$100.00
Fine 13.78
Costs 113.78
Total \$294.68

All of which is respectfully submitted.
Dated at Stevens Point, Wis., this 5th day of November, A. D., 1906.

F. H. TIMM,

Clerk of Circuit Court, Portage County, Wisconsin.

We, your Committee on Settlement with County Officers, respectfully report that we have compared the annexed report of F. H. Timm, Clerk of the Circuit Court, and find it correct in all its statements and items, and recommend that it be adopted as a settlement with such officers for the year ending Oct. 31, 1906.

Dated Nov. 14th, 1906.

WM. H. RAGAN,
MIKE KLICK,
D. L. HUNTER,
CHAS. DAKE,
F. L. DILLE,

Committee.

Moved by Supervisor Lukaszewig and seconded that the report of the committee be adopted. Motion carried.

Clerk read report of County Treasurer Ben Halverson and same was referred to Committee on Settlement with County Officers.

Clerk read report of County Treasurer Ben Halverson on uncollectable personal property tax. Referred to Ways and Means Committee.

Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded that Board adjourn until 1:30 o'clock P. M. Carried.

THURSDAY, NOV. 15, 1906, 1:30 P. M.

Board reconvened pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.

Clerk called the roll, all members present.

Clerk read petitions No. 1 to 10 inclusive, for appropriations to improve highways. Referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

Clerk read report of Game Warden Benj. Flemming. Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded that the report be adopted. Motion carried.

Clerk read resolution of Supervisor Carpenter for the appointment of committee to confer with representatives of the adding machine companies. Moved by Supervisor Clark and seconded that the resolution be adopted, and that the Chair appoint a committee of three to investigate the merits of machines now on trial in the county offices. Motion carried.

Chair deferred appointment of such committee until tomorrow morning.

The following statement of the County Clerk was at this time distributed among the members of the County Board:

STEVENS POINT, WIS., OCT. 1, 1906.

STATEMENT

Of real estate sold in the County of Portage for the year ending Sept. 1, 1906, showing the total number of acres and platted lots in each town, city or village, so sold, with the consideration and assessed value in total, as required by Section 1007, of the Statutes of 1898:

Towns, City and Villages	No.	LANDS		CITY AND VILLAGE LOTS		Totals
		Assessed Value	Consideration	Assessed Value	Consideration	
Allan	5	\$ 21,220	\$ 27,042	\$ 2,580	\$ 4,075	\$ 24,800
Almond	1293	25,180	30,310	7,055	11,470	32,230
Almond Village	1040	23,075	27,250	9,185	13,335	32,210
Amherst	1012	28,005	37,250	7,700	12,890	35,705
Amherst Village	2876	45,013	45,013	11,470	11,470	56,483
Belmont	2258	21,825	21,825	12,890	12,890	34,715
Belmont Village	1777	17,700	17,700	11,470	11,470	29,170
Carson	3070	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Carson Village	1188	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Eau Claire	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Eau Claire Village	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Hull	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Hull Village	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Lanark	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Lanark Village	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
New Hope	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
New Hope Village	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Plover	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Plover Village	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Sharon	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Sharon Village	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Stockton	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
Stockton Village	1220	11,800	11,800	11,470	11,470	23,270
City of Stevens Point	142	81,084	81,084	61,600	61,600	142,684
Totals	298	92,013	92,013	130,107	130,107	222,120

A. E. BOURN, County Clerk.

Moved by Supervisor Dake, and seconded, that Board adjourn until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. Motion carried.

FOURTH DAY.

FRIDAY, NOV. 16, 1906, 9 O'clock A. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.

Clerk called roll, all members present.

Minutes of preceding day read and approved.

Supervisor Lukaszewig introduced a resolution regarding appropriations for roads and bridges. Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded to lay said resolution over until Monday, Nov. 19, 1906. Carried.

Supervisor Ragan submitted the following report of the Committee on Settlement with County Officers upon the annual report of the Soldiers' Relief Commission.

To the Hon. Chairman and Members of the County Board.
Gentlemen: We, your Committee on Settlement with County Officers, would respectfully report that we have carefully compared the annexed report of the Soldiers' Relief Commission with the County Clerk's and the County Treasurer's books and find it correct in all its items, and respectfully recommend its adoption.

And we would also recommend that one-twentieth (1-20) of one mill be levied upon the value of the taxable property in the County as per Section 1220 of the Statutes of 1898 as amended by Chapter No. 221, of the Laws of 1905 as a fund for said commission for the ensuing fiscal year.

Dated Nov. 15th, 1906.

WM. H. RAGAN,
MIKE KLICK,
D. L. HUNTER,
CHAS. DAKE,
F. L. DILLE,

Committee

The following is the report of the Soldiers' Relief Commission, as referred to in the committee report:
The Soldiers' Relief Commission beg leave to make their annual report for the year ending October 31, 1906. We have added the following named persons to the amounts set opposite their names:

Mr. H. Hutchinson, City.....	\$10.00
Mrs. Halver Hanson, New Hope.....	15.00
Mr. Nat. Shannon, Linwood.....	15.00
Mrs. Naoma Field, Carson.....	45.00
Francis Willard, City.....	5.00
Mrs. Wm. Skillings, Buena Vista.....	30.00
Mrs. Demarius Mead, Lanark.....	65.00
Mr. Charles Shannon, City.....	15.00
Mrs. Mary Ann Fitzmorris, City.....	30.00
Mr. J. P. Chapman, City.....	45.00
Mr. Ben. Fleming, Amherst.....	20.00
Mr. Wm. Frazier, Buena Vista.....	10.00
Mr. John Malason, City.....	35.00
Mr. T. E. Thorp, City.....	10.00
Mr. S. D. Clark for Isaiah Uphagrove.....	19.00

Total \$369.00

RECAPITULATION.

Cash on hand at beginning of the year..... \$174.15
Amount appropriated 300.00
Total \$474.15

Amount expended 309.00
Cash on hand 165.15

We would recommend that your Honorable Body appropriate 1-20 of a mill on the dollar of the taxable property of Portage County for the use of this fund for the ensuing year.

H. H. HOFFMAN, Chairman.
S. D. CLARK, Secretary.
A. B. REDFIELD.

Moved by Supervisor Playman and seconded that report be adopted. Motion carried.

John L. Karnopp, County Superintendent of Schools, submitted his annual report as follows:

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors:—Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit, herewith, my second annual report as County Superintendent of Schools. I shall in this report endeavor to show the merits and defects of our schools, and make such comments and recommendations as in my judgment should be made. In calling the attention of the school boards to certain conditions that our schools should be in, I aim to recommend only the very necessary improvements. What school boards should consider at all times is how to give the girls and boys of this county the very best common school education for the very least money; in other words, how to conduct the schools on the same business principles that prevail in the successful management of farms and business enterprises.

STATISTICS.

The County Superintendent has under his supervision one hundred and thirty-one teachers, and school was maintained in 116 districts. Four year high schools were maintained in the villages of Almond and Amherst; graded schools were maintained in Plover, Junction City and Amherst Junction. This leaves a total of one hundred and eleven district schools maintained during the year.

The following table shows the total number of schools in each town and also the number of schools that were maintained for a term of seven, eight and nine months during the year:

	7mo.	8mo.	9mo.	Total
Alban	6	3	2	7
Almond	2	0	1	1
Almond Village	0	0	1	1
Amherst	2	3	2	7
Amherst Village	0	0	1	1
Belmont	5	2	0	7
Buena Vista	3	4	2	10
Carson	4	1	0	5
Dewey	4	2	1	6
Eau Claire	3	0	0	4
Grant	4	1	1	5
Hull	3	1	2	6
Lanark	1	3	1	5
Linwood	3	1	0	4
New Hope	3	1	0	4
New Hope Village	0	2	3	5
Pine Grove	1	2	5	8
Plover	1	4	1	6
Sharon	3	5	2	13
Stockton	6	5	2	13
Total	53	36	27	116

Deducting the two high schools and the three state graded schools from the 9 months column, it will show that there were only 22 common school districts that maintained school nine months during year, or about 20 per cent. Nearly 50 per cent. of our common schools maintained school for seven months, which is the minimum allowed by law.

It appears there is food for thought in the above table. Think it over and see whether your district is doing the best it can.

THE COUNTY RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR

From money on hand June 30, 1905..... \$38,721.94
From taxes levied at district meeting..... 15,900.42
From taxes levied at town meeting..... 536.02
From taxes levied by County Board..... 16,129.94
From taxes levied by school fund income..... 17,190.35

[Continued on Sixth page.]

If You Read This

It will be to learn that the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung disease (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherry bark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root—all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley, of Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

"The Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine known for sale through druggists for medicinal purposes that has any such positive endorsement—worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous, harmful or habit-forming drugs and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful agent in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is as safe and reliable. A booklet of extracts from eminent medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed free on request. Address Dr. B. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Jamaican Lady Speaks Highly of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Mrs. Michael Hart, wife of the superintendent of Cart Service at Kingston, Jamaica, West Indies Islands, says that she has for some years used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, croup and whooping cough and has found it very beneficial. She has implicit confidence in it and would not be without a bottle of it in her home. Sold by H. D. McCulloch Co.

Senators Foraker and Tillman seem to be in thorough accord, but they are not in accord exactly the same way.

C. Krembs & Bro., Established in 1863.

At their store on public square you will always find a full stock of general hardware, tinware, stoves, ranges, lawnmowers, plows, cultivators, pumps, ropes, fence wire, mill supplies of all descriptions, etc. All orders for roofing and other tin and sheet iron work promptly executed. Also agents for the celebrated Round Oak furnace. If

It is to be hoped for Mr. Harriman's ease of mind that he does not believe all the things that are printed about him.

Piles get quick relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Remember it's made alone for piles—and it works with certainty and satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Try it and see! All dealers.

It must be heartrending for the President to have invitations to deliver more speeches than he can possibly have time to accept.

Wise Counsel From the South

"I want to give some valuable advice to those who suffer with lame back and kidney trouble," says J. R. Blankenship, of Beck, Tenn. "I have proved to an absolute certainty that Electric Bitters will positively cure this distressing condition. The first bottle gave me great relief and after taking a few more bottles, I was completely cured; so completely that it becomes a pleasure to recommend this great remedy." Sold under guarantee at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s. Price 50 cents.

About the only person in the northwest who seems to persistently discredit the reports of a fuel famine, is Mr. James J. Hill.

GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, blind, bleeding, protruding piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

In order to keep the records straight, Russian officials now file their laudatory obituary notice along with their application papers in the appointment division.

To stop a cold with "Preventics" is safer than to let it run and cure it afterwards. Taken at the "sneeze stage," Preventics will head off all colds and grippe, and perhaps save you from pneumonia or bronchitis. Preventics are little toothsome candy cold cure tablets selling in 5 cent and 25 cent boxes. If you are chilly, if you begin to sneeze, try Preventics. They will surely check the cold, and please you. Sold by all dealers.

It is announced that one of the scientists of the Geological survey by distilling lime and quicksilver together managed to obtain quick-lime and free silver. Col. Bryan ought to look into this.

If you are constipated, dull, or bilious, or have a sallow lifeless complexion, try Lax-ets once to see what they will do for you. Lax-ets are little toothsome candy tablets—nice to eat, nice in effect. No griping, no pain. Just a gentle laxative effect that is pleasantly desirable. Handy for the vest pocket or purse. Lax-ets meet every desire. Lax-ets come to you in beautiful lithographed metal boxes at 5 cents and 25 cents. Sold by all dealers.

Jack Pine Wanted.

The undersigned company is now prepared to receive jack pine to be used as pulp wood. For further information enquire at the mill. Wisconsin River Paper & Pulp Co.

Thousands Have Kidney

Trouble and Never Suspect It.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What To Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention this paper and don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y.

Cut this out and take it to H. D. McCulloch Co.'s drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. These tablets are far superior to pills, being easier to take and more pleasant in effect. They correct disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Business and Residence Property.

Mrs. Chas. Haackel offers for sale her business and residence property at 1236 Church street. Two lots with good house and store building thereon. Will also sell stock of groceries. Any one wishing to buy an established business will find a bargain here. Enquire on premises.

It will be noticed that one of the recent presidential nominations for postmaster at Pikeville, Ky., was Offa Stump. He probably got his job as a reward for having been on a stump.

It's a pleasure to tell our readers about a cough cure like Dr. Shoop's. For years Dr. Shoop has fought against the use of opium, chloroform or other unsafe ingredients commonly found in cough remedies. Dr. Shoop, it seems, has welcomed the pure food and drug law recently enacted, for he has worked along similar lines many years. For nearly 20 years Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure contains have had a warning printed on them against opium and other narcotic poisons. He has thus made it possible for mothers to protect their children by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. Sold by all dealers.

Two widows have now appeared to claim the remains of the man who threw that bomb into the Philadelphia bank. According to all accounts of the disaster, there will be hardly enough remains to go around.

Danderine

GREW MISS LEWIS' HAIR

AND WE CAN

PROVE IT

The Great Danderine Never Fails to Produce the Desired Results

MISS Lewis' hair was very thin and it was less than two feet in length when she began using Danderine. She says her hair and scalp are now fairly teeming with new life and vigor. That's the main secret of this great remedy's success as a hair grower. It enlivens, invigorates and fairly electrifies the hair glands and tissues of the scalp, causing unusual and unheard-of activity on the part of these two most important organs, resulting in a strenuous and continuous growth of the hair.

The following is a reproduction of Miss Lewis' last letter:

January 3, 1905.

Dear Doctor Knowlton:—

You know I told you in my first letter that my hair would not reach much below my shoulders, and that all of it together only made one tiny braid.

I am sending you my photograph, which I had taken at Stevens Gros. It tells the whole story better than I can tell it.

Everybody I know is using Danderine, so you see I am doing something to show my appreciation.

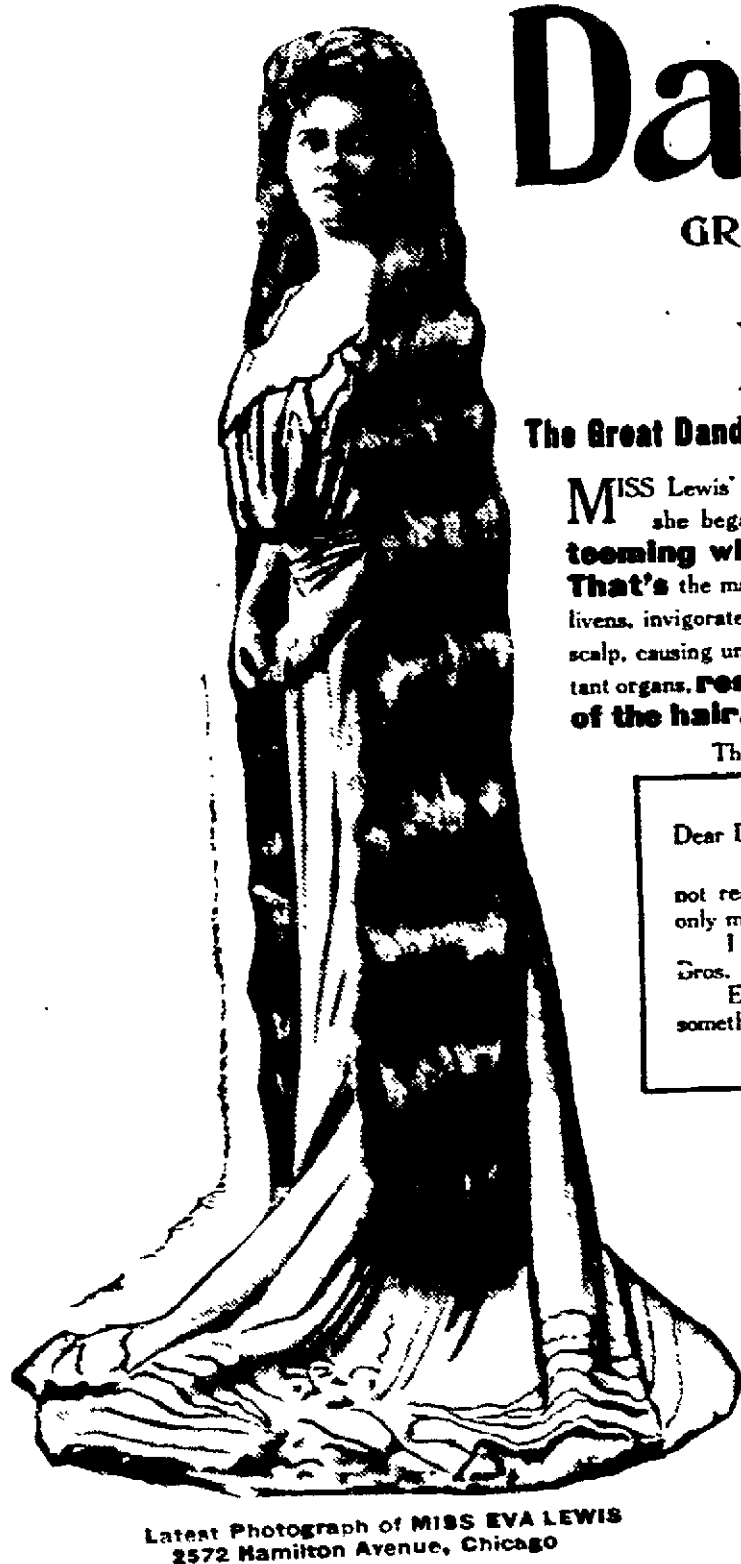
Sincerely yours, (Miss) EVA LEWIS.

Danderine makes the scalp healthy and fertile and keeps it so. It is the greatest scalp fertilizer and therefore the greatest hair-producing remedy the world has ever known. It is a natural food and a wholesome medicine for both the hair and scalp. Even a 25c bottle of it will put more genuine life in your hair than a gallon of any other hair tonic ever made. It shows results from the very start.

NOW at all druggists in three sizes.

25 cents, 50 cents and \$1. per bottle

FREE. To show how quickly Danderine acts we will send a large sample free by return mail to any one who sends this advertisement to the Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago, with their name and address and 10 cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.



Latest Photograph of MISS EVA LEWIS
2572 Hamilton Avenue, Chicago

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. E. H. Linn
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, on every box, 25c.

By ED. D. GLENNON

SEMI-WEEKLY. \$2.00 PER ANNUM

Entered at the Stevens Point Postoffice as second class mail matter. Published every Wednesday at 115 Main street. Extra copies of The Gazette may be secured at this office, at French, Campbell & Co.'s and at W. H. Skinner's stores.

SOUTH SIDE AND RAILROAD.

Personal and News Items of More or Less Importance to Readers of The Gazette.

Margery, the little daughter of R. A. Oberlatz and wife, entertained a dozen of her little friends, Saturday afternoon, the event being the celebration of her third birthday.

Mrs. Eugene Tack was called to Fond du Lac, Saturday evening, by a message announcing the serious illness of her son, Walter Tack, who has been employed there for the past several months. He is threatened with pneumonia.

George Urban of Stevens Point was here the first of the week to supervise the shipment of several car loads of lumber from the Timm saw mill. The lumber, however, had not been delivered, and Mr. Urban was obliged to return without making the shipment. — Mellen Times.

Most of the young men from this city who are employed by the Wisconsin Central at Fond du Lac, spent Saturday and Monday at their respective homes here, the shops at that place being closed down during those two days. No definite reason was announced by the company, but it is thought that a general cleaning up was made by a few of the men. All employees were to work Tuesday morning.

S. Cornelius left this morning for Racine to attend the funeral of his father, S. Cornelius, Sr., who passed away Tuesday morning at 2 o'clock after several weeks' illness with Bright's disease. Mr. Cornelius was 77 years of age and a prominent resident of Racine. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon. The son had been at Racine with his father during the past week, returning home Monday afternoon, at which time the patient seemed better, but the change came suddenly.

High School Athletes to Compete.

The dates chosen for the state basketball championship, which is to be held under the auspices of Lawrence University, at Appleton, in the spring, are April 4, 5 and 6. A greater number of high schools will be represented this year than ever before, and the champions of the tournament will undoubtedly be a splendid bunch of players. The Northeastern inter-scholastic track and field meet will take place on May 13, also at Appleton. The state meet will take place at Madison on May 25. The local high school will be represented at all three of these athletic events, and though several points are to be secured in the track and field events, the locals will, it is expected, make their best showing at the basketball tournament.

Maliciously Uses Horse Whip.

Myron, the 14 year old son of C. H. Grant, of this city, was painfully injured while "catching on" bobs with several other companions, Thursday afternoon. While at the South Side, on Division street, the boys jumped aboard a sleigh owned and driven by John Gawin, who resides northeast of the city, on the Jordan road. Myron was sitting with his back turned to the driver, when the latter suddenly turned around and swinging his whip with all his strength, struck the boy in the face. The strong whip cord tore the flesh on the boy's cheek, leaving a long deep and wide gash. It is feared there may be a permanent scar.

The arrest of Gawin was caused by the boy's father the next day, and he was arraigned in Justice Park's court and pleaded guilty, stating that he had used the whip after warning the boys to "keep off." The boys who were with Myron at the time, state that they did not hear the driver say anything at all to them and that he used his whip after the boys had been riding for some distance. Gawin was fined \$10 and costs, amounting in all to \$15.83, which he paid.

NEW ELKS CLUB ROOMS.

Local Lodge of Elks Will Be Located in Kingsbury Building by March 1—Changes in Apartments.

What formerly constituted the city council rooms on the second floor of the Kingsbury building, has been secured on a five year lease by the local lodge of Elks, and the floor space is now being arranged into a suite of rooms that would please the fancy of the most fashionable clubman. The three rooms in the front portion, formerly occupied as offices, will remain as they are, the first one on the east side to be used for a card room. The middle space is to be turned into a parlor, and will be elaborately furnished as such, while the room adjoining on the west will be occupied as a secretary's office. The space on the north has been divided into seven separate apartments surrounding a spacious hallway. At the right follow in succession a large billiard and pool room, a kitchen and smaller apartments, and also the lodge room. At the left is a waiting room, a ladies' and also a gents' toilet, and a ladies' dressing room. The rear is devoted to the ball room, with a large floor space. All the apartments will be well furnished, while in the general fitting up, whatever adds to comfort and convenience will not be slighted. The decorations will be simple, yet with a touch for the pleasing and artistic. A sky-light will add an air of cheerfulness to the interior of the smaller rooms.

S. W. Carley has the carpenter work done. The plans for the interior decorations were prepared by J. P. Carley of Watons. The plastering will be done by Frank Roberts and the electric wiring is being installed by the Stevens Point Lighting Co. The new barroom will be made by occupying the March 1st.

Articles and Items of News That Appeared in the Columns of The Gazette, Quarter of a Century Ago Today.

Sheriff Finch last week appointed Benj. Fleming, of Amherst, one of his deputies.

Mrs. Henry Blodgett died at her home in the town of Eau Claire, last Thursday, Jan. 25th, aged 25 years.

They are having a serious time with the measles at Amherst Junction. Twenty-five cases were reported last Saturday.

David Welch, a son of John Welch, supervisor of the town of Hull, had his arm and leg broken last week, while at work for Mr. Kennedy near Chelsfield.

Guiteau, who shot Pres. Garfield, was last Wednesday afternoon found guilty by a jury who have been listening to the evidence offered for the past ten weeks.

The heaviest snow fall of the season occurred last Thursday afternoon, when the mercury went up to 30 degrees above zero, and the snow came down 8 inches above earth.

At the meeting of the Library Association, held last Friday evening, Miss Julia Curran and Frank Lamoureux read selections and Mr. and Mrs. Buckingham and Miss Eliza Lee furnished music.

A. F. Wyatt, who now holds the position of clerk of the circuit court, has been appointed agent here for the Green Bay Stevens Point and Northern R. R. Frank B. Lamoureux, deputy clerk, will have charge of the clerk's office.

Sidney McMillan and Paul Browne were admitted to the bar last week. Both of the young men have many friends in this city. Sid being a Portage county boy, his parents residing in the town of Stockton, and Paul is a son of Hon. E. L. Browne of Waupaca.

The Wisconsin Central R. R. Co. have paid about \$260 taxes on lands belonging to them in Portage county this year. Of this amount \$170 was paid into the treasury of the town of Grant, and the balance for land lying in the towns of Carson, Eau Claire, Stevens Point, Sharon, Hull and Lincoln.

In relation to the new wagon road to be laid out between this city and Grand Rapids. The Reporter of the latter place, says: "For the past week the work has progressed and is now surveyed to the county line. They are now awaiting the movements of the Portage county commissioners for further work. The new survey will open the old road opposite Rocheleau's farm, which was closed by Mr. Horton, who owns the land on either side. This new line, however, will make a more direct road, cutting through the land, thereby saving a distance of one-quarter mile. This highway above Meehan's mill will shorten the distance to the Point at least four miles. The principal projectors of this road are Jas. McGrath, Meehan Bros. and Geo. W. Hungerford. Wm. Scott, surveyor, and L. E. Hitchcock have done most of the work in laying out the road."

At ten minutes to one o'clock last Wednesday afternoon a serious explosion occurred at the foundry of R. A. Cook & Co., at the foot of Main street, caused undoubtedly by a scarcity of water in the boiler. This was not through the carelessness of the fireman, as he claims the gauge showed a great plenty of water, but as results proved otherwise, there is only one conclusion to be drawn, and that is that the gauge became stopped up while full of water. The explosion caused brick, mortar and iron to be strewn in all directions, and the engine and blacksmith shop were entirely demolished, and the rear portion of the machine shop was badly wrecked. The escape of the fireman, John Sour, from instant death was little short of a miracle, as he was next to the engine and not more than four feet away from the boiler when the explosion occurred. He was entirely covered with brick and stone, quite badly bruised and somewhat scalded about his hands and face, but no bones were broken. The rear end of the boiler was thrown some 20 feet high toward the front of the building, crushing in the side of the McLean warehouse. The larger piece, weighing nearly 3,000 pounds, was thrown 150 feet west, striking under the slough bridge. It was fortunate that the accident did not occur later, when the men were at work. Geo. Packard, R. Dauber, Geo. Cook, Jas. Glennon, Dan Rattey and Herman Krembs were in the office at the time, but none of these were injured except Mr. Dauber, who jumped through a window and cut his hand quite badly. To the proprietors, R. A. Cook and Geo. A. Packard, this is a crushing blow, as their order books show a month's work under contract.

Notes From the Hospital.

George Slutts, who has been a patient at Mercy Hospital for several weeks, is now gradually gaining and there is every prospect that he will be among his playmates again, but not for several weeks.

Chris Weidemeyer, a tailor who has been in the employ of Oberlatz Bros. for the past year, is quite sick with pneumonia, having been in the hospital since last Friday. A son and also a nephew of the patient, Henry Erdmann, arrived here from Sturgeon Bay last night. Mr. Weidemeyer is about 60 years of age.

Loan Association Officers.

The directors of the Stevens Point Savings & Loan Association met in annual meeting Monday evening, at which time officers for the year were chosen as follows:

President—A. R. Week.
Vice Pres.—E. D. Glennon.
Secretary—V. P. Atwell.
Treasurer—J. P. Malick.

Ashland Oil Company.

At the annual meeting of the Ashland Oil Co., held Friday evening in the office of Park & Carpenter, the following officers were elected:

Pres.—B. B. Park.
Vice Pres.—J. L. Walker.
Secretary—D. E. Frost.
Treas.—David Harlow, Milwaukee.
Field Manager—J. L. Walker.
Directors—B. B. Park, D. E. Frost, C. E. Edwards, J. L. Walker and David Harlow.

F. K. Kelley and Harry Ducat, of Milwaukee, were at the meeting, representing the interests of Milwaukee stockholders in the company.

Early Settlers of This County Succumb to Fatal Disease in Their Old Age—Deaths at Fond du Lac.

MRS. DOROTHY AMELIA ANSCHUTZ.

Mrs. Dorothy Amelia Anschutz, one of the first surviving Portage county pioneers, passed away at the home of her daughter, Miss Adelaide Anschutz, 403 North Second street, at 10:45 Saturday evening, after being confined to her bed for several months as the result of general debility, incident to old age. The immediate cause of death, however, was an attack of lagrippe, with which she had suffered for several weeks prior to her death.

Miss Dorothy March, as the aged lady was known during the early part of her life, was born nearly seventy-five years ago, on July 18, 1832, in Berlin, the capital of Germany. When a young lady, 24 years of age, she came with her parents to America, the family settling at Watertown, this state. In the fall of the same year, 1856, she was married at Watertown to August W. Anschutz, with whom, in 1861, she came to this city to make her permanent home. They took up their residence at 403 North Second street over forty-five years ago. Mr. Anschutz was engaged in business in the Fourth ward, he for many years having operated a gun shop in a building adjoining his home, which was one of the first buildings erected in that locality. With only a few alterations the house still stands as originally constructed. Mr. Anschutz was also engaged in the general merchandise business in company with the late P. H. Quinn for several years. He passed away in 1876 and since then the old home has been in charge of the oldest daughter, Miss Adelaide, with whom the aged mother has always remained. Before coming to Stevens Point, Mr. and Mrs. Anschutz lived for short periods at Baraboo and Madison.

Deceased is survived by three children and one brother. The former are Miss Adelaide of this city, Ernest W. Anschutz of Medford, and Arthur who has been in Alaska during the past summer, and whose present whereabouts have not yet been made known to relatives here. The brother is William March of Watertown.

The funeral was held from the home on North Second street, at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Rev. M. N. Ray, of the Episcopal church, officiating. Interment took place in Forest cemetery. The pallbearers were Alex. Bandow, J. R. McDonald, Emil Peickert, Jos. Scheffner, F. A. Degen and Louis Port.

Among those who attended the funeral were the children of William March, of Watertown, and the son and family, of Medford.

Though of a retiring disposition, Mrs. Anschutz was a loveable and noble woman. Until about a year ago, when hindered by a general breakdown, she took an active part in attending to domestic duties and also busied herself daily each season in caring for her flower garden, of which she was justly proud. In this latter respect, the aged lady was especially well known. Her garden was the most beautiful in the city and many admired her collection of rare and pretty varieties of outdoor plants. Those left to mourn have the sympathy of the community.

MRS. ANNA KLUCK.

After an illness of only five days with pneumonia, Mrs. Anna Kluck, more commonly known among her acquaintances by the name of Mrs. Kluczykowski, passed away at 6 o'clock Monday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Firkus, 664 Prentice street. The aged lady had, until about two years ago, been making her home with her son, Frank Kluck, in Sharon, but at her request spent the latter portion of her life in this city with the daughter.

Mrs. Kluck was born on June 29, 1826, at Barenth, province of Baden, Germany, and was therefore nearly 81 years of age. She married John Kluck in her native town in the year 1852. Mr. Kluck was a wealthy land owner in Germany and continued to make that country his home until 1857, when with his wife and three children he came to America. The family first settled in Milwaukee, where they remained for three years, coming to this county forty-seven years ago, at which time they established their home on a farm in Polonia. Mr. Kluck passed away there on Nov. 19, 1887, and since then Mrs. Kluck had made her home with her son, Frank in Sharon. The surviving children are seven in number, including two daughters and five sons. They are Mrs. Mary Firkus of this city, Mrs. Anna Grachelski of Polonia, John Kluck of Ironwood, Frank, Joseph M. and Alexander Kluck of Custer, and Peter Kluck, who has been somewhere in Canada during the past year. Among the numerous posterity of the aged lady are numbered 58 grandchildren and 34 great grandchildren.

The funeral will be held at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning from St. Peter's church in this city, Rev. L. Stefaniak officiating. The remains will then be taken to Polonia for interment. Rev. T. Malkowski will have charge of the ceremonies at the grave.

All children will be present at the funeral, except three of the sons, two of whom are seriously ill at their respective homes.

RICHARD DENSCH.

Richard Densch, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Densch, formerly of this city, passed away at the family home, 246 North Main street, Fond du Lac, at 3 o'clock Sunday morning, after about a month's illness with pneumonia. The young man had always been rather frail and weak and that he should have withstood the disease as long as he did was a surprise to his physicians.

Richard was born May 7th, 1869, in the province of Posen, Germany, from where at the age of 2 years he left with his parents for America. The family settled in Stevens Point shortly after their arrival in this country and continued to make their home here at the corner of Strong's avenue and Shanrette streets until 2 years ago, when Mr. and Mrs. Densch left for Fond du Lac, Richard accompanying them. He had been employed here and at Fond du Lac in watch repairing, at which he was quite skillful.

Besides his parents those who mourn his death are two brothers and a sister, Emil Densch, who has been at St. Louis, but who will now make Fond du Lac his home; Charles, of Carson, and

Miss Emma Densch, of Fond du Lac. The remains of the deceased were brought to this city on train No. 1 this morning, the funeral services having been held at the family home in Fond du Lac at 7 o'clock last evening. From the depot, the body was removed to St. Paul's German Lutheran church, where the last rites were in charge of Rev. Carl Schmidt. Interment took place in Forest cemetery. The pallbearers were Jos. Schwebach, Charles Hodel, Oscar Nelson and John Halverson. All the relatives mentioned above were present at the funeral.

PATRICK SAVAGE.

Patrick Savage, a former resident of this city, died suddenly at his home at North Fond du Lac, last Friday, death being due to heart failure. For a number of years Mr. Savage had been afflicted with locomotor ataxia, but was able to be about nearly all the time. Since leaving here a few years ago he was engaged in business at North Fond du Lac. Friday morning he was suddenly taken ill, and despite everything possible was done by attending physicians, he passed away during the day.

Mr. Savage was a native of Canada, about fifty years of age, and during his residence in Stevens Point was married to Miss Nellie Pendergast, daughter of Mrs. Catherine Pendergast, whose home is on Water street, and who survives him. His mother and five sisters are also left to mourn. The funeral was held at North Fond du Lac yesterday, the services being held at the Catholic church, Rev. Father Collins officiating.

Married at Oshkosh.

William Hodge, son of A. E. Hodge of this city, and Miss Blanche Edwards of Oshkosh, were married at 8 o'clock last Wednesday evening at the home of the bride, 90 Merritt street, Rev. Hammett of the Methodist church officiating. The attendants were Miss Lucille Martin and Rudy Flueter. Mr. Hodge has been at Oshkosh during the past two years, during which time he has been employed with the Reliance boiler works. Among those who attended the wedding from here were the groom's mother and sister.

Of National Interest.

Quite a number of our local people are planning to take in the national ski tournament at Ashland on February 7 and 8. The American record of 106 feet for jumping on skis will probably be broken. There will be thousands of visitors in Ashland on this occasion. The people who attend will not be sorry. A rate of a fare and a third has been granted for this occasion.

Whether a boy is from farm or city, rich or poor, weak or strong, talented or not, will and work are sure to win. Wishes fail, but wills prevail. Labor is luck.—WILBER F. GRAFTS.

Croup can positively be stopped in 20 minutes. No vomiting nothing to sicken or distress your child. A sweet, pleasant and safe syrup, called Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure does the work and does it quickly. Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure is for croup alone, remember. It does not claim to cure a dozen ailments. It's for croup, that's all. Sold by all dealers.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

3001.

Report of the Condition

The First National Bank

At Stevens Point,

In the State of Wisconsin, at the close of business Jan. 28th, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....\$401,735.13
Municipal Bonds at par.....174,722.11
U. S. Bonds at par.....65,000.00
Real Estate and Fixtures.....17,825.00
Cash on hand and in Banks.....113,551.32
Due from U. S. Treasurer.....2,500.00
Total.....\$773,333.59

LIABILITIES.

Capital.....\$50,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits.....31,141.74
Circulating notes.....50,000.00
Deposits.....614,191.85
Total.....\$775,333.59

State of Wisconsin, County of Portage, ss.
I, J. W. Dunegan, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. W. DUNEGAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of January, 1907.
W. B. BUCKINGHAM, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:
A. R. WEEK,
C. D. McFARLAND,
P. J. JACOBS, } Directors.

1912.
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Citizens National Bank

at Stevens Point,

In the State of Wisconsin, at the close of business, January 28, 1907.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts.....\$360,939.41
Overdrafts secured and unsecured.....970.52
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation.....50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds.....1,750.00
Bonds, securities, etc.....7,000.00
Banking house, furniture & fixtures, Due from National Banks (not Reserve Assets).....27,500.00
Due from state banks and bankers.....11,415.89
Due from approved reserve agents.....8,158.88
Checks and other cash items.....60,924.51
Notes of other National Banks.....1,050.00
Frac. paper currency, nickels, cents.....281.06
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie.....17,790.76
Legal-tender notes.....24,099.70
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation).....2,300.00
Total.....\$559,067.97

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....\$100,000.00
Surplus fund.....13,200.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....5,728.00
National Bank notes outstanding.....50,000.00
Due to State Banks and bankers.....6,031.43
Dividends unpaid.....120.00
Individual deposits subject to check.....231,779.29
Demand certificates of deposit.....7,370.33
Time certificates of deposit.....138,778.22
Certified checks.....200.00
Reserved for taxes.....4,444.70
Total.....\$559,067.97

STATE OF WISCONSIN, }
County of Portage, ss.

I, R. B. Johnson, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. B. JOHNSON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of Jan., 1907.
T. L. N. FORT,
Notary Public.

My commission expires May 8, 1909.

DRESS GOODS

January and
February
Sales

of Merchandise of High Character.

THE HIGH CHARACTER of the merchandise represented in our great January and February Sales, with splendid assortments of high class goods, specially priced for this occasion, gives to these sales a distinctive interest and causes them to appeal strongly to all who require the best, as well as to those who appreciate the opportunity for practicing real economy.

Splendid values in Men's, Boys' and Children's Overcoats, Suits, Caps and Shoes; Lumbermen's Rubbers and Men's Fur Coats. We also have a nice line of Fur Robes, which has been reduced to a low price.

Blankets have dropped in price. We have marked 20 per cent. off our regular prices. All grades are represented—from the inexpensive wool and cotton mixed to the fine all wool in white, gray, tan and fancy blankets, in all regular sizes. Sale of blankets will last until February 16th. Now is the time to buy blankets to keep you warm.

Low Prices on Ladies' Wool Skirts, Fur Jackets, Scarfs and Muffs, Shoes, and Misses' and Children's Fur Sets, Cloth Boots and Shoes.

Flannelettes for Ladies' dresses and waists have been reduced.

We have gone over Dress Goods department and find that we have quite a number of Remnants and we have put a low price on them.

New SPRING GOODS arriving daily.

We carry Stork Waterproof Sheetings, Child's Bibs and Lants.

Andrae & Shaffer Co.

SHOE

The Gazette.
WEDNESDAY, JAN. 30, 1907.
OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

D. I. Sichelsteel spent Monday at Milwaukee on business.

Rev. M. N. Ray spent a few hours of Monday at Fond du Lac.

Special cuts every day on odd lots of goods at Jacobson's until everything is gone.

Dry hard maple wood, four foot long, for sale. Call or telephone to Myers Hotel, city.

Duplicate whist score cards, neatly printed on heavy cardboard, for sale at this office.

Miss May Wakefield is visiting her sister, Miss Daisy, at Wausau, and with friends at Merrill.

Mrs. John Britz and daughter, of Stockton, were visitors to this city, last Wednesday afternoon.

Frank Bronk, at Custer, has finished building a new feed mill and will grind on Thursday of each week.

Fred J. Blake went to Milwaukee yesterday afternoon on a business trip for the John Rice Foundry and Machine Works.

Theo. Rykoski and wife, who live at the east end of Ellis street, were presented with a baby girl last Monday morning.

A client has left with me \$3,000 to be loaned in sums to suit on farm property. First mortgage security. C. D. McFarland.

J. M. Lammy spent Monday at Auburndale, where he transacted business and attended to some unfinished electrical work.

Geo. Isherwood, one of the wide-awake young farmers of the town of Plover, was a caller at The Gazette office last Wednesday afternoon.

The "White Eagles" entertained a number of lady and gentleman friends at an informal dancing party, given Tuesday evening at the Eintrachts hall.

Prof. F. S. Hyer, institute conductor at the Normal, will spend next Saturday at Medford, where an institute will be held for the benefit of Taylor county teachers.

M. B. Wolding, treasurer of the town of Alban, paid the county treasurer the sum of \$997.40, Tuesday, being the amount due from his town for state tax.

Mrs. R. H. Weller and three children left Monday morning for a two months' visit with relatives at Jacksonville and Live Oak, Florida.—Fond du Lac Reporter.

The Gazette received a brief but pleasant letter a few days ago from Jas. C. Eilertsen, a former well known miller of this city, who is now located at Brighton, Wash.

Mrs. Otto Neumann and little daughter have returned from McMillan, where they have been the guests of the former's sister, Miss Emma Opperman, since Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Dunegan are the happy parents of another baby girl, making the second in the family. The little stranger arrived last Saturday night and weighed ten pounds.

Mrs. A. Breitenstein, one of the best known lady residents of Stockton, is seriously ill at her home a couple of miles southeast of Stockton station, suffering with stomach troubles.

C. J. Heun, treasurer of the town of Carson, will be at M. Kieliszewski & Co.'s store in this city each Thursday during February. Property owners are requested to bear the days in mind.

Fred Beell, of Marshfield, won another wrestling match before a large Chicago audience, Friday evening, his opponent being William Demetral, a leading wrestler. Beell may secure another match with Frank Gotch, the champion.

Miss Eva Chalesworth is visiting at Marshfield, Abbotsford and Merrill, having accompanied her cousin, Mrs. Galvin, to the first named place, last Sunday. Mrs. Galvin had been a guest at the home of A. J. Charlesworth previous to that time.

John Marchel, former chairman of the town of Eau Pleine, spent last Wednesday afternoon in this city while on his way home from near Nelsonville, where he attended the wedding of John Klopotek and Clare Zylke, the bride being a niece of Mr. Marchel.

Rev. W. Polaczky, of Casimir, is in receipt of a letter from Rev. L. J. Pescinski, in which the latter gives an account of his experiences in Rome. Rev. Pescinski states that he expects to be in Stevens Point again by the middle of May. Although much improved in health, he has not yet fully recovered.

Hugh Tracy and John McGinley drove up from Buena Vista, last Saturday evening, to attend the funeral of the late Jas. Turrish. Shortly after their arrival one of the horses owned by Mr. McGinley was taken sick from indigestion and is still being treated by Dr. Norton. Mr. Tracy remained here until Monday.

Aloysius Firkus, who acted as buyer and seller for the Stevens Point Produce Co., a union of the American Society of Equity, resigned the past week and is succeeded by John Woznicki. The officers of the company are: Pres., John Yach; vice pres., John Woznicki; secretary, George Baker; treasurer, Joseph Schultz.

John P. Hopkins, formerly of the town of Lanark, but who has been located at Star Lake and other points in the northern part of the state for several years, is now foreman of a gang of 50 men who are laying rails for the Gleason railway logging line, extending from the Valley division of the St. Paul, and last week were located three miles from Algonac.

The resolution passed by the Board of Supervisors of Portage county, last fall, asking for the repeal of the primary election law, was introduced by Assemblyman F. J. Carpenter on Thursday, and Assemblyman Marquardt, of Wausau, has presented a bill providing for the repeal of the law. This law will be the cause of much contention and debate during the next few months.

See the Person Studio for the best and most up-to-date work in photography. 218 Strong's avenue.

Miss Martha Week is visiting in Chicago, to remain a couple of weeks.

The No Name Club was entertained by Miss Margaret Glennon last evening.

Jones Dairy Farm sausages, ham and bacon for sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.

D. A. Sizer and wife, of Abbotsford, were over-Sunday visitors to this city, guests at the home of Mrs. A. Eaton.

Public library patrons drew 1,793 books last week, of which number 755 were works of fiction and 684 juvenile volumes.

A splendid line of extra good boys' clothing, 12 to 18 years, in clay worsted and chevots, at Jacobson's great sale.

Don't miss the boxing contest, Friday evening, Feb. 8th, given under auspices of Central City Boxing Club. Strictly clean athletics.

We again wish to call the attention of the people to the fact that Jacobson will not close the sale until every article in the store is sold.

Seal Shipt oysters are sold at slightly higher price than tub oysters—and they are worth it. They are solid meats—all oysters and no water. Try them. H. D. McCulloch Co.

N. J. Loberg, of Nelsonville, and M. B. Wolding, of Rosholt, spent last Monday night in the city, coming up to attend a meeting of the Stevens Point Zinc & Lead Co.

Mrs. Chas. Nitzler, of Sherry, who was operated upon for appendicitis at Mercy Hospital two weeks ago, is now about fully recovered, and will return home tomorrow or Friday.

Eugene McAleavey, who has been local agent of the Wisconsin Telephone Co. at Merrill during the past several months, was recently appointed as chief lineman at Rhinelander.

Don't forget about the young men's suits at Jacobson's, in sizes from 34 to 38. Meltons, chevots and worsteds, all colors and cuts, at prices below the actual cost of manufacture.

Anthony Krause left for Detroit, yesterday, where he has resumed his studies in the Cyril Methodus college, after being obliged to prolong his Christmas vacation on account of illness.

Mrs. Ira Haskins was pleasantly surprised, Saturday evening, by several lady friends at her home on Spruce street. The evening was spent at cards, after which refreshments were served.

Mrs. Frank Wood, of Almond, was committed on Friday to the Northern hospital at Winnebago for treatment. The lady is about 40 years of age. Physicians state that her condition is due to poison from paper hangings in a close room.

The lenten season begins on Feb. 13th, after which follows the period of self-denial and general good behavior to continue for seven weeks. Easter Sunday, coming on March 31st, will bring the desired relief to those in the social whirl.

In an address given at the Masonic Temple, Sunday afternoon, Capt. S. Alberti, of Chicago, related personal experiences as a member of a foreign lodge of Masons, and also dwelt upon the lodge features of the order in foreign countries.

C. D. McFarland, who had been spending several days in Texas, returned to the city, Friday evening, coming by way of Madison, where he attended a meeting of the State Normal regents' executive committee, of which he is a member.

Leon Smith, son of Max Smith and wife of this city, was married at Eveleth, Minn., on Jan. 11, his bride being Miss Henrietta Lierette of Eveleth. The young couple will make their home in that city, Mr. Smith being employed at a laundry there.

The city offices were moved to the first floor of the Andrae block, last Saturday, and although not yet thoroughly settled, are gradually being put into shape. Treasurer Boyer is ready to wait upon all delinquents who are anxious to settle their taxes.

Mrs. W. McNeil entertained at progressive whist, Saturday evening, at her home on Division street, thirty lady and gentleman friends being present. The first prize was won by Mrs. J. R. Means and the consolation was secured by J. G. Gray. Refreshments and a pleasing musical program followed.

Mrs. N. Gross left for Iron River, Tuesday morning, going up to visit that little grandson that arrived the evening before at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. F. Morris. This is the second boy in the family, and Grandpa Gross, while not quite so young, feels just as happy as the little fellows.

Announcement is made of the approaching marriage of Thos. Padden of Lanark and Miss Bridget Corrigan of Stockton, both of whom are well known and popular residents of their respective towns. The important ceremony will be performed by Father Mortell at Waupaca within a couple of weeks.

Moncena Dunn, the inventor of the would-be famous Dunn pocket ballot, is again at work endeavoring to persuade the members of the Wisconsin legislature to pass a law adopting his idea. Mr. Dunn is certainly an indefatigable worker and if hard and untiring efforts will win out, he will get his reward—but probably not this year.

The Chippewa Falls Times of yesterday speaks favorably of P. Albert Brunstad, a young man who graduated from the local Normal school with honors in 1904, as a member of the full course class. A cut of the young man is also shown in connection with an announcement of his candidacy for the office of county superintendent of schools in Chippewa county.

Rhinelander Herald: Mrs. D. H. Vaughn was stricken with paralysis on Monday afternoon. Mrs. Vaughn was seemingly in usually good health and this sudden affliction came as a great shock to family and friends. Absent members of the family have been sent for. Everything possible is being done for the sufferer and her speedy recovery is hoped for by all who know her.

The John Week Lumber Co. of this city has bought a large tract of white pine timber land from the Dr. Dale estate and located a couple of miles north of Iola. Otto Beck, of Iola, who held an option on the property, closed the deal for a consideration of \$3,600. The Week Co. has also purchased a 40 acre tract of pine near Nelsonville for which they paid \$600. All the timber will be cut this winter and hauled to Stevens Point by rail.

The thousands of satisfied buyers at Jacobson's sale attest the fact that satisfaction is guaranteed or your money back.

Frank Sankey, one of the prosperous farmers near Fancher station, town of Stockton, favored us with a call when in the city today.

B. B. Park is spending a part of the week at Dartford, Green Lake county, where he has been attending a session of the circuit court.

A team belonging to Orin Loomis, of Amherst, broke loose while tied near the First National bank, on Main street, this forenoon, and after circling about and running a short distance were caught with slight damage.

Prices of beef and pork must be a good deal higher here than at Stevens Point and other places south of here, as two more sleigh loads of beef and pork arrived here Saturday from Portage county, making five loads that came from there last week.—Wausau Record.

I. R. Nash, owner of the Wild Rose Times, has purchased the plant and business of the Almond Press from the recent proprietors and editors, Misses Phillips and Miner. The new owner will take possession on Feb. 1. The ladies will go to Ocean Springs, Miss., where Miss Phillips will operate a fruit ranch.

The Sad and the Bright Side of Life.

The subjects for next Sunday's sermons at St. Paul's M. E. church are as follows: Morning—"The Greatest Joys and Pleasures of Life; where they may be found." Evening—"The Sign of Distress, as given in Siberia and elsewhere." The special meetings will be continued through next week, Rev. Nimits being assisted by Rev. Link of the German Methodist church.

DO YOU WANT ELECTRICITY?

Or Electric Wiring of Any Kind at Your Home or Office?

It is a matter that requires the attention of a practical electrician.

RATES and PROMPTNESS OF SERVICE is an important consideration. Let us talk over your plans together. I shall be pleased to offer my suggestions, together with a high quality of material at reasonable rates.

Here are a few specialties:

ARC and INCANDESCENT LAMPS,
DYNAMOS and MOTORS,
ELECTRIC FIXTURES,
COMBINATION FIXTURES,
GAS FIXTURES,
ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION and SUPPLIES.

Estimates Furnished on Wiring and Contract Work in and out of the city.

J. M. LAMMY,
Cor. Clark St. and Strong's Ave.
STEVENS POINT.

RUMMAGE SALE

At The C. O. D. STORE

ODDS and ENDS OF ALL KINDS

In the best regulated stores there are always odds and ends bound to accumulate. Some are worn or soiled from continual handling. We have placed all of these goods in our 3d street annex and will dispose of them *regardless of cost*. We cannot begin to enumerate all the bargains, but here are a few of the articles offered:

Novelty Dress Goods 50c, 75c and \$1 Goods at 25c. These have been on sale for several days, but there is still a good assortment. 25 and 35c Novelty Goods at 18c.	25c Hosiery for 10c These are regular 25 cent hose, with a stitch dropped or thread broken. This does not spoil wearing qualities.	Men's Odd Frock Coats, 95c Heavy double-breasted Coats and Vests from \$2.00 to \$4.00.
Remnants of all Descriptions PRICES CUT NO FIGURE.	WOOL UNDERWEAR At 25 cents per Suit.	Usters at Your Own Price 50c, 75c and \$1 Caps, 25c Another lot at 15 cents.
Fancy Dress Trimmings Prices were from 20c to \$1.00 per yard. All colors for 4 and 5c per yd.	Hair Pins Combs Gloves Colored Silk Mitts	Children's Rubbers at 15c Men's Gold Seal Buckle Arctics, \$1.19
CORSETS Broken sizes in \$1 Corsets, such as W. B., R. G. and P. N., at 50 cents. Summer Batiste Corsets, 39c.	Hat Pins Pocket Books Mittens Umbrellas, etc. are also included in this sale.	OLD STYLE SHOES \$2, \$3, 3.50 and \$4 old style Shoes for Men, Women and Children, from \$1 down to 50c.

Come early and get your pick while the tables are still complete.
REMEMBER, THESE ARTICLES ARE ALL AS ABOVE STATED.

ONE PRICE. NO TRUST.
GOODS DELIVERED.

C. O. D. STORE.

Loss of Power To Digest Food.

The most important function of the organs of the body is the digestion and assimilation of food, and in this process is consumed an enormous quantity of nervous energy.

As the result the momentary disorders of the nervous system, digestion is impaired, and the very source of health, strength and vitality interfered with.

To prevent physical bankruptcy the nervous system must be built up by outside aid, such as the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, a preparation composed of the very elements of Nature which go to form new blood and nerve cells.

Besides this restorative influence on the whole system, Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills have an immediate and direct effect on the digestive system. They stimulate the nerves of taste and induce a good flow of saliva to aid digestion. They excite the glands of the stomach and produce a plentiful supply of gastric digestive fluids. Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, 50 cts. a box, at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Taylor Bros., Druggists.

MEAT MARKETS.

MAIN STREET

Meat Market

A. G. GREEN, Proprietor.

We keep constantly on hand a full and complete supply of:

Fresh, Smoked and Salt Meats

Ham, Butter, Eggs,

Lard, Poultry, Fresh Fish, Etc.

The public are respectfully invited to give us a call and they will find the stock always new and fresh.

Highest cash price paid for furs, hides and pelts.

Central City Meat Market.

V. BETLACH, PROP.

STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN

CANNED AND BOTTLE GOODS.

Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats; also Bologna and Fresh Sausages.

445 Main Street, opposite Postoffice.

ESTABLISHED AUG. 1, 1883.

First National Bank

OF STEVENS POINT, WIS.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Capital, \$50,000 - Surplus, \$30,000

A. R. WEEK, Pres. R. L. KRAUS, V.P.
J. W. DUNEGAN, Cashier.

Directors: A. R. Week, C. D. McFarland,
W. D. Connor, E. J. Jacobs, J. W. Dunegan,
R. L. Kraus.

Accounts of manufacturing and mercantile firms and individuals solicited, which we will extend every favor consistent with safe banking. Prompt and careful attention given to all the interests of our customers. Sell drafts and letters of credit on every important city in the world.

Interest paid on time deposits.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Safety deposit boxes to rent at reasonable rates.

We invite correspondence or personal interview.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

OF STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN.

Capital, \$100,000

Surplus and undivided Profits, \$25,000.

State Depository. County Depository. City Depository.

H. B. JOHNSON, Cashier. E. J. PFEIFFER, Pres.
E. A. KREBS, Asst. Cashier. LOUIS BRILL, V. P.

Accounts of Firms and Individuals received on the most favorable terms consistent with sound and conservative banking. Interest paid on time deposits.

Drafts, money orders and letters of credit old in all countries in the world.




MADE AT THE GREAT WATCH WORKS AT CANTON, OHIO.

The dealer can tell you the merits of these goods better than we can explain them in an advertisement.

It costs you nothing to see them at the following stores:

Jules Iverson



100 per cent. in a very few years.

Deposit \$3 per month with us on timber land and start on the right road to success. Will give Warranty Deed - mortgage back at 6 per cent. The man who succeeds does so by taking advantage of opportunities.

SOUTHWICK-SELLERS LAND CO.

817 Division St. E. W. Sellers, Mgr.

(First pub. Jan. 20-Ins.)

COUNTY COURT NOTICE-STATE OF Wisconsin-Portage County-Court. In the matter of the estate of Frank August Lange, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the county court, to be held in and for said county at the Court House in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, on the first Tuesday (being the 31st day) of March, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as such matter can be reached, the following matter will be heard and considered: The application of Carl Lange for the appointment of Carl Lange of the county of Portage, or some other suitable person, as administrator of the estate of Frank August Lange, late of the city of Stevens Point, in said county, deceased.

Dated this 23rd day of January, A. D. 1907.

By Order of the Court,
JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.

Park & Carpenter, Attys. for the Petitioner.

(First pub. Jan. 28-4 Ins.)

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and known as Murray & Lemma, in this city, is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late partnership will be continued at the same stand, No. 100 Division Street, Stevens Point, Wis., by L. A. Martin, who will collect and receipt for all accounts and debts due the said partnership, and pay all its obligations.

Dated January 15th, 1907.

L. A. MARTIN.
JOHN HUBER.

(First pub. Jan. 23-7 Ins.)

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned and known as Murray & Lemma, in this city, is dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late partnership will be continued at the same stand, No. 100 Division Street, Stevens Point, Wis., by Fred H. Murray, who will collect and receipt for all accounts and debts due the said partnership, and pay all its obligations.

Dated Jan. 7, A. D. 1907.

FRED H. MURRAY.
E. L. LEMMA.

(First pub. Jan. 23-7 Ins.)

STATE OF WISCONSIN-In the Circuit Court for Portage County. T. J. Anders and Charles E. Van Hecke, co-partners under the firm name and style of Anders-Van Hecke Company, Plaintiffs, vs. Joseph Baker, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution issued out of said court by the clerk thereof on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1906, upon a judgment rendered in said circuit court, and docketed on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1906, and pursuant to the statutes in such cases made and provided, I shall on Saturday, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1907, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the city of Stevens Point, Portage county, Wisconsin, offer for sale and sell at public auction and vendue to the highest bidder for cash all the right, title and interest of Joseph Baker in and to the following described real estate and all the appurtenances thereunto pertaining, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, with interest and costs of sale to date of sale, to-wit:

The southwest quarter (SW 1/4) of the southwest quarter (SW 1/4) of section twenty-seven (27), and the northeast quarter (NE 1/4) of the northeast quarter (NE 1/4) of section thirty-three (33), and the southeast quarter (SE 1/4) of the southeast quarter (SE 1/4) of section twenty-eight (28), and eighteen acres (18) of the northwest quarter (NW 1/4) of the northeast quarter (NE 1/4) of section thirty-four (34), all in township twenty-four (24) north, range eight (8) east, in the county of Portage and state of Wisconsin.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1907.

FRANK GUYATT, Sheriff of Portage County, Wis.

Hanna & Sickelsteel,
Attorneys for the Plaintiffs,
Stevens Point, Wis.

(First pub. Jan. 16-Ins. 5)

ORDER FOR ADJUSTMENT OF CLAIMS AND Notice to Creditors. In Probate-Portage County Court. In the matter of the estate of William Steinke, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of William Steinke, deceased, having been issued to Anna Steinke, widow of said deceased.

It is Ordered, that the time and place including the first Tuesday of October, A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be and is hereby allowed and limited for the creditors of said William Steinke, deceased, to present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is Further Ordered, that all claims and demands against the said William Steinke, deceased, be received, examined and adjusted by this court at the county court rooms, court house, in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, at the regular term thereof to be held on the first Tuesday of October, 1907.

It is Further Ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands are to be presented, be and is hereby made known to the creditors of said deceased, and of the time hereby limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publication of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Gazette, a weekly newspaper published in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 15th day of January, 1907.

By the Court,
JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge

(1st pub. Jan. 16-Ins. 3)

ORDER FOR ADJUSTMENT OF CLAIMS AND Notice to Creditors. In Probate-Portage County Court. In the matter of the will of Elizabeth Peickert, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of A. G. Green, executor of the will of Elizabeth Peickert, deceased, representing, among other things, that said deceased died seized of certain real estate therein described, and that it is necessary to sell or incumber the same, and praying for license to sell part of the same, and appearing to the court that it is necessary to sell or incumber part of said real estate for that purpose: It is Ordered, that said petition be heard at a special term of said county court, to be held in and for said county, at the court house, in the city of Stevens Point, on the second Tuesday (being the 12th day) of February, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M.

It is further ordered, that this order be published at least three successive weeks before said day fixed for the hearing of said petition, in the Gazette, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Stevens Point, in said county, and that a copy thereof be served personally on all persons interested in the said estate and residing in this county, at least twenty days before such day.

Dated January 15th, A. D. 1907.

By the Court,
JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.

(First pub. Jan. 23-7 Ins.)

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Dated Jan. 7, A. D. 1907.

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Dated January 15th, A. D. 1907.

By the Court,
JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.

The Leading Daily Paper of Wisconsin

The Milwaukee Journal is offered for the next few weeks with THE GAZETTE for \$2.75 per year. Think of it! A metropolitan daily paper and your own local paper for only \$2.75, strictly in advance.

Bring your subscription to THE GAZETTE over before this clubbing offer is withdrawn.

(Continued from Third page.)

From all other sources	4,352.81
Total amount received during year	\$22,807.48
PAID OUT DURING THE YEAR	
For building and repairs	\$ 5,832.63
For apparatus	1,375.01
For services of male teachers	6,537.00
For services of female teachers	27,524.00
For old indebtedness	3,474.58
For school furniture	1,017.00
For services of district clerks	1,034.54
For all other purposes	8,527.47
Total amount paid out during year	\$55,524.13
The amount on hand June 30, 1906	\$37,260.35
During the year, 182 applicants for a teacher's certificate were examined. Of this number 100 received certificates, 5 first grade, 15 second grade, and 80 third grade.	

SCHOOL GROUNDS.

In nearly every case I found the school grounds sufficiently large for playgrounds and on the whole found them well chosen as to elevation. The school grounds should be sloping, so that it may be easily drained, thus keeping it in a beautiful condition. In the spring the teachers and pupils clean up the grounds before Arbor and Bird day. It was very gratifying in my visits early in the spring to see such an interest taken by the teachers and pupils along this line. I hope that all the teachers and pupils next spring will be fully impressed with the importance of order and neatness and make each school ground the most charming spot in the district. In many cases if the school boards would give the school a little assistance in the way of team service it would be very highly appreciated. Many times stones and roots should be hauled away and the low places filled up with soil or gravel. Let us keep the school grounds neat; it costs nothing and the value cannot be over-estimated.

In some cases barbed wire fences are used to enclose the school grounds. These fences are dangerous to children and should be replaced by a more modern style of fencing.

Many of our teachers and pupils go to a great deal of work and trouble in planting shade trees in the spring of the year. These trees often do well while school is in session, but during the summer vacation are totally destroyed by cattle perhaps, because the grounds are not fenced in. In my estimation it would be wise for the school boards to provide protection for the trees so that final results might be reaped as a result of the efforts of teachers and pupils.

BUILDINGS.

Two new school houses were built last year, one in district No. 10, town of Carson, and one in district No. 5, town of Plover. These buildings are of modern type and have modern improvements in them.

Perhaps the most modern, most fully equipped and convenient country school building in the county is at Nelsonville, district No. 3, town of Amherst. It is a one-room building heated with a furnace, has a large basement for fuel and has nearly all of the necessary apparatus needed for a well equipped school. The people in that district deserve praise for the well equipped and elegantly furnished school room in which they have their children live during their school days.

Many of the school houses in the country should have new hardwood floors and the walls need either white washing or papering. The school house is the home of the children for a term of seven, eight or nine months in each year and just as much care should be taken of this home as we do our private homes. I am pleased to be able to say, however, that a great many districts did do general house cleaning during the past summer vacation, so that children this fall will meet with more favorable surroundings.

The out houses should be inspected often by the teacher and the school board and kept in a respectable condition.

Many school districts have not yet provided for a wood shed. It seems unnecessary to put forth any arguments for such a convenience in this report.

APPARATUS.

Some of our schools are quite well equipped with the essential working tools of a school, but many of them are not. It is just as essential to have tools to work with in a school as it is for a farmer to have implements to work his farm with. A farmer would not think of running a farm without a plow or wagon; such tools are indispensable. It is just as impossible to run a school without a map or a dictionary and just as necessary for a school as a wagon is on a farm.

ESSENTIAL WORKING TOOLS FOR SCHOOL.

- 1—One large Webster's dictionary.
- 2—Six or more small dictionaries.
- 3—A full set of 8 maps.
- 4—A globe, 6 to 12 inches in diameter.
- 5—Supplementary readers for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd reading classes.
- 6—About 60 square feet of blackboard. Slate is always the best and cheapest to buy, as it is the most durable.
- 7—A book case for the library.
- 8—Card catalog.

Many items of less importance, yet very necessary in a school, might be mentioned, as: a bell, clock, flag, water pail, wash dish, soap, etc. A goodly number of schools in the county are provided with all that is necessary, but those that are not ought to have provision made for them as soon as possible.

I find in many schools expensive charts lying in the dusty corners, not used by the teachers. Many of these charts are made to sell and usually cost many times their real value, and are not practical and therefore not in use. Other they are too difficult for pupils to understand. I would advise school boards to guard against new things that agents try to sell.

VISITING SCHOOLS.

When I visit a school I make an effort to be of some use to the teachers and pupils. I know it is difficult to do much for a school in visiting it once or possibly twice in a year, but I know that many of the teachers have been benefited by a few suggestions given them. I made 175 visits and only regret that time did not permit me to make more. If the office work were not so heavy much good could be accomplished by making visits every day of the school year.

The inexperienced teacher is the one who needs the most supervision and a few hours of suggestive help from the superintendent may be the turning point in her teaching career. Success or failure depends largely on the kind of beginning we make. In all cases during my visits I found the hearty co-operation on the part of the teachers and as a result very good work was usually done by them during the year.

LIBRARIES.

Our libraries in many schools are quite large now and in order to get most out of them the books should be classified on the shelves and cataloged. Preparation for this work was made quite extensively at the institute, so that the teachers know how to classify and catalog a library. It means a great deal of work for the teachers and will also require some material. It seems to me, however, that if the teachers are willing to do the work for the good of the school that the school board meet them half way and furnish all the material necessary. To catalog an average sized library it will require about 1,000 cards and a cabinet to hold them in. The whole outfit will cost about \$200.

ATTENDANCE.

The question of irregularity of attendance is one of the most difficult problems to solve. The fact that the average daily attendance in the state is only about 50 per cent. of the total enrollment, shows us that this question is a very important one and deserves our consideration. Any one can see that a school cannot do good work when only half of the pupils attend each day. It embarrasses the teacher's efforts and hinders the progress of the pupils who are regular in attendance. Not only this, but it diminishes the school spirit in the school as a whole.

During the past year an effort was made to increase the average daily attendance by issuing certificates of perfect attendance. The plan was heartily endorsed by the teachers and with their co-operation the average daily attendance was increased by a very marked degree. When we compare our record with the record of the state we find that we are up to the average. This should, however, by no means check our efforts along this line. We ought to do more still and get the average daily attendance to far exceed the average of the state.

In conclusion, permit me to say that the school spirit generally is very good; many of the school boards are anxious to get the best teachers, the best books, and are willing to get the necessary material for the good of the school. I hope that in the future, as in the past, we may ever keep the thought fresh in our minds that good schools can be brought about only by the united, harmonious co-operation of pupils, parents, teachers and the county superintendent. This I sincerely hope will be done and I assure you that our schools will continue to make progress as in the past.

Thanking you, honorable members of the Board of Supervisors, for past favors, and trusting I may again have your co-operation in the interest of the common schools of Portage county, I am,

Very truly yours,
J. L. KARNOPP, County Superintendent.

Moved by Supervisor Dake and seconded that above report be adopted. Carried.

Supervisor Karnopp addressed the Board, urging an appropriation by the County for printing said report.

Supervisor Carpenter moved that the matter of printing said report be referred to Committee on County Printing. The motion receiving a second, was carried.

Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded, that all school districts which have been organized since the last distribution of county maps be furnished one free of charge.

Moved by Supervisor Hunter and seconded, as an amendment to above motion that all school districts which after a thorough investigation, are found to be without a county map be furnished one. Carried by a rising vote.

The Chair at this time appointed as a committee to confer with adding names representatives, Supervisors Playman, Stevens and Frost.

Moved by Supervisor Frost and seconded, that stone crusher be stored for the winter at Junction City. Motion carried.

Supervisor Carpenter moved and seconded, to adjourn until 1:30 o'clock P. M. Motion carried.

Friday, Nov. 16, 1906, 1:30 O'clock P. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.

Moved by Supervisor Playman and seconded, that the Hon. Chairman, J. O. Foxen, be added to committee on purchasing adding machines. Motion carried.

Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded, that Board adjourn until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. Carried.

FIFTH DAY.

SATURDAY, Nov. 17, 1906, 9 O'clock A. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.

Clerk called the roll, all members present, except Supervisor Alex Kluck, excused.

Minutes of preceding day read and approved.

Supervisor Park read petition of Miss Carrie Archibald, teacher of the deaf, asking for an appropriation of \$100 to aid in paying the board of the deaf pupils in the School for the Deaf in Stevens Point, Wis. The matter of the above petition referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Supervisor Clark read resolution to reimburse Town of Carson for moving and storing stone crusher and road roller for the winter. Laid over until Monday, Nov. 19, 1906.

Supervisor Playman read report of the Committee on County Printing, recommending that the contract for printing the County Superintendent's report, 500 copies in pamphlet form, size 4x7, be awarded to the lowest bidder. Clerk read bids of local printers as follows: J. Worzallas Sons, \$36.75; E. McGlachlin, \$33; E. D. Glemton, \$32. Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded, that rules be suspended, that the report be adopted, and the contract awarded to the lowest bidder, and an appropriation be made for same. The ayes being called for, the vote was unanimous. Motion carried.

Supervisor Carpenter moved, and seconded, to adjourn until Monday, Nov. 19, 1906, 1:30 O'clock P. M. Motion carried.

SIXTH DAY.

MONDAY, Nov. 19, 1906, 1:30 P. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.

Clerk called the roll, all members present.

Minutes of preceding meeting read and approved.

Supervisor Clark for Committee on Bridge Construction, submitted report for the year. Moved by Supervisor Dake, and seconded, that the report be adopted. Motion carried.

Clerk read report of County Treasurer Halverson on delinquent taxes because of imperfect description of lands. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

Clerk read list of names of deceased indigent soldiers, and the expense of their burial.

Clerk read bills No. 58 to 60, Sheriffs' and Constables' Fees.

Clerk read resolution of Supervisor S. D. Clark regarding reimbursement of Town of Carson for moving and storing stone crusher. No objection being raised, Supervisor Clark withdrew the above resolution.

Clerk read resolution by Supervisor Ole Leklem regarding appropriations for roads and bridges. Moved by Supervisor Carpenter and seconded by Supervisor Park that the resolution be adopted. After discussion, Supervisor Park withdrew his second to the motion.

Supervisor Hunter moved that the whole matter be referred to the District Attorney for his opinion, as to the legality of the adoption of above resolution by the County Board.

Moved by Supervisor Carpenter, and seconded, as an amendment to the above resolution, that same be referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges, and that they confer with the District Attorney. Carried.

Supervisor Park reported for special committee on visiting Poor Farm.

Moved by Supervisor Carpenter, and seconded, that the County Board visit the Poor Farm next Wednesday, Nov. 21, 1906. Carried.

Moved by Supervisor Dake and seconded that the Board adjourn until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. Carried.

SEVENTH DAY.

TUESDAY, Nov. 20, 1906, 9 O'clock A. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.

Clerk called the roll, all members present.

Minutes of preceding day read and approved.

Clerk read bills Nos. 32 to 50 inclusive, general file. Referred to Committee on Claims.

Clerk read schedule of Poor Claims, Nos. 1 to 8. Referred to Committee on County Poor.

Moved by Supervisor Alex Kluck and seconded to adjourn until 1:30 o'clock P. M. Carried.

TUESDAY, Nov. 20, 1906, 1:30 O'clock P. M.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, Hon. J. O. Foxen in the chair.

Clerk called the roll, all members present.

Supervisor Frost introduced resolution to limit time for introduction of new business at this session of the Board, to Friday, Nov. 23rd, 1906. Supervisor Carpenter moved to adopt the resolution. Seconded and carried.

Supervisor Dopp rendered a verbal report for the Judiciary Committee on the petition of Miss Carrie H. Archibald, teacher of deaf, asking for an appropriation of \$100 to aid in paying the board of deaf pupils in Stevens Point, Wis., and recommending that the petition be granted. Moved by Supervisor Park and seconded, that the rules be suspended and that the petition be granted and the appropriation be authorized. The ayes being called, the motion was carried unanimously.

Clerk read annual report of the Committee on County Poor Farm. (Report will be published later)

Moved by Supervisor Alex Kluck and seconded, that the report be adopted. Motion carried.

Clerk read report of Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings. Referred to Committee on Settlement with County Officers.

Moved by Supervisor Playman and seconded, that the Clerk be authorized to receive bids up to Thursday noon, Nov. 22, 1906, for doing the county printing for the ensuing year, and that he notify the printers of the county to that effect. Carried.

Moved by Supervisor Hunter and seconded, that above resolution be rescinded. Carried.

Moved by Supervisor Playman and seconded, that time limit for receiving bids in above resolution be set at Friday noon, Nov. 23, 1906. Motion carried.

Supervisor Carpenter moved to adjourn until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. Seconded and carried.

Wood For Sale.

Dry mill wood, 16 inches long, and dry hard wood, 16 inch and 4 foot long, delivered on call. Telephone 54. T. Olson, 502 Franklin street. n21tf

TAKE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my 19 year old son, John Kwiatkowski, after January 15, 1907.

3 Valentine Kwiatkowski.

Possesses wonderful medicinal power over the human body, removing all disorders from your system, is what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. Makes you well, keeps you well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. H. D. McCulloch Co.

Builds up waste tissue, promotes appetite, improves digestion, induces refreshing sleep, gives renewed strength and health. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents, tea or tablets. H. D. McCulloch Co.

A GREAT OFFER!

A MAP OF THE WORLD, of the United States and of the State of Wisconsin

FREE ! FREE ! FREE !

with every subscription to THE GAZETTE, paid in advance for one year. THE GAZETTE is \$2.00 per annum.



We still have a few left - Get one before all are gone.

THE GAZETTE, STEVENS POINT, WIS.

Piles
In order to prove to you that Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for any form of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, the manufacturers guarantee a cure. You can use it and if not cured get your money back. Mr. Casper Walton, laborer, Michigan City, Ind., says: "I work hard and lift a great deal. The strain brought on an attack of piles. They itched and they protruded and bled. Nothing helped them until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. That cured them." 50c. a box at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. CHASE MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.
Taylor Bros., Druggists.

Langenberg Brick Mfg. Co.
manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of
Red Pressed, Building and Fire
BRICK.
Also dealers in
White Lime, Plastering Hair, Adamant, Wall Plaster, Stuccos, Cements, &c.
Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge, and orders from abroad promptly attended to. Write for our price list.
Telephone: Office, No. 80; Works, No. 90.
Office 145 Main Street, Stevens Point, Wis.

THE NEW A
Stevens Point Brick Mfg. & Construction Co.
Dealers in BRICK, WHITE LIME, Plastering Hair, Adamant, Wall Plaster, Stuccos, Cements, Fire Clay, Etc.
Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge, and orders from abroad promptly attended to. Write for prices.
Telephone: Works and office, No. 31.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

LOUIS PORT, FINE CIGARS
Manufacturers, Wholesaler and Retailer of
YBACOS, PIPES, MAR HOLLERS, ETC.
Consistently on hand.
ST. P. CIGARETTE SPECIALTY
Wholesale and Retailers

M. NESEMAN, SCIENTIFIC HORSE SHOER.
Repair Work of All Kinds Neatly and Promptly Done.
Shop, corner of Normal Ave. and 1st street, one block north of Curran House.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign
PATENTS
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, "How to Secure Patents," write to
CASNOW & CO.
OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

F. W. GIESE, TAILOR
1203 Division St., South Side.
Samples of Spring and Summer Clothes now ready, and suits or garments made at low prices and on quick time.
LADIES' TAILORING.
I am now prepared to furnish perfect fitting, well made Ladies' Suits, Skirts or Coats, guaranteeing satisfaction in all respects. Will sell cloth by the yard, or ladies may furnish their own cloth.
Agent for Otto Pletsch Dye Works. All kinds of repairing. F. W. GIESE.

PORTAGE COUNTY LOAN & ABSTRACT CO
Successors to R. H. BUTTERFIELD & CO.
Will furnish you an ABSTRACT OF TITLE to any real estate in Portage County. Will buy or sell your farm. Loan Money on real estate in Portage County. Houses, to rent in city. Improved and wild lands for sale. Mortgages and Deeds carefully drawn. Notary Public. Office in Atwell Block, corner Main Street and Strong's Avenue.
Telephone in Connection. STEVENS POINT, WIS.

16,500 PEOPLE 16,500 DR. BREWER
Will show you the names, the record of medicines used and the result obtained of over 15,500 people treated by him.
THIS EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE WORTH SOMETHING TO THE SICK.
If you have met DR. BREWER, you know him to be candid and honest in all he tells you. He never sacrifices method for the dollar, nor does he profess to perform wonders, but he CURE ALL CURABLE DISEASES. He has had the largest experience of any doctor in the United States in the treatment of chronic diseases. Do not give up if other doctors have failed.
Get the Benefit of His Experience FREE.
We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Scatula Inflammation, Cancer, Old Sores, Tumors, Piles, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Pneumonia, Catarrh, Croup, Consumption, Influenza, Asthma, Scrofula, Pimples, Eruptions, Humors, Blisters, and all diseases of long standing.
Address DR. BREWER & SON, 1234 Chicago Ave., Evanston, Ill.
For information in regard to the treatment of the drug and liquor habit, address in care of 991, Rockford, Ill.
Will be at the Jacobs House, this city, on Wednesday, FEB. 6, 1906
Waupaca, February 4. Hancock, February 5.

STOPS ANY ITCHING.
Doan's Ointment Cures Eczema and Itching Piles.—Stevens Point People Recommend It.
One application of Doan's Ointment stops any itching. Short treatment cures eczema, itching piles, salt rheum—any skin eruption or skin itching. It is the cheapest remedy to use, because so little of it is required to bring relief and a cure. Here is Stevens Point testimony to prove it:
Mr. Frank Blood, of 1036 Brown street, Mail Carrier, says: "I had itching hemorrhoids for seven years, and used about every remedy I had any idea would give relief, but without being permanently benefited. The affliction annoyed me day and night. Any person who has ever had it knows what a miserable ailment it is. When I read about Doan's Ointment in our papers, I procured a box at the 'Taylor Bros.' drug store. A few applications cured me. I will always have a good word for this valuable preparation." (From statement made in July, 1900.)
Mr. Blood was interviewed by our representative on April 18th, 1905, five years after the above statement was given. He said: "I am glad to recommend Doan's Ointment again, for the benefit I found through the use of this remedy has been permanent."
For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.
Remember the name—DOAN'S—and take no other.

DR. LAHN'S
New Method of Treatment in All
Chronic Diseases
CONSULTATION SACREDLY CONFIDENTIAL
His wonderful power of Diagnosis—greatest of all gifts—enables him to determine the causes of OBSCURE and CHRONIC ILLNESS and to apply certain remedies which effect certain, speedy, permanent cure.

Hope for Afflicted.
Many hundreds of sufferers pronounced by others as hopeless incurables, have been restored to health by Dr. Lahn. Letters of endorsement from many prominent clergymen and hundreds of grateful patients are on file at his office.
Dr. Lahn has devoted much time to the study of all diseases of men and has imported many special medicines and appliances necessary to effect certain cures in most cases of PHYSICAL WEAKNESS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Etc.
KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES—treated by new and eminently successful methods.
CATARRH in all its various forms quickly relieved and cured.
NERVOUS DISEASES, Epilepsy and Diseases of the Blood and Skin always yield to his wonderful methods of treatment.
DISEASES OF THE STOMACH AND BOWELS, such as Chronic Dyspepsia, also Constipation in its worst stages. Benefit is generally derived from the commencement of the first month of treatment.
LUNG TROUBLES receive careful attention and are always treated successfully when not too long neglected.

Delay is Dangerous
Those who are chronically ill should lose no time in consulting Dr. Lahn, whose reputation for skill is so well and widely known.
Office: 516 Strong's Avenue
STEVENS POINT, WIS.
GERMAN and ENGLISH SPOKEN
HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets
A Bary Medicine for Bury People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Pimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stomach Borels, Headache and Backache. It's Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form. 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis.
GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

Nobel Prize
Origin of the Famous Peace Trophy Recently Awarded to President Roosevelt—Alfred Nobel, Inventor, Who Sought to Abolish War by Making It More Destructive
IN the award of the Nobel peace prize to President Theodore Roosevelt for his services in bringing the Russo-Japanese war to an end and this distinguished honor has come for the first time to the United States. The prize is as likely to go to a person in a comparatively humble position as to one who occupies a post of high rank or enjoys exalted station. The sole test is achievement of some important step toward universal peace and good will among men. The prize consists of a diploma, a medal and 135,536 crowns (\$37,127.65).
Five years ago the peace prize went to a man comparatively unknown and so poor that he was at the time an inmate of a home for the aged. This was Henry Dunant. "Who is Dunant?" asked some one when the report of the award of the prize to him was published, and the reply was, "He founded the Red Cross." "Then," said the questioner, "he must be a saint." And so he has been regarded, for he spent a fortune in getting the nations to treat the wounded as neutrals and recognize the work of his society, and in his old age, infirm, almost blind and unable longer to make a living, he was almost forgotten. But when the honor of the Nobel peace prize came to him, with its accompanying sum of money, an amount ample to supply his needs for the balance of his days, he felt himself fully rewarded for all his sacrifices.
The Nobel prizes are unique among institutions of their kind. They were established by Alfred Nobel, the Swedish engineer, and it is a singular coincidence that the man who instituted the great prize for the encouragement of peace should have been the inventor of that most deadly agency of warfare, dynamite, and the first manufacturer on a large scale of smokeless powder.



ALFRED NOBEL.
There is a seeming inconsistency in the thought that a man who so much loved peace should have devoted his life to making the materials of war, but Nobel believed that the best way to abolish war is to make warfare as terrible as possible by means of the most murderous inventions. He regarded his own inventions as so many steps toward the goal of disarmament. It was Nobel's ambition to bring the Scandinavian peninsula into closer intellectual touch with the rest of Europe. He belonged to a family prominent in Sweden for the past century, but was brought up in Russia and educated at St. Petersburg. He did not believe in leaving great fortunes to relatives, though he gave much to deserving members of his family during his lifetime. At his death, in 1896, he bequeathed his fortune, amounting to nearly \$9,000,000, for the support of five great annual prizes, each valued at nearly \$40,000. These were to be awarded for the most important discoveries in physics, in chemistry and in physiology or hygiene, for the most distinguished work of an idealistic character in literature and for the best effort toward the fraternity of the nations and the promotion of universal peace. The last named prize is awarded by the Norwegian storting, the others being conferred by various institutions at Stockholm, Sweden. Last year the peace prize went to the Baroness Bertha von Suttner, author of "Down With Arms." The year previous it was awarded to William Randall Cremer, secretary of the International Arbitration league and a member of the British parliament. In 1902 it was conferred on Professor Frederik de Maartens of The Hague tribunal, who advised the Russian commissioners in the peace conference at Parismouth. In 1901 it was won by Dunant. Mr. Cremer devoted his prize money to promote the work of the International Arbitration league. Mr. Roosevelt has announced that he will use the money he will receive to establish at Washington a permanent industrial peace committee with the view of maintaining peace in the industrial world, which he regards as equal in importance to maintaining peace between the nations.
Nell— I visited Father. Mr. Hunter considers me very young. I told me He said I had no more to say.

FOR THE CHILDREN
A Bottle and Egg Trick.
To keep an egg continually rotating in the midst of a liquid mass without ever allowing it to come up to the surface or fall down to the bottom is a feat which does not seem easy to perform. Owing to a peculiarity of the composition of the shell the experiment is easily made.
Take a glass jar and half fill it with water. Then by means of a glass tube which reaches to the bottom of the jar pour an equal amount of hydrochloric acid under the water until the water rises to the top of the jar. If no effort be made to mix the two liquids they will remain neatly separated for days, the density of commercial hydrochloric acid being greater than that of water.
Let an egg sink gently into the water. It will pass through it, reach the hydrochloric acid zone and there almost instantaneously become covered with a thick layer of bubbles. These decrease in density and prevent its farther downward progress. The egg does not come up to the top, however, but settles on the dividing line between the two liquids.
There it begins to revolve slowly around its greater axis and will keep up that queer motion for more than an hour. The bubbles on the top of the egg gradually dissolve in the water, while they increase at the bottom, which is nearer the acid. The double process continually raises the center of gravity of the egg, and its rotation is due to this continued alteration.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Game of Bachelor's Kitchen.
All the players sit in a row except one, who inquires of each person what he or she will give to furnish the bachelor's kitchen. Each one answers by naming some article that might find place in a kitchen, but no two may be alike.
The questioner then begins with the first player and puts to him all sorts of questions, to which he may reply only by the repetition of the name of his contribution.
If, for example, one has given a pail the questioner asks, "What did you wash your face in this morning?" Answer, "A pail." "From what did you eat your breakfast?" Answer, "A pail," etc.
The object is to make the players laugh, which subjects them to a forfeit, as does also the addition or substitution of any word to their chosen answer.—Mrs. Kingsland.

The Size of Brazil.
Brazil is a giant. It is bigger than the United States of America (excluding Alaska), with another Pennsylvania added. If Brazil's Atlantic seaboard of 4,200 miles had its southernmost point pitched at Key West its northernmost point would extend into Hudson bay, and if its greatest east to west diameter were measured on our map it would extend from New York to the foothills of the Rocky mountains. Brazil occupies nearly half of the South American continent and touches every country there excepting Chile. It has every known climate of the torrid and temperate zones, but continuous snow is not seen even in the most southern area. Everything man needs for life or luxury will grow there, and water power enough to run the machinery of the world can be had for the asking.—Reader.

Curiosity in Figures.
If you were asked to subtract 45 from 45 and have 45 as a remainder you would be likely to say that the proposition is either a "catch" or an impossibility. But here it is, set down in plain figures, and you will find that it is neither one nor the other:
9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
8 6 4 1 9 7 5 2 2
Here, you see, are the nine digits, from 9 to 1, written down in that order, and below them are the same digits reversed. Add together the digits from left to right, and you will see that each line makes 45. Now, subtract one line from the other, and you will find that the remainder—the third line—adds up 45.—Chicago News.

A Trick With Glass.
Did you ever try to cut a pane of glass in a straight line with a pair of shears? Perhaps you think it can't be done, but it can. Get a deep pan or bowl and fill it with water. Put your hands, the pane of glass and the shears completely under the water and hold them there while you do the cutting. In this way you may cut the glass in either a straight or a curved line, but you must be careful not to allow the least part of the shears to come above the surface. The reason is that the water deadens the vibrations of the shears and the glass, and with these vibrations deadened the sharp edge of the shears makes a uniform cut.
From Animal Land.
The big Hippopotamus and cousin Rhinoceros were each very proud of his name. Their visiting cards measured over two yards. Which they left when calling they came.
The Rat and the Mouse both bought a big house. And invited the Tiger to dinner. He ate all the pie and bade them goodbye. And they said, "What a miserable stunner!"
Said the Turtle, "I'll live tomorrow to be tied on some wings with a cord. Then he jumped from a fence and knocked at his door. And they said, "What a miserable stunner!"
Said the Turtle, "I'll live tomorrow to be tied on some wings with a cord. Then he jumped from a fence and knocked at his door. And they said, "What a miserable stunner!"
—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

CITY GOVERNMENT.
Official Synopsis of Proceedings of the Common Council.
COUNCIL CHAMBER, City of Stevens Point, Wis., Jan. 2, 1907.
Regular meeting of the common council of the city of Stevens Point, held in the council chamber, Wednesday evening, Jan. 2, 1907, Mayor Hanna presiding.
Members present, Atwell, Cassidy, Eddy, Gee, Langosky, Lutz, Pfaffner, Patterson, Polibinski and Thoms; absent, Ash and Neumann.
The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.
The Mayor's veto of the resolution which provided for a tax levy of \$7,000 to be used in purchasing a site for a city hall was read and upon motion of Ald. Patterson was sustained by unanimous vote.
The resolution and report of the Finance Committee providing for the payment of the monthly schedule of city taxes was read and the clerk directed to draw orders for the several amounts by the following vote: Atwell, Cassidy, Eddy, Gee, Lutz, Patterson, Langosky, Eddy, Pfaffner, Polibinski and Thoms (10) voting aye.
A petition signed by ten members of the council asking the mayor to appoint Cassidy, Gee and Patterson as a committee with power to let in leasing new quarters for the city offices, together with a report of this committee, was accepted and granted by the following vote: Cassidy, Eddy, Gee, Lutz, Patterson, Pfaffner and Thoms (7) voting aye, and Atwell, Langosky and Polibinski (3) voting nay.
Upon motion of Ald. Patterson, the salary of L. Rowe was fixed at \$50 per month while driving team, and the clerk was directed to purchase a site for a city hall, and to return on salary for November and December.
The clerk reported that lot No. 4 in block 5, Wadleigh & Vaughn's addition, has been deeded by Mrs. Suke to the city and a tax deed of the same has been returned to the property. This matter was referred to the City Attorney to get an abstract and make proper investigation.
Upon motion of Ald. Pfaffner, the clerk was directed to advertise for 50 cords of 4 foot slab wood delivered at the stone crusher; also for 100 cords of green, mixed hard body wood, suitably selected, to be delivered to engine house. No bid was received. The clerk's report was accepted and the motion was adopted by a unanimous vote.
Upon motion of Ald. Pfaffner, the Mayor appointed a committee consisting of Pfaffner, Cassidy and Patterson, to open the bids for wood and with power to let contract for the same.
The Mayor reported that the City Attorney was absent from the city, but had investigated the Mattle Parker claim for damages and was ready to report that she had no cause for action.
Ald. Patterson reported that the Poor committee were out of dry mill wood and would need some at an early date and would like to have the council take some action on this. He decided that the committee had been authorized to purchase wood.
Ald. Pfaffner reported that the Finance Committee had been unable to meet, the Water Company to secure a new rate for street sprinkling, but it was expected that one of the leading officials would be here in a few days. It will cost the city in the neighborhood of \$1,000 per annum to sprinkle the streets at the rates we are paying. He thought the city could put in a system of its own for this amount and provide water for sprinkling purposes at a very small cost.
Ald. Pfaffner brought up the subject of delinquent personal taxes and thought some means should be provided for their collection and suggested that the City Attorney be asked to look after them. The Mayor stated that the law provided for the City Treasurer to make such collections as he had power, seize property and sell it for taxes.
Ald. Langosky requested that one of the lights donated by the Lighting Company be placed in the city hall. This was the largest in the city and was the last to be ordered with improvements. Some of the aldermen always oppose any proposed improvements in the city hall. To show how economical they are, when the gentlemen make a trip some time ago—Ald. Eddy arose to a point of order, as there was no motion before the house. The Mayor sustained the point as being taken.
No further business appearing the council adjourned.
Attest, H. J. FINCH, City Clerk.

The Grip.
"Before we can sympathize with others, we must have suffered ourselves." No one can realize the suffering attendant upon an attack of the grip, unless he has had the actual experience. There is probably no disease that causes so much physical and mental agony, or which so successfully defies medical aid. All danger from the grip, however, may be avoided by the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy, not one case has ever been reported that has resulted in pneumonia or that has not recovered. For sale by H. D. McCulloch Co.
Railroad officials say the block signal system is all right, if the engineers would only attend to it. How would it do to have some officials who would hire some men for engineers who would attend to it.
Dangers of a Cold, How to Avoid Them.
More fatalities have their origin in or result from a cold than any other cause. This fact alone should make people more careful as there is no danger whatever from a cold when it is properly treated in the beginning. For many years Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been recognized as the most prompt and effectual medicine in use for this disease. It acts on nature's plan, loosens the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Sold by H. D. McCulloch Co.

GROOMING COUNTS
But it cannot make a Fair Skin or a Glossy Coat.
Women with good complexions cannot be homely. Creams, lotions, washes and powders cannot make a fair skin. Every horseman knows that the skin coat of his thoroughbred comes from the animal's "all-right" condition. Let the horse get "off his feed" and his coat turns dull. Caring, brushing and rubbing will give him a clean coat, but cannot produce the coveted smoothness and gloss of the horse's skin, which is his complexion. The ladies will see this point.
Lane's Family Medicine
Is the best preparation for ladies who desire a gentle laxative medicine that will give the body perfect cleanliness and the wholesome skin that produces such skins as painters love to copy.

Drs. C. von Neupert, PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.
Surgical Operations. Female Diseases a Specialty. Office over Citizens Bank. Telephone 62-2. Res. Church Street, opp. Court House. Telephone 63-3.

E. H. ROGERS, M. D. Physician and Surgeon.
519 Clark Street. Tel. 57. X-ray and electrical work done. All professional calls answered promptly.

DR. F. A. WALTERS, Physician & Surgeon
Residence, cor. Church and Ellis Sts. Tel. Office hours, 12 to 3, and evenings. STEVENS POINT, WIS.

R. B. SMILEY, M. D. Physician & Surgeon
711 Church Street, Stevens Point, Wis. Telephone, Red 110. Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4, 7 to 9 p. m.

D. N. ALCORN, M. D., PRACTICE LIMITED TO THE EYE, EAR, NOSE, THROAT.
Expert Eye and Ear Examining Surgeon for the United States Pension Bureau. Glasses ground to order to correct Astigmatism, Weak Eyes, etc. Office Telephone, Black 118.

J. W. BIRD, M. D. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat SURGEON.
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

EO. A. HOULEHAN, SURGEON DENTIST.
Office over Post Office, Stevens Point, Wis. Office hours from 8:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

SILVERNALE & SPECHT, Surgeon Dentists
Graduates Ohio College Dental Surgery. Office in First National Bank Block 2d floor. STEVENS POINT, WIS.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Glosses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to Restore Gray. Restores the natural Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 5c. and 15c. at Druggists.

Racine Incubator
The practical, serviceable kind. Automatic regulator; self-ventilated; nursery; no moisture. Built by a man who devoted 25 years to nothing but incubators. It can be operated successfully by anyone, anywhere. There lies the great value of the Racine. Don't buy without reading our remarkable Incubator Book—written by the man who made the Racine. It tells facts that you must know to get the right incubator. It's free. Write for it.
Racine Hatcher Co., Box 57, Racine, Wis.
We have Warehouses at Detroit, Buffalo, Kansas City and St. Paul.

Any Woman Knows THAT
CLOTHES must be boiled before they can be made perfectly clean. Any woman knows THAT. You can soak and you can rub—but you can't get the dirtiest washing absolutely clean and white without boiling them with
Maple City Soap
This wonderful Soap does the work like magic—without anything in it to eat the clothes or the hands—without the least fading of colors or shrinking of woolsens. Maple City Soap has made washing a fine art—an easy and pleasant task, by rendering rubbing and drudgery unnecessary. For woodwork, paint, windows and dishes it is without an equal. You can't keep house right without it. Big, white, double-lasting cake, 5 cents at all grocers.
MAPLE CITY SOAP WORKS, Monmouth, Illinois.

DANCY.

Miss Rosie Kling spent the past week at Junction City, doing dressmaking. The Misses Martha Gaspier and May Hampton were Wausau visitors last Tuesday.

Prof. Wells, principal of schools at Junction City, visited over Sunday in this village with his friend, Eugene Hein.

Miss Gladys Altenburg visited a day the past week at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Altenburg, at Stevens Point.

Eugene Hein was an Auburndale visitor over Sunday recently, going over to take part in a game of basket ball between Milladore and Auburndale.

Large quantities of logs, pulp wood, etc., are being gotten out at this place the present winter. The only drawback is the scarcity of cars for shipment.

The Dancy basket ball team will meet the Stevens Point business college team in a game to be played in Knowlton opera house, Saturday evening, Feb. 2.

G. G. Knoller attended a meeting of the commissioners of the Dancy drainage district at Grand Rapids, the first of the past week. The drainage case comes up again for trial at Wausau Feb. 4th, before Judge Fowler of Portage.

Owing to illness Mrs. Daniel Corlett was unable to attend the funeral of her father, Thomas Petty, the past week. The address delivered at the funeral by Rev. F. H. Brigham, pastor of the M. E. church of Wausau, was very able; every sentence which he uttered contained good, christian thoughts. He said there was one thing which we could not argue out of our minds, and which would be absolutely sure to overtake us all sooner or later, and that was Death; and indeed it would seem, the way that many live on that the meaning of the word is not understood at all.

Mrs. G. G. Knoller was a Wausau visitor a day the past week, going up to attend a card party given by Mrs. John F. Mathie at her very pleasant and commodious home on 5th street. Mrs. Mathie entertained about one hundred ladies and was assisted in receiving by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Otto Mathie of Wausau, and her sister, Miss Lehman of Green Bay. During the afternoon the curtains were drawn and the rooms were artificially illuminated. The decorations were of smilax. At 6 o'clock an elaborate luncheon was served in courses. Miss Margaret Hurley and the Misses Lehman and Sullivan assisted in serving.

MILLADORE.

Ed. Beranek is spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. Chas. Hunter, at Nekosia.

Ed. Brickheimer, a stock buyer from Marshfield, loaded two cars of bailed hay at this place last week.

Wm. Hultz and E. B. Smith are loading hemlock pulp wood for A. J. Empey, our local merchant.

Ben Moore, who is employed at Lynch's mill, returned home to Plover for a few days on Saturday.

Henry Grashorn of Junction City, came up with a load of young folks to attend the mask ball, Saturday evening.

Myron J. Smith, who is attending the Northern Collegiate Institute at Sherry, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Smith.

John Herdena went to Marshfield on Saturday to visit his brother Joe, who was operated upon for appendicitis at St. Joseph's hospital.

August Burrows, one of the pioneer settlers on Mill Creek, has been confined to his bed for the past week, by having an attack of heart trouble.

Arthur Smith came home from Milwaukee last week to attend the stockholders' annual meeting of the Milladore Lumber Co. He returned on Monday.

A. McWithey, father of A. H. McWithey, who has been in very poor health for some time, was moved to the Veterans' Home at Waupaca, last Thursday.

Henry Halverson, principal of the public school, called a meeting at the school house last Monday evening to see what the prospects are for having night school.

Miss Fanny Krupka returned to Nekosia on Friday to resume her duties after attending the funeral of her father, Joseph Krupka, who shot himself on Saturday, Jan. 19th.

Freebert Seefeldt has bought the south wing of the old school house from Wm. Wilke and will move it to the vacant lot adjoining his residence and make necessary repairs for a dwelling.

Vet DeLong, who has had charge of the Milladore Lumber Co. farm for the past year, has purchased the piece of land known as the Lukosh place from Ed. Lynch. Mr. DeLong is now repairing the buildings and intends to move in this coming week.

Rev. Harry Slater, of Appleton, preached a very good sermon to a large

audience in the Methodist church last Sunday morning and evening, this being one of his charges last year. It was impossible for Rev. Farr, the present elder, to speak here on that date.

The mask ball at Lang's hall last Saturday evening was well attended from the neighboring towns as well as by the home people. Prizes were awarded as follows: Best dressed gent, Iner Peterson, Spanish costume; best lady, Mrs. Wm. Arians of Junction City, gypsy peddler; comic gent, Arthur Tie, as Happy Hooligan. The music was furnished by the White Rose orchestra. Everyone reports a good time.

H. A. Hammond, who has been looking for a location for a grist mill in our town, has rented a piece of land 100 feet square from Geo. Hooper, being part of what is known as the coal kiln ground. Mr. Hammond has already started to build, having the foundation and the first floor laid, and last week his engine was shipped to Junction City by rail and brought to Milladore by team. He is expecting the other necessary machinery here by the time the building is finished. Steve Benish is doing the carpenter work.

BAU PLEINE.

We are sorry to hear that Willie Brye is on the sick list again.

Miss Clara Pitt has left for Milladore to attend the High school.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Johnson drove to Milladore to do some trading last week.

Mr. Davis and granddaughter, Ethel Barnes, visited at Milladore one day last week.

John Galvin has accepted the agency of the Wilbur stock food, which is for sale at his place.

Albert Johnson and Albert Jobs each took a load of people to the basket social, Thursday night.

The basket social at the C. E. meeting house, last Thursday night, was well attended, and all had a good time.

Miss Meda Jobs entertained some of her young lady friends in honor of her birthday, Sunday last, and all had a good time.

G. Kolsta was a welcome friend at the C. E. meeting, Sunday last, and will be with us again next Sunday to prepare for Sunday school for the little folks.

KNOWLTON.

Miss Mary Stark is somewhat improved from a severe illness.

Saline Breitenstein arrived home Sunday night from an extended visit at Wausau.

Miss Belle Squavoloski, who has been quite sick the past month, is on the road to recovery.

C. Lovesy and F. Oldenwalder enjoyed several days in the southern part of the state, recently.

Miss Bertha Richmond is home at Echo Brook farm, after a visit of three weeks at Stevens Point.

Walter Haynor, one of the young men of Knowlton who spent the past year at Upson, stopped between trains, on his way to Antigo, where he is to be employed as setter in a saw mill.

We understand Dancy has a game of basket ball scheduled with a Stevens Point Normal team, at Knowlton, Saturday night, Feb. 2d. Let everyone who understands and is interested in this popular game come and enjoy it. Let everyone who does not understand come and learn its goals, scores and free throws. The boys will appreciate a good crowd.

Friday night, Feb. 1st, Knowlton and its surrounding country society will have the opportunity of attending a masquerade party at A. Feit's hall. It promises to be one of the events of the season. The hall is spacious, warm and comfortable. The music is counted as firstclass, and the supper is expected to tempt the appetite of all happy pleasure seekers.

The K. P. C. club met at the pretty home of Miss Genevieve Guenther, Saturday, Jan. 26, from three until five p. m. The program was very pleasing, each member enjoying its entirety. Mr. and Mrs. A. Guenther assisted Miss Genevieve in entertaining, which proved a very agreeable feature. At 5 o'clock all ladies of the club were invited to the dining room, where they were regaled by a bountiful menu that had been prepared for them. As each guest took her seat at the table she gave an appropriate and happy toast.

ARNOTT.

Mrs. J. A. Werachowski spent Wednesday at the Point.

Gus Hoge, our barber, spent several days in Chicago last week.

Alvin Hetzel was a caller at A. F. Neuman's home last Sunday.

Rev. C. Schmidt, of Stevens Point, spent Friday afternoon at the Steinke home.

Adolph Skalitzy and wife, of Amherst Junction, are attending the institute.

Geo. Wagner returned from Sun Prairie after spending a week among relatives at that place.

Mrs. Scheffner, of Stevens Point, was a guest of Mrs. C. Breitenstein several days last week.

Misses Cora Steinke and Gladys Greenwood were visitors to Stevens Point the latter part of last week.

Matt Britz has purchased a fine span of colts, which he will use only as a road team. They appear high lived and speedy travelers.

Geo. Nelson, who is employed by Chas. Dwinell in the livery business at Amherst Junction, spent Sunday at his home in Buena Vista.

N. J. Michalski has installed a new gas lighting system in the M. W. A. hall. The system is the very latest on the market and has proved to be the best.

Jos. Wagner, of Sun Prairie, is visiting among relatives in this place and his former home at Amherst Junction. It has been 24 years since Mr. Wagner left and he therefore finds many changes in the country, as well as among the people.

The M. W. A. will give a grand mask ball at their hall, Friday evening, Feb. 18th. Elliott Martin, of Stevens Point, will be on hand with his costumes, which can be rented at reasonable terms. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

The farmers' institute, which is now being held here, is largely attended, farmers coming from many miles around and all take much interest in the proceedings and discussions. The conductors are all good speakers, and bring much information that should prove valuable to those who hear them. Next week we will comment more at length on what is being done.

WILL SERVE AT WAUPUN. LOCALS VANQUISH FOES.

Joe Breckenbridge, Stranger in the City, Robs a Saloon, Is Caught, Pleads Guilty, Awaits Sentence.

Joseph Breckenbridge, who had been working in the woods in the vicinity of Manitowoc during the first part of the winter, but who came to this city to dispose of his cash, made an effort to regain a part of it last Wednesday night by robbing Strong's saloon. The young man, who is about 25 years of age, had been spending about a week in this city, and during that time had made the above place his hangout. Albert Strong, who has the saloon in charge during the night, considered him harmless and he being the only guest that night, Strong retired to his room up stairs. Meanwhile, Breckenbridge looted the till for \$2.75, and after picking \$4.15 in nickels out of a cigar machine, he took two overcoats that belonged to Frank and Albert Strong. A supply of whisky was not neglected, and thus supplied, Breckenbridge wandered to the South Side, expecting to leave the city on the 1:45 north bound train. While at the depot, the stolen coat on Breckenbridge was recognized by Vernon Mallison, one of the night hawk drivers. Mallison detained Breckenbridge at a South Side saloon until after train time and upon returning up town, the fellow was placed under arrest by Officer Haertel. He pleaded guilty to the charge of grand larceny in Justice Carpenter's court, Thursday, and being unable to secure bail, which was fixed at \$500, he was taken to the county jail. He made an application to have his sentence pronounced on Monday, but will have to wait six days and will be brought before the court next Monday. The penalty for the offense is from one to five years in the state's prison at Waupun, and in this case Judge Murat can impose sentence.

OBITUARY OF GEO. S. CLARK.

George S. Clark of Buena Vista passed away at his home on Sunday morning, Dec. 30th, 1906, after an attack of apoplexy causing cerebral hemorrhage, producing cross paralysis. Mr. Clark had been a great sufferer from asthma for many years, but had been quite free from these attacks during the summer and fall. On the Wednesday before his demise he commenced getting up the year's wood; he was doing the hauling and a hired man was chopping. On Thursday he got two loads in the forenoon. Mr. Bruncker of Lanark took dinner with Mr. Clark and visited with him until 2 o'clock when the latter hitched his team and started back to the wood lot. Before reaching his destination one of the sleigh runners was broken, in consequence of which Mr. Clark wended his way homeward without any wood. The chopper finished his task about an hour later and also returned toward the Clark dwelling. When he had covered about half the distance he heard a peculiar sound some little way off the road and going in that direction came upon Mr. Clark, who still retained hold of the lines but was driving his team in a circle. The planks had fallen from the sleigh, his fur overcoat was gone, as were also Mr. Clark's mittens and one overshoe. The veteran gentleman was in a very dazed condition and had lost the use of his right leg. He was taken home and medical aid summoned. Everything possible was done, but he continued to fail and on Saturday had almost lost the use of his voice. He made an heroic effort to deliver a farewell message to his wife, but without success.

George Scott Clark was born at Eden, Vermont, April 26, 1847, being therefore in his sixtieth year. He was one of the best known residents of Buena Vista, having served as town treasurer for seven years and as clerk for eleven years; he also held other positions of trust and honor in the community. Mr. Clark had the confidence of his neighbors, being ever honest and upright, his word being always relied upon by those who knew him. He is survived by the widow and stepdaughter, Miss Alice Berry, an aged mother, Mrs. Scott Clark, a sister, Mrs. Gilbert Newby, all of Buena Vista, and a brother, Hazen Clark of Duluth.

The funeral services were held from the M. E. church at Liberty Corners on New Year's day, with interment in Buena Vista cemetery, Rev. F. C. Zoerb officiating.

ELLIS.

From all appearances the old saying will hold good, for January of this year came in like a lamb and is going out like a lion.

Miss Julia Allen, who is attending the business college in Stevens Point, spent Saturday and Sunday with her brother George and family.

A pleasant evening was spent by a number of our young people last week at the home of Matt Eiden, where several hours were enjoyed with cards and music.

Geo. W. Allen, of the Ellis creamery, will attend the state buttermakers' convention at Wausau, Feb. 5 to 8, and requests that his patrons bring their milk on Saturday instead of Friday of next week. While at the meeting Mr. Allen will endeavor to learn all he can about the best ways of making butter, so as to enable him to do more for his patrons, and also to better instruct them as to the care and handling of milk. This will in turn assist in producing a better grade of butter and command a better price, which, in short, means more money for the farmer. Later in the year Mr. Allen will hold a series of dairy meetings in the hall above his creamery, when the different methods of handling milk and cream to produce the greatest values will be discussed. In various parts of the state meetings of this character are held frequently, and have proved to be quite a success. Farmers are given an opportunity to learn methods in dairying, which they could not otherwise obtain. The meetings to be held at Ellis will also be of much interest to the people of Stevens Point, who are now using more than three-fourths of the butter made at Ellis.

School Reports.

Report of joint district No. 1, towns of Amherst and Stockton, for month ending Jan. 25. Number of days taught, 20. Those not absent or tardy during the month: Maude Simonis, Clara John and Adolph Lutz, Katie and Annie Kropelaski and Emma and Clara Gilbertson.

Corra T. Loberg, Teacher.

New London Falls Easy Prey for Our High School in Basketball—Grand Rapids is Defeat.

Never before did New London and Stevens Point engage in athletics until last Friday evening. It was such a pleasant affair that it might be well to continue on friendly terms, now so well established. It all happened in the New London opera house, when the local High school basket ball squad met and defeated the five young men of the other city. The score resulted 16 to 15 in favor of Stevens Point. The figures involved came after forty minutes of fast snappy playing, clever individual work and a slight advantage in brawn and muscle for the New London chaps, who are all numbered among the voters for the next president, and also admirable team work on the part of the local "beardless youths." Though both teams were in difficult straits on a very slippery floor of limited space, with other obstructions of walls and stairways, the game did not lack interest for the spectators. The other details follow:

	Field throws	Free throws	Fouls
Bigelow, c.....	2	1	1
Woodworth, rf.....	2	1	1
Park, lf.....	1	0	0
Copps, rg.....	2	0	1
Cashin, lg.....	0	0	1
Total.....	7	2	4
New London.....			
L. Flanagan, c.....	2	3	0
G. Flanagan, rf.....	2	0	1
Cannon, lf.....	0	0	0
Parfitt, rg.....	0	0	1
Stains, lg.....	2	0	0
Total.....	6	3	2

Referee, Lenore Eaton; umpire, Fischke; timekeeper, Prof. J. N. Davis; scorers Welland and Katendahl. Alfred Baker and Wayne Bentley accompanied the team from here.

The Grand Rapids High school boys were beaten by the Normal team here last Friday evening, by the score of 26 to 12. The game was the best the Normal team have played this season. Wadleigh, Hill and Boston displayed numerous rapid stunts, while Roberts and Bennett were able to figure out clearly what their opponents had in mind, checking their advance at every portion of the game. The boys from the Rapids are athletes, of course, but of a rough and tumble variety. The game was more a case of cleverness vs. strength. The former won decidedly. The lineup and score:

	Field throws	Free throws	Fouls
Grand Rapids.....			
Arpin, c.....	1	0	3
Voyer, rf.....	0	8	6
Wood, lf.....	1	0	2
Crowns, rg.....	0	0	4
Heise, lg.....	0	0	3
Total.....	2	8	18
Stevens Point.....			
Roberts, c.....	1	0	3
Wadleigh, lf.....	3	8	2
Boston, rf.....	4	0	2
Bennett, rg.....	1	0	2
Hill, lg.....	0	0	2
Total.....	9	8	11

Officials—Umpire, Everson; referee, Scwede; timekeeper, Little; scorer, Wilson. Time of halves, 20 minutes.

The Sixth Annual Convention.

The premium fund to be awarded on the pro-rata plan to all makers having butter at the convention to be held at Wausau, Feb. 5th to 8th, scoring 90 points or over, is the largest ever offered by any state organization, viz: \$1,139.42. This fund will be distributed as soon as the scoring of the butter is finished, which is done in the presence of the maker if present, in order that the judge and critic may explain wherein the faults, if any, lay. This feature is distinctly a Wisconsin one, having been first tried at the first Wisconsin convention.

The program is full of topics that are interesting and timely, and no creameryman or buttermaker who has the welfare of his business at heart can afford to stay away.

The railroads are granting a fare and a third on the certificate plan from all points within the state and Chicago to all attending the convention. Be sure and get a receipt for money paid from the agent at your starting point.

If you have not received a program, address the secretary, J. G. Moore, Madison, Wis.

MEEHAN.

F. B. Fox was a Stevens Point caller on Saturday last.

L. T. Fox and Frank Pascavis have attacks of rheumatism.

Perry Slack is confined to the house with an attack of the grippe.

Miss Olla Hawley, of Stevens Point, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bailey.

Mrs. Effie Roe is quite sick. Dr. Rogers, of Stevens Point, is attending her.

Upwards of twenty car loads of pulp wood was loaded at this station last week.

Mrs. Antoine Green is quite sick and is under the care of Dr. Lindores of Stevens Point.

Mrs. Hattie Fox visited with her daughter, Mrs. Victor Ward, at Amherst, last week.

R. L. Bailey is very sick with heart trouble. His friends fear for his recovery, as he is past 80 years of age.

OUR MARKETS.

(Grain and feed quotations are given us by telephone every Wednesday noon by The Jackson Milling Co., while V. Helach furnishes the prices on meats, butter, etc., and M. Coppe the prices on hay and potatoes, and farmers and buyers can depend on them.)	
Rye.....	\$4.50
Patent Flour.....	4.70
Rye Flour.....	3.90
Wheat.....	7.00
56 pounds.....	7.00
Oats.....	3.00
Middlings.....	1.05
Feed.....	1.10
Brass.....	1.10
Corn.....	.95
Corn meal.....	1.05
Butter.....	20.00
Eggs.....	25.00
Chickens.....	11.00
Turkeys.....	14.00
Lard.....	12.00
Mess Pork.....	18.00
Mess Beef.....	12.00
Hogs live.....	\$5.25-5.75
Hog dressed.....	7.00-7.50
Beef live.....	2.90-2.75
Beef dressed.....	4.75-5.25
Hams.....	16.00
Hat, Timothy.....	\$9.00-10.00
Potatoes.....	25.00

A. J. CUNNEEN & Co.

Our Annual Cleaning Up Sale At Prices Below Cost.

All our \$1.00 and \$1.25 Shirts will go at 75c

All our 50 and 75 cent Shirts will go at 35c

UNDERWEAR All kinds and prices at the same reduction. All seasonable goods in our store will be sold at the above prices, up to and including February 26th, 1907.

New Spring Goods Now Arriving.

YOURS TRULY.

455 Main St.

A. J. Cunneen & Co.

Anatomy of an Oyster.

To discover the heart of an oyster the fold of flesh which oystermen call the "mantle" must be removed. This is fatal to the oyster, of course, but in the interest of science and for the benefit of the "curious" it is occasionally done. When the mantle has been removed the heart, shaped like a crescent or horned moon, is laid to the view. The oyster's heart is made up of two parts, just like that of a human being, one of which receives the blood from the gills, and the other drives it out through the arteries. The liver is found in the immediate vicinity of the heart and stomach and is a queer shaped little organ, which is supposed to perform all the functions of a blood filter. Every oyster has a mouth, a heart, a liver, a stomach and other necessary internal organs, including a set of cunningly devised intestines. The mouth is at the small end of the oyster's body, near the hinge of the shell. It is oval in shape, and, though not readily discovered by an unpracticed eye, it may be easily located by gently pushing a blunt bodkin or similar instrument along the folds of the surface of the body at the place mentioned. Connected with the mouth is the canal which the oyster uses in conveying food to the stomach, from whence it passes into the curious little set of netted and twisted intestines referred to.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

AMHERST.

B. R. Finch, of Stevens Point, was in town Monday.

Fred Allen, of Stevens Point, was here on Monday.

Harry Peterson and Otto Glodoski spent Sunday in Stevens Point.

John Swan, of Waupaca, took dinner at the Central hotel last Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Youka, of Lewiston, Minn., were guests at Almer Olson's, last week.

Elmer Eskrit, A. Youkers and Ernest Bennett, of Buena Vista, delivered stock here Monday.

Wm. Loftus is hauling lumber and timber for a barn, 32x62 feet, that he will put up next spring.

Miss Clara Pope, of Lind Center, Waupaca county, was a guest at John Een's, Saturday and Sunday.

John C. Damrau and Miss Clara Lewison, both of Amherst, will be married at Scandinavia next Wednesday.

AMHERST JUNCTION.

A. Miller spent Sunday in Stevens Point.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Dwinell spent Sunday at Lower Amherst.

Potato market steady at 25 cents per bushel for eating stock.

Now is the time to buy stoves at Guyant & Waller's. Special bargains.

Lester Hoffman is clerking in the Adams hardware store in our suburban village of Amherst.

August Bickel, one of our mighty hunters, killed a large fox last week and thereby added another notch on his gun stock.

Mr. and Mrs. Adelbert Guyant rejoice over the advent of a 10 pound young man that came to board with them on Friday, the 18th.

The stockholders of the creamery will not operate the creamery after Feb. 15th, as they have let it to the buttermaker at Benson's Corners, who will move down to this place.

Great Combination Offer!

Good Until March 1, 1907.

MILWAUKEE DAILY FREE PRESS

—AND—

THE GAZETTE

For \$3.00 Per Year

For Both Papers—Strictly in Advance.

Including the Sunday Free Press, by mail, - \$4.00.

The regular subscription price of the FREE PRESS is \$3.00, or \$5.00 including Sunday. Now you can get THE GAZETTE and the Daily for \$3.00, with Sunday edition for \$1.00 more.

These rates are STRICTLY IN ADVANCE—AND NO TRUST. Good until March 1st.

Call upon or send your subscriptions to

THE GAZETTE, STEVENS POINT, WIS.

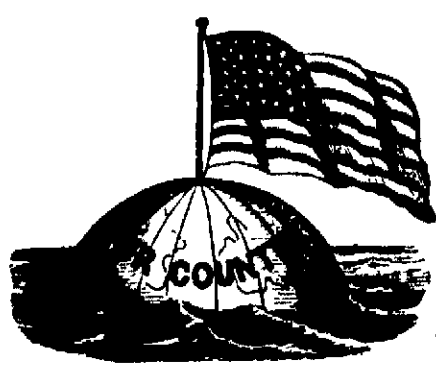
When You Take Cold

One way is to pay no attention to it; at least not until it develops into pneumonia, or bronchitis, or pleurisy. Another way is to ask your doctor about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. If he says, "The best thing for colds," then take it. Do as he says, anyway.

We publish our formulas. We banish alcohol from our medicines. We give you the doctor's secret.

Ayer's

When the bowels are constipated, poisonous substances are absorbed into the blood instead of being daily removed from the body as nature intended. Knowing this danger, doctors always inquire about the condition of the bowels. Ayer's Pills.



STEVENS POINT, WIS JANUARY., 30, 1907.

A WEEK'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

RECORD OF MOST INTERESTING EVENTS TOLD IN BRIEFEST MANNER POSSIBLE.

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

Information Gathered from All Quarters of the Civilized World and Prepared for the Perusal of the Busy Man.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

The interstate commerce commission transmitted to congress its first report on its investigation on discriminations and monopolies under the joint resolution of congress of March 7, 1906. The report deals with the bituminous coal monopoly of the east, says the railways control the output and makes recommendations for remedial legislation.

The senate accepted the proposition of the house of representatives to increase the salaries of senators members and territorial delegates to \$7,500 annually, and those of the vice president, the speaker of the house and members of the president's cabinet to \$12,000.

The senate passed the compromise Foraker resolution authorizing the committee on military affairs to investigate the facts of the affray at Brownsville on the nights of August 13 and 14 last, "without questioning the legality or justice of any act of the president in relation to or connected with that affray."

The house committee on agriculture decided to recommend the discontinuance of free seed distribution.

The house of representatives passed the pension appropriation bill after voting to abolish all the pension agencies in the country, 18 in number, and centralize the payment of pensions in Washington.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The government rejected the Panama canal bid of Oliver & Bangs, but told Mr. Oliver that he would be given the contract if he would associate himself with another satisfactory contractor.

Attorney General Young, of Minnesota, made another attack on the Great Northern railway by beginning quo warranto proceedings to compel the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railroad company to show cause why its charter should not be forfeited. This company is really the parent of the Great Northern Railway company, and the Great Northern was joined in this issue, as it is the owner of the Manitoba company's stock.

The German government won a definite victory in the general election for a new reichstag. The liberal, radical and conservative parties, supporting Prince von Buelow's colonial policy, won at least 20 seats and the socialists lost 17 or 18 seats.

Dr. Augustus V. L. Brokaw, aged 44, one of the most prominent surgeons in St. Louis and having national repute, died from ptomaine poisoning.

Editor James H. McCartney, of the Hillsdale (Ill.) Post, and Frank A. Walker, of the same place, were arrested by United States officers for falsifying rural free delivery examination papers.

People living near Sandford, Ind., asserted that a meteor caused the explosion of the powder car at that town that wrecked a train and killed many people.

Peter Schlef, of Detroit, shot and killed his wife as she lay asleep in bed and then fired a bullet into his own breast.

The Montana senate defeated anti-pass and anti-gambling bills.

F. A. Sterling, formerly assistant forester in the department of agriculture at Washington, was appointed forester of the Pennsylvania railroad.

A commission appointed by the Cuban government has turned in a report to the effect that Dr. Matias Duque probably has discovered a cure for leprosy.

Senator Platt's wife sued two Washington papers for \$500,000 libel.

Admiral Beranger, former Spanish minister of marine, died suddenly.

Advices received at Antwerp say that a revolt has broken out in Man-yanga in the Kongo Free State and additional troops have been asked for.

Two hundred men forced the ringing down of the curtain at Victoria theater, New York, when the Russell brothers put on an act ridiculing the Irish race.

Several cargoes of coal are on the way from Japan to Tacoma, Wash., to relieve the fuel famine in the far west.

The full text of the correspondence between Rear Admiral Davis and Gov. Swettenham of Jamaica was received at the navy department and after studying it Secretary Metcalf announced that Admiral Davis was fully justified in the course he pursued at Kingston and that there was nothing in the whole affair to warrant the letter addressed to him by Gov. Swettenham.

The president has assured Esme Howard, British charge, that the government has no intention of paying any attention to the Swettenham-Davis incident at Kingston. Two more very severe shocks terrified Jamaicans Tuesday. Food and other supplies were sent from Boston and Panama. Vice Consul Orrett says the dead probably will number over 2,000.

Citizens of Kingston, Jamaica, severely condemned Gov. Swettenham for his failure to properly direct and cooperate in the relief work, which was greatly hampered thereby. It is believed in London that the governor has resigned.

There was a fierce collision at Vanes, France, between the populace and 500 troops over a seminary eviction. The Marquis de Cuverville knocked out the eyes of a police commissary with her umbrella.

Fred Marriott was badly injured when his racing automobile was wrecked at Ormond-Daytona Beach, Fla., while going at tremendous speed.

John P. Quirk was found guilty of manslaughter for killing W. A. Dowell, a newspaper man, at Minneapolis.

John L. Hart, aged 13 years, hanged himself in Stowe, Pa., because a girl said she didn't like him.

Andrew G. Blair, one of the best known public men in Canada, died at Fredericton, N. B.

United States Senator Russell A. Alger died suddenly in Washington of oedema of the lungs. Though he had been in poor health for a long time, his death was quite unexpected.

The Wabash river levee near Merom, Ind., protecting an entire township, broke and the flood drove 300 people from their homes. Thousands of acres of fine farming land in Missouri was under water. Grand Rapids, Mich., was imperiled by an ice gorge 40 miles long in the Grand river.

William Whiteley, founder of the first big department store in London, was shot and killed by a young man who afterwards attempted to commit suicide.

The Franklin Cattle company, the largest range cattle company in the west, has sold its entire herds of 80,000 head of cattle and will go out of business.

The lower house of the Missouri legislature passed an anti-cigarette bill, and an anti-lobby bill.

Federal Judge Lochren granted a temporary restraining order on behalf of the ten railroads doing business in the state of Minnesota, restraining the state railroad and warehouse commission from putting into effect the reduction in freight rates ordered by the commission December 24.

Dr. W. W. Davis, one of the oldest physicians in Bloomfield, Ia., committed suicide by swallowing carbolic acid.

A bill was introduced in the Indiana legislature taxing bachelors \$5 annually, between the ages of 25 and 30 years; \$7.50 between 30 and 40 years, and \$10 over 40 years of age. Bachelors supporting their mothers are exempted.

Three distinct earthquake shocks were felt in the village of Prospect, N. Y.

Maj. Robert Strong, prominent railroad man, Mason, confederate veteran and former theatrical manager, died at New Orleans after a short illness.

Four indictments were returned against employees of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad by the grand jury at Valparaiso, Ind., on account of the wreck at Woodville, Ind., on November 12, in which over 60 persons lost their lives.

The worst storm of the winter, accompanied by intense cold, aggravated the fuel and supplies shortage in the northwest.

Col. John F. Y. Blake, who recruited the Irish-American brigade that fought against England in the Boer war, was found dead in his room in New York, a victim of gas poisoning.

Executors of Marshall Field's estate estimate the holdings of bonds and stocks at about \$40,000,000 par value, the real worth being much more.

Uriah Culbert, former Michigan state senator and prominent lumberman and marine contractor, died at Michigan City, Ind.

Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, the last of the children of Rev. Lyman Beecher, sister of Henry Ward Beecher and Harriet Beecher Stowe, died at Hartford, Conn.

It was announced at the war department that the offices of chairman and chief engineer of the isthmian canal commission would be combined and that Mr. Stevens, the present chief engineer, would be given the appointment, the understanding being that he will maintain a residence on the isthmus.

The Academy of Music in Washington was damaged \$50,000 by fire.

Lucas Raney and C. T. Miller were fatally scalded in the plant of the Mutual Heating company in Terre Haute, Ind.

Mattie Merritt, aged 27; Vergie Taylor, aged five, and Ethel King, aged four, were burned to death at Indianapolis.

The Texas oil fields along the gulf coast have decreased their production over 45 per cent. within the last week and the cause is attributed to seismic disturbances in Jamaica.

H. E. Ager, a member of the Indiana legislature, was drowned in the Wabash river.

The central part of the city of Polotsk, in the province of Vitbsk, one of the most ancient cities of the Russian empire, was destroyed by fire.

It was officially announced by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company that 24 men were killed by the mine explosion at Primero, Col.

High water in the Ohio river caused a Baltimore & Ohio freight train on the Marietta branch to plunge through a bridge and the engineer, fireman and two brakemen were killed.

Judge Oscar Hallam at St. Paul signed an order enjoining James J. Hill and other officials of the Great Northern Railway company from making the proposed increase of \$60,000,000 worth of additional stock of that company or issuing the same or a part thereof during the pending litigation without first making an application in writing therefor to the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission and securing its approval thereof.

Theodore P. Shonts has tendered his resignation as chairman of the Panama canal commission and has been elected president of the Interborough Metropolitan Traction company of New York.

Henry Ball, a negro, was lynched at Greenwood, Miss., the home of Gov. Vardaman, Tuesday night, by unknown parties.

Four men were killed and several injured in a freight wreck on the Ohio division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad near Letart, W. Va.

The Alabama house of representatives passed a resolution approving the action of President Roosevelt in discharging the negro soldiers implicated in the Brownsville, Texas, affair.

Fire in Viroqua, Wis., destroyed the Vernon county bank and the buildings occupied by the Bell and the La Crosse and Interurban Telephone companies.

The house of representatives of South Dakota passed an anti-lobbying bill, making it unlawful for persons interested in legislation to approach members except through the regularly organized committees.

The 200 Japanese immigrants who arrived at San Francisco on the steamer Alameda, and whose landing was not allowed by the immigration commissioner, were permitted to land later on instructions from Washington.

A maid in the service of Queen Olga of Greece has been arrested charged with the theft of diamonds valued at \$2,000 from ornaments belonging to her majesty. The maid substituted paste imitations for the real stones.

The Red Cross sent by cable draft the sum of \$5,000 to the American consul general, Rogers, at Shanghai for the relief of the Chinese famine sufferers.

Mrs. Narcissa Nance Kendrick, aged 68 years, a niece of President James K. Polk, is dead at Uniontown, Pa.

Ferocious wolves are causing panic and havoc in the north provinces of Spain. The heavy fall of snow has driven the animals into the plains, where they have attacked flocks and devoured a man and a child.

The Kansas legislature in joint session ratified the election of Charles Curtis as United States senator for the long term, also for the unexpired term of ex-Senator Joseph R. Burton.

Porter county, Indiana, grand jury and the state railroad commission are probing the wrecks at Woodville, Fowler and Sandford, which cost in the aggregate nearly 100 lives.

Three serious fires in Richmond, Va., did damage aggregating \$300,000. The armory of the Richmond Blues, the second oldest military company in the United States, was destroyed.

The trial of Harry K. Thaw for the murder of Stanford White began in New York Wednesday.

All grades of fine writing paper are to be increased ten per cent in price, according to advices from Holyoke, Mass.

Senator Shelby M. Cullom was given the majority vote of both branches of the Illinois legislature.

Joseph W. Bailey was reelected United States senator from Texas by a vote, in both houses of the legislature, of 108 to 45; necessary to a choice, 83.

Capt. Thomas Peabody, who commanded the transport Sheridan when it ran on a reef off Hawaii last summer, has been suspended for six months.

Senator Giuseppe Saracco, formerly premier of Italy and minister of the interior, is dead at Bistagne. He was 85 years old.

TO GET ALGER'S TOGA

W. A. SMITH WILL BE NEW SENATOR FROM MICHIGAN.

Interesting Story of His Rise from Newsboy to Position of Wealth and Prominence—His Record in Congress.

Lansing, Mich.—In succession to Russell A. Alger, a native son of the Wolverine state is to represent Michigan in the United States senate. After one of the most exciting political campaigns ever fought in the two-penninsula commonwealth, William Alden Smith of Grand Rapids, congressman, editor, banker, railway man, merchant, millionaire and man of affairs.

Mr. Smith is 48 years old and a native of Dowagiac, Mich. He was educated in the public schools and went with his family to Grand Rapids when he was 12 years old.

In Grand Rapids he began his career of self-reliance by selling popcorn and newspapers and running errands, for the family was poor. He turned all his earnings over to his parents for the family support.

The stepping stone of his political career was his appointment as a page in the house of representatives of the state.

Finding that another boy had secured a position as messenger boy, for which he had applied to his home representative, he trudged the 25 miles from Grand Rapids to Ionia to solicit in person from Lieutenant Governor Sessions a position as messenger to the senate. His ambitions in this direction were dashed, for he was told that there were no vacancies, but he was undaunted. He made his way to Lansing on the opening day of the session, and his persistence brought him the appointment as page from Speaker John T. Rich.

His first winter in the legislature as a page gave him a wide acquaintance with men in the state. It strengthened a determination he had formed to become a lawyer, and he took up the reading of law in the office of Burch & Montgomery, and at the age of 24 was admitted to the bar. He soon became associated with Fred W. Stevens, and later the firm became Smiley, Smith & Stevens.

He became general counsel for the Chicago & West Michigan and for the Detroit, Grand Rapids & Western railroads, and under Gov. Luce was appointed state game warden for his work in the campaign.

1906 the Democrats placed no candidate in the field against him. In the years he has served in congress he has developed into one of the strong men of the house. He voted for the employers' liability bill, voted for the absolute control of the corporations by congress, and first and foremost has at all times advocated the amendment of the constitution of the United States to provide for the election of United States senators by the people.

Besides being a lawyer and a politician, the new senator is a good business man and a money-maker. He is interested in enterprises in his home city and elsewhere and is vice president of the Peoples' Savings bank of Grand Rapids. He also owns the Grand Rapids Herald, the paper which he peddled when a boy. On the intellectual side it may be mentioned that Dartmouth college gave him the degree of master of arts in June, 1901.

Mr. Smith built a logging railroad from Rapid City to Kalkaska and Stratford a distance of 44 miles, ten years ago, to tap a tract of lumber on the Upper Manistee river, which had been left uncultivated because of its distance from the railroads. Later he built a line from Lowell to Hastings. For this work he received \$100,000 in stock which was considered worthless. He held it until the Pere Marquette had use for the branch, then sold it at par.

Mr. Smith was first elected to congress in 1894. He was reelected in 1896, and with increased majorities each two years since, until in 1904 his majority was nearly 18,000. In



WILLIAM ALDEN SMITH.
(He Will Succeed Alger as Senator from Michigan.)

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FIFTY YEARS ON A ROCK.

Ida Lewis Well Known as Lighthouse Keeper in Newport Harbor.

Newport, R. I.—With the coming new year Ida Lewis, known as the Grace Darling of America, celebrated her fiftieth year in the little light-



Miss Lewis and Her Island.

house on Lime rock, Newport harbor, of which she is in charge as keeper.

As girl and woman Ida Lewis has lived a remarkable life. Her bravery and skill in handling a boat are well known, and her fame is secure as the greatest woman life saver in the world, for she has the credit of having saved no less than 18 lives, most of her rescues having been effected in the face of extreme danger and in winter.

Ida Lewis is known personally to half the residents of Newport, and by sight practically to all. In her catboat she comes daily to Newport for her household supplies, accompanied by a big dog, and the weather must be severe indeed to keep her away.

As keeper of the Lime island lighthouse, to which post she was appointed in recognition of her bravery and record as a life-saver, on the death of her father, Miss Lewis has shown herself as careful and efficient as a man could be. She is one of the few women in such a position.

She cared for the light several years before appointed keeper, when her father, because of sickness, was unable to perform his duties. At the same time she helped keep house and rowed her younger sisters to Newport daily to school.

She was appointed keeper of the light in 1879 at a salary of \$750 a

year, and has performed her duties without a break ever since.

Although she will be 65 years old in February, Miss Lewis is a younger-looking woman, and is as active as she was 25 years ago.

Ida Lewis' first rescue was in 1858, when, a girl of 16, she saved four young men from an overturned boat in Newport harbor on a windy night.

In February, 1866, she saved three drunken soldiers from the icy waters of Newport harbor, into which they had fallen from a skiff.

In January, 1867, she rescued three Irish laborers who had swamped a boat while pursuing a frightened flock of sheep which had taken to the water.

Two weeks later she rescued a man from the masthead of a sunken boat near Goat island, Newport harbor.

On March 29, 1869, she rescued two soldiers and a boy from an upturned boat in biting cold. All were helpless when she reached them. For this rescue congress awarded her a gold medal and she received the thanks of the state of Rhode Island.

This act made her name famous and she was showered with attentions from societies and individuals in all parts of the country.

These are but the chief of her rescues.

Father Explains.

Johnny—Papa, what does automobile mean?

Papa—It comes from the Greek "auto"—self—and the Latin "mobile" movement. It means a machine that goes by itself.

Johnny—Doesn't any one have anything to do with it?

Papa (who tries to drive a horse and buggy)—No one with any self-respect.—Home Magazine.

His Loss.

"Charlie Gombroke appears to be a good deal upset by the bank failure."

"Yes; I understood him to say that he lost his balance."

Steering Safe.

"No, I never give advice."

"Wh ynot?"

"It's a waste of time if people don't act on it, and if they do act on it, it's risky."

DO HONOR TO ALGER

DEAD SENATOR'S BODY LIES IN STATE IN DETROIT.

THOUSANDS PASS BIER

Remains of Michigan Statesman Brought from Washington by the Widow and Senators and Representatives.

Detroit, Mich.—Nearly 30,000 people paid tribute Sunday afternoon to the memory of Senator R. A. Alger as his body lay in state in the city hall. For three hours and a half a continuous, unbroken double line of men, women and children passed rapidly through the corridor for a last look at the familiar face of the dead senator.

Guarded by company G, Seventh United States infantry, the body lay on a bier under a beautiful canopy of American flags, surrounded by stately palms. A silk flag was draped over the casket and upon this lay several magnificent wreaths. The long corridor was hung with black draperies from floor to ceiling and lined with tall palms and ferns. Pathetic and moving incidents abounded as the throng passed before the open casket. Old soldiers who had served in the civil war with Alger saluted as they slowly marched by the body of their old commander with tear-dimmed eyes.

When the last person had passed before the casket the senator's body was carried out to the hearse and taken to his late home on Fort street, escorted by Mayor W. B. Thompson and a committee from the common council.

The special train on which the funeral party came from Washington arrived in the city over the Michigan Central railroad at ten o'clock in the morning. Accompanying Mrs. Alger and the other members of the family on the train were Senators Burrows, Scott and Warren, and all the members of the Michigan congressional delegation excepting Congressman Darragh, Young and Hamilton. The congressional escort and a committee from the common council, headed by Mayor W. B. Thompson, formed behind the casket and it was borne to the waiting hearse. Then the escort of the veterans of the G. A. R. and the Spanish war veterans formed in column behind the hearse, and with a military band playing a funeral march, the procession started for the city hall.

Mrs. Alger, it was stated by members of the funeral party, stood the trying journey home very well, and is bearing up wonderfully under the shock of the senator's sudden death.

The funeral ceremonies will be held from the senator's home at 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon.

SHAWNEETOWN HAS A SCARE.

Levee Breaks But Entire Town Turns Out and Repairs It.

Evansville, Ind.—The Ohio river is falling here and Sunday night stood at 45.7 feet. The Wabash river is again rising rapidly. At one o'clock Sunday morning a break occurred in the south part of the levee at Shawneetown, Ill., and the men stationed in the churches rang all the bells and soon every able-bodied man in the city was at work on the levee and the break was finally stopped.

A telephone message from Shawneetown stated that the levee is holding, but fear is expressed that the great volume of water now coming out of the Wabash river will do serious damage to the big embankment. The levee is heavily patrolled.

OLIVER GETS CANAL CONTRACT.

Given Ten Days to Associate Himself with Two Others.

Washington.—Following a conference at the White House Sunday, it was officially announced that the contract for building the Panama canal would be awarded to William J. Oliver, who, with Anson M. Bangs, was the lowest bidder in the recent competition, provided that within the next ten days he associates himself with at least two independent contractors whose skill and experience, combined with his own, shall cover the field of the work to be performed under the contract.

Explosion in Servian Palace.

Belgrade, Servia.—A mysterious explosion occurred at the palace Saturday evening, which shattered many windows of the building. It was stated that the explosion resulted from leaving a quantity of gunpowder and candles too near a stove in the private apartments of the crown prince. No body was injured.

Lieutenant Missing in Cuba.

Havana.—Lieut. Charles F. ... long of the Fifth cavalry ... reported missing Sunday and ... fears expressed that he had ... considerable sum of money ... session.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to the editors and the public and do not expect names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

IN SUNNY OLD SPAIN.

You may talk of skyscrapers that tower,
And rear their heads high to the sky,
You of mansions may prate and stories relate
Of their wonders that dazzle the eye;
But there's something I sing of that's grander,
Whose beauties are hard to explain—
In a far away land I have reared with a wand
A castle in sunny old Spain.
Your mansions may gleam with their splendours—
But what are their splendours to me?
Your columns of white may stand in their might
Attesting to man's witchery.
Your halls of pure marble may glisten,
And gems flash from over the main—
But there's naught can compare with my castle in air—
My castle in sunny old Spain.
Rose covered, vine laden, it stands there,
With halls all a-glitter with gold—
There's a fountain of wine—a nectar divine
That is sweeter than nectar of old.
You may hear, if you wish, tinkling music
That is balm for each sorrow and pain—
There are voices that sing with a silvery ring
In my castle in sunny old Spain.
'Tis true that my castle is flimsy—
And far, far away is the land;
'Tis true it may fade, as castles will fade
That are reared on the uncertain sand.
But when crumbled to dust are its pillars,
And all scattered, like wind-blown rain,
I have only to dream, and lo! there will gleam
Another in sunny old Spain!
—Milwaukee Sentinel.

THE SPENDERS
A Tale of the Third Generation
By HARRY LEON WILSON

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CHAPTER XXII.—CONTINUED.

"And if you want to, you can be the game with me. I ain't ever held anything against you, and maybe now I can do you a favor."

"It's right good of you to say so."

"Now, look here, ma'am, let's you and me get right down to cases about this society game here in New York."

Mrs. Wybert laughed charmingly and relaxed in manner.

"I'm with you, Mr. Bines. What about it, now?"

"Now don't get suspicious, and tell me to mind my own business when I ask you questions."

"I couldn't be suspicious of you—really I feel as if I'd have to tell you everything you asked me, some way."

"Well, there's been some talk of your marrying that young Milbrey. Now tell me the inside of it."

She looked at the old man closely. Her intuition confirmed his own protestations of friendliness.

"I don't mind telling you in strict confidence, there was talk of marriage, and his people, all but the sister, encouraged it. Then after she was engaged to Shepler they talked him out



"YOU THINK IT OVER."

of it. Now that's the whole God's truth, if it does you any good."

"If you had married him you'd 'a' had a position, like they say here, right away."

"Oh, dear, yes! awfully swaggar people—dead swell, every one of them. There's no doubt about that."

"Exactly, and there ain't really any reason why you can't be somebody here."

"Well, between you and I, Mr. Bines, I can play the part as well as a whole lot of these women here. I don't want to talk, of course, but—well!"

"Exactly, you can give half of 'em cards and spades and both casinos, Mrs. Wybert."

"And I'll do it yet. I'm not through by any means. They're not the only perfectly elegant people in this town!"

"Of course you'll do it, and you could do it better if you had three or four times the stake you got."

"Dollars are worth more apiece in New York than any town I've ever been in."

"Mrs. Wybert, I can put you right square into a good thing, and I'm going to do it. Heard anything about Consolidated Copper?"

"I've heard something big was doing in it; but nobody seems to know for certain. My broker is afraid of it."

Very well. Now do as I tell you, and you can clean up a big lot inside of the next two months. If you do as I tell you, mind, no matter what you bear, and if you don't talk."

Mrs. Wybert meditated.

"Mr. Bines, I'm—it's natural that I'm a little uneasy. Why should you want to see me do well, after our little affair? Now, out with it! What are you trying to do with me? What do you expect me to do for you? Get down to cases yourself, Mr. Bines!"

"I will, ma'am, in a few words. My granddaughter, you may have heard, is engaged to an Englishman. He's next thing to broke, but he's got a title coming. Naturally he's looking for money. Naturally he don't care for the girl. But I'm afraid she's infatuated with him. Now then, if he had a chance at some one with more money than she's got, why, naturally, he'd jump at it."

"Aren't you a little bit wild?"

"Not a little bit. He saw you at Newport last summer, and he's seen you here. He was tearing the adjectives up telling me about you the other night, not knowing, you understand, that I'd ever heard tell of you before. You could marry him in a jiffy if you follow my directions."

"But your granddaughter has a fortune."

"You'll have as much if you play this the way I tell you. And—you never can tell in these times—she might lose a good bit of hers."

"It's very peculiar, Mr. Bines—your proposition."

"Look at what a brilliant match it would be for you. Why, you'd be Lady Casselthorpe, with dukes and counts takin' off their crowns to you. And that other one—that Milbrey—from all I hear he's lighter'n cork—out his galluses and he'd float right up into the sky. He ain't got anything but his good family and a thirst."

"I see. This Mauburn isn't good enough for your family, but you reckon he's good enough for me? Is that it, now?"

"Come, Mrs. Wybert, let's be broad. That's the game you like, and I don't criticize you for it. It's a good game if that's the kind of a game you're huntin' for. And you can play it better my granddaughter. She wa'n't meant for it—and I'd rather have her marry an American, anyhow. Now you like it, and you got beauty—only you need more money. I'll put you in the way of it, and you can cut out my granddaughter."

"I must think about it. Suppose I plunge in copper, and your tip isn't straight. I've seen hard times, Mr. Bines, in my life. I haven't always wore sealskin and diamonds."

"Mrs. Wybert, you was in Montana long enough to know how I stand there?"

"I know you're A 1, and your word's as good as another man's money. I don't question your good intentions."

"It's my judgment, hey? Now, look here, I won't tell you what I know and how I know it, but you can take my word that I know I do know. You plunge in copper right off, without saying a word to anybody or makin' any spurge, and here—"

From the little table at his elbow he picked up the card that had announced him and drew out his pencil.

"You said my word was as good as another man's money. Now I'm going to write on this card just what you have to do, and you're to follow directions, no matter what you hear about other people doing. There'll be all sorts of reports about that stock, but you follow my directions."

He wrote on the back of the card with his pencil.

"Consolidated Copper, remember—and now I'm a-goin' to write something else under them directions."

"Do this up to the limit of your capital and I will make good anything you lose." There, Mrs. Wybert, I've signed that 'Peter Bines.' That card wouldn't be worth a red apple in a court of law, but you know me, and you know it's good for every penny you lose."

"Really, Mr. Bines, you half-way persuade me. I'll certainly try the copper play—and about the other—well—we'll see; I don't promise, mind you!"

"You think over it. I'm sure you'll like the idea—think of bein' in that great nobility, and bein' around them palaces with their dukes and counts. Think how these same New York women will meach to you then!"

The old man rose.

"And mind, follow them directions and no other—makes no difference what you hear, or I won't be responsible. And I'll rely on you, ma'am, never to let anyone know about my visit, and to send me back that little document after you're cashed in."

He left her studying the card with a curious little flash of surprise.

CHAPTER XXIII.
THE AMATEUR NAPOLEON OF WALL STREET.

At the beginning of April, the situation in the three stocks Percival had bought so heavily grew undeniably tense. Consolidated Copper went from 109 to 103 in a week. But Percival's enthusiasm suffered little abatement from the drop.

"You see," he reminded Uncle Peter, "it isn't exactly what I expected, but it's right in line with it, so it doesn't alarm me. I knew those fellows inside were bound to hammer it down if they could. It wouldn't phase me a bit if it sagged to 95."

"My! My!" Uncle Peter exclaimed, with warm approval, "the way you master this business certainly does win me. I tell you, it's a mighty good thing we got your brains to depend on. I'm all right the other side of Council Bluffs, but I'm a tenderfoot

here, sure, where everybody's tryin' to get the best of you. You see, out there everybody tries to make the best of it. I told that to one of them smarties last night. But you'll pull them in their place all right. You know both ends of the game and the middle. We certainly got a right to be proud of you, son. Dan'l J. liked big propositions himself—but, well, I'd just like to have him see the nerve you've showed, that's all."

Uncle Peter's professions of confidence were unfeigned, and Percival took new hope and faith in his judgment from them daily.

Nevertheless, as the weeks passed, and the mysterious insiders succeeded in their design of keeping the stock from rising, he came to feel a touch of anxiety. More, indeed, than he was able to communicate to Uncle Peter, without confessing outright that he had lost faith in himself. That he was unable to do, even if it were true, which he doubted. The Bines fortune was now hanging, as to all but some of the western properties, on the turning of the three stocks. Yet the old man's confidence in the young man's acumen was invulnerable. No shaft that Percival was able to fashion had point enough to pierce it. And he was loth to batter it down, for he still had the gambler's faith in his luck.

"You got your father's head in business matters," was Uncle Peter's invariable response to any suggestion of failure. "I know that much—spite of what all these gossips say—and that's all I want to know. And of course you can't ever be no Shepler 'less you take your share of chances. Only don't ask my advice. You're master of the game, and we're all layin' right smack down on your genius for it."

Whereupon the young man, with confidence in himself newly inflated, would hurry off to the stock tickers. He had ceased to buy the stocks outright, and for several weeks had bought only on margins.

"There was one rule in poker your pa had," said Uncle Peter. "If a hand is worth calling on, it's worth raising on. He jest never would call. If he didn't think a hand was worth raising, he'd bunch it in with the discards, and wait for another deal. I don't know much about the game, but he said it was a sound rule, and if it is sound in poker, why it's got to be sound in this game. That's all I can tell you. You know what you hold, and if 'tain't a hand to lay down, it must be a hand to raise on. Of course, if you'd be brash and ignorant in your first calculations—if you'd made a fool of yourself at the start—but shucks! you're the son of Daniel J. Bines, ain't you?"

The rule and the clever provocation had their effect.

"I'll raise as long as I have a chip left, Uncle Peter. Why, only to-day I had a tip that came straight from Snepler, though he never dreamed it would reach me. That Pacific Cable bill is going to be rushed through at this session of congress, sure, and that means enough increased demand to send Consolidated back where it was. And then, when it comes out that they've got those Rio Tinto mines by the throat, well, this anvil chorus will have to stop, and those Federal Oil sharks and Shepler will be wondering how I had the face to stay in."

The published rumors regarding Consolidated began to conflict very sharply. Percival heard them all hungrily, disregarding those that did not confirm his own opinions. He called them irresponsible newspaper gossip, or believed them to be inspired by the clique for its own ends.

He studied the history of copper until he knew all its ups and downs since the great electrical development began in 1887. When Fouts, the broker he traded most heavily with, suggested that the Consolidated company was skating on thin ice, that it might, indeed, be going through the same experience that shattered the famous Secretan corner a dozen years before, Percival pointed out unerringly the vital differences in the circumstances. The Consolidated had reduced the production of its controlled mines, and the price was bound to be maintained. When his adviser suggested that the companies not in the combine might cut the price, he brought up the very lively rumors of a "gentlemen's agreement" with the "non-combine" producers.

"Of course, there's Calumet and Hecla. I know that couldn't be gunned into the combination. They could pay dividends with copper at ten cents a pound. But the other independents know which side of their stock is spread with dividends, all right."

When it was further suggested that the Rio Tinto mines had sold ahead for a year, with the result that European imports from the United States had fallen off, and that the Consolidated could not go on forever holding up the price, Percival said nothing.

The answer to that was the secret negotiations for control of the European output, which would make the Consolidated master of the copper world. Instead of disclosing this, he pretended craftily to be encouraged by the mere generally hopeful outlook in all lines. Western Trolley, to might be overcapitalized, and Union Cordage might also be in the hands of a piratical clique; but the demand for trolley lines was growing every day, and cordage products were not going out of fashion by any means.

"You see," he said to his adviser, "here's what the most conservative man in the street says in this afternoon's paper. 'That copper must necessarily break badly, and the whole boom collapse I do not believe. There is enough prosperity to maintain a strong demand for the metal through another year at least. As to Western

Trolley and Union Cordage, the two other stocks about which doubt is now being so widely expressed in the street, I am persuaded that they are both due to rise, not sensationally, but at a healthy upward rate that makes them sound investments!'"

"There," said Percival, "there's the judgment of a man that knows the game, but doesn't happen to have a dollar in either stock, and he doesn't know one or two things that I know, either. Just hypothecate 10,000 of those Union Cordage shares and 5,000 Western Trolley, and buy Consolidated on a 20 per cent. margin. I want to get bigger action. There's a good rule in poker: if your hand is worth calling, it's worth raising."

"I like your nerve," said the broker.

"Well, I know some one who has a sleeve with something up it, that's all."

By the third week in April, it was believed that his holdings of Consolidated were the largest in the street, excepting those of the Federal Oil people. Uncle Peter was delighted by the magnitude of his operations, and by his newly formed habits of industry.

"It'll be the makings of the boy," he said to Mrs. Bines in her son's presence. "Not that I care so much myself about all the millions he'll pile up, but it gives him a business training, and takes him out of the pinhead class. I bet Shepler himself will be takin' off his silk hat to your son, jest as soon as he's made this turn in copper—if he has enough of Dan'l J.'s grit to hang on—and I think he has."

"They needn't wait another day for me," Percival told him later. "The family treasure is about all in now, except ma's amethyst earrings and the hair watch chain Grandpa Cummings had. Of course I'm holding what I promised for Burman. But that rise can't hold off much longer, and the only thing I'll do, from now on, is to hock a few blocks of the stock I bought outright, and buy on margins, so's to get bigger action."

"My! My! you jest do fairly dazzle me," exclaimed the old man, delightedly. "Oh, I guess your pa wouldn't be at all proud of you if he could see it. I tell you, this family's all right while you keep hearty."

"Well, I'm not pushing my chest out any," said the young man, with becoming modesty, "but I don't mind telling you it will be the biggest thing ever pulled off down there by any one man."

"That's the true western spirit," declared Uncle Peter, beside himself with enthusiasm. "We do things big when we bother 'em at all. We ain't afraid of any pikers like Shepler, with his little two and five thousand lots. Oh! I can jest hear 'em callin' you hard names, down in that Wall street—Napoleon of Finance and Copper King and all like that—in about 30 days!"

He accepted Percival's invitation that afternoon to go down into the street with him. They stopped for a moment in the visitors' gallery of the stock exchange and looked down into the mob of writhing, disheveled, shouting brokers. In and out, the throng swirled upon itself, while above its muddy depths surged a froth of hands in frenzied gesticulation. The frantic movement and din of shrieks disturbed Uncle Peter.

"Faro is such a lot quieter game," was his comment "so much more calm and restful. What a pity, now, 'tain't a Christian!"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Blackmar's Drill Story.

The late Gen. Wilmon W. Blackmar once told how he had overheard a corporal drilling his squad in this fashion:

"Now, then, No. 7," the corporal said, "we'll make another start, that is, if you've quite finished feeling if your back hair happens to be on straight this morning. It's you I'm talking to—third man from the left on front rank. I haven't the pleasure of knowin' your name, but I expect to be writin' it down for an hour's extra work pretty soon. Now, then, look out to your front. Squad, 'tchun! Left dress! Turn your eyes to the left—without squintin' like Chinese dummies, if you can. Stand up in the ranks, too, like soldiers, spindle-shanked, cockney shopboys! Stick your chests out and put your stummicks somewhere out of sight altogether. There's 'arf of you with fingers like bags of potatoes. Strike me crimson if I ever saw such a mob! Hi! you, in the center—the ginger-headed man, I mean—don't grin like that; this ain't no perishin' beauty competition, not by no manner of means."

The Will to Die.

Two or three years ago, in a Lancashire town, while a fair was in progress, to the proprietor of a steam round-about there came a shopkeeper whose life was lying supposedly at the point of death. "Thou mun stop thy organ," he said. "Why?" asked the other. "Thou mun stop it, I tell thee; my missus cawn't dee," was the reply—a dialogue for which the writer can vouch. A clergyman had placed on record a similar instance. Visiting a sick parishioner, he was told by the doctor that the sickroom was full of mourners, assuring the woman that she was about to die. And the woman was dying—from suggestion, though organically there was not the least reason why she should die. The clergyman entered the room and cleared out the doleful ones. "You're not going to die," he said. "What! Am I not dying, parson? Then, thank God, I won't." That woman was well in next to no time, and round at the vicarage thanking its master for having saved her life.—St. James' Gazette.

NEWS OF WISCONSIN

HAPPENINGS OF INTEREST IN THE VARIOUS TOWNS.

WRITE STATE'S HISTORY

Marshfield Men at Work on Project for the Wisconsin Archeological Society—Attention to Indian History and Indian Mounds.

Marshfield.—Much interest has been aroused here by articles from the pen of H. C. Fish, of the Marshfield high school, which have been appearing in local papers from time to time and which deal with the early history of Wisconsin, dating back to the time of the Indian occupation.

Mr. Fish and George H. Reynolds, a real estate dealer, are compiling the early history of the state for the Wisconsin Archeological society, of which both are members, and the articles are extracts from their combined work.

Information from old settlers regarding Indian history and Indian mounds or relics is being used by them whenever available, and Mr. Fish is now at work upon a paper to be read before the society at its next meeting.

MILWAUKEE WARS ON RATS.

Plan to Give Every Rodent Fatal Case of Pneumonia.

Milwaukee.—Milwaukee's health department proposes to exterminate all the rats and mice in town, blaming the rodent family for much of the spread of infectious diseases. The department will put a virus in oatmeal and when a rat eats it it is infected with a disease much like pneumonia and he cannot breathe. The rat then seeks the open air and in two weeks dies. The disease is contagious, and every rat that comes in contact with the one infected with it also dies.

Heavy Fire Loss at Viroqua.

Viroqua.—Fire destroyed the Vernon County bank building, known as the Proctor block; Mrs. B. F. Ferguson's building, and damaged the S. A. Farr building to the extent of about 25 per cent. and the stock from 60 to 75 per cent. The fire started in the Ferguson building, occupied on the first floor by F. Zitzner as a harness shop and on the second floor as law offices and a dwelling. The total losses are estimated to be about \$80,000, with about \$35,000 insurance involved.

Farmer and Wife Found Dead.

Appleton.—A supposed double murder is being investigated by the Kaukauna police. The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. John Lehrmann were found at their country home. Lehrmann was found in an upright position on a bed and his wife was under the bed covered with several mattresses and bed-clothing. The Lehrmanns were wealthy and lived alone on a farm a half mile from the farm where last winter M. McCarty was murdered and his remains burned by the slayers.

To Dam the Eagle Waters.

Eagle River.—A meeting of the Wisconsin Valley Improvement company was held here. This company was organized at Wausau three weeks ago and is composed of men who utilize the Wisconsin river for power purposes. They propose to have a bill introduced at this session of the legislature giving them the privilege to construct a dam north of here on the Eagle waters to serve as a reservoir at times when water is low.

Losses Suit Against Dentist.

Milwaukee.—After deliberating for 24 hours the jury in the case of Miss Adah C. Green against Dr. V. G. Maercklin, a dentist, returned a verdict of not guilty. Miss Green sued the dentist for \$1,000 damages, charging that he had pulled the wrong tooth. The defense was that the patient bit the dentist's fingers and that he knocked out the tooth by mistake.

After Fond du Lac Resorts.

Fond du Lac.—The grand jury has put the lid on tight in this city, warrants being issued against every resort keeper in the city for maintaining houses for immoral purposes. This is the direct sequence of the Salchert-Reinig breach of promise case, at the end of which Judge Fowler directed that all keepers of such houses should be prosecuted.

Clements' Property Sold.

La Crosse.—The residence and other property of J. R. Clements of this city, who is now in the Stillwater Minn., state's prison, serving a long term for wrecking the Preston, Minn., bank, was sold to pay claims of creditors. The residence sold for \$8,000.

Belle City Foundry Burns.

Racine.—The Belle City foundry burned. The loss is \$10,000. The firemen were all frost-bitten, the thermometer being two below.

Form Breeders' Association.

Barron.—Over 300 farmers of Barron county have organized an association for the purpose of promoting the breeding of high-grade dairy cattle. A Holstein-Friesian Breeders' association has been formed and plans are under way for the organization of a Guernsey Breeders' club.

Gets Damages for Blow.

La Crosse.—Angus Robertson was awarded 1,000 damages against Henry Sprain for a blow on the head with a hatchet.

WINTER TIME IN KADUL.

More Pleasant Places Than the Capital of Afghanistan.

The cold is intense, the snow lies deep in the streets and the winds are freezing. Winter, beginning early in October and continuing until March, renders life in Kabul difficult and uncomfortable. Charcoal is the chief fuel, and as the houses, owing to numerous doors and windows, are very draughty, the supply of wood very limited, and coal unobtainable, it is necessary to wear, even in the house, treble thicknesses of clothing, and the longest, warmest and thickest of fur coats outside the doors.

Meal times under such rigorous conditions are a distinct misfortune, writes Angus Hamilton in the Lady's Realm. All foodstuffs freeze solid, bread has to be chopped with an ax, the drinking water broken with a hammer. Pickles, sauces, jams and ink are better put away until the spring.

Joints must be served piping hot from the fire and lying over a pan of glowing charcoal—even then the center will probably be unthawed, while the matutinal cup of tea and the nocturnal cup of cocoa must be gulped rapidly if it is not to freeze before it is swallowed. There are but few compensations, even in Kabul, for the severity of the climate. If one ventures out it is most necessary to keep out of the cold winds.

Incorporate the Digestion.

To invigorate the digestion and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels there is nothing so good as that old family remedy, Brandreth Pills, which has been in use for over a century. They cleanse the blood and impart new vigor to the body. One or two every night for a week will usually be all that is required. For Constipation or Dyspepsia, one or two taken every night will afford great relief.

Brandreth's Pills are the same fine laxative tonic pill your grandparents used and being purely vegetable are adapted to every system.

Sold in every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar-coated.

In the Matter of Tips.

The man who tips the highest gets the best service and the most ostentatious deference. "Give this to the cook," said a St. Louis parvenue, handing one dollar to the waiter with his order, "and tell him to cook it my way." "Give this to the cook," said a scribe at the next table, handing a two dollar bill to the waiter with his order, "and tell him to cook it his own way, for he is a better cook than I am." We will not be outshone. We will not shrink in any man's shadow. At the same time the pace is too hot and fast for most of us.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Health of New York City.

Statistics of the board of health show that the general death rate in New York city is decreasing in all diseases excepting the four groups of acute respiratory troubles, cancer, diseases of the heart and diseases of the kidneys.

Record of Forty Years.

Rev. Edward Everett Hale has been attending White House receptions since 1862. On the latest occasion he presented one of his grandchildren.

MAYOR OF SUNBURY SAYS PE-ru-na IS A GOOD MEDICINE.

Hon. C. C. Brooks, Mayor of Sunbury, Ohio, also Attorney for Farmers' Bank and Sunbury Building and Loan Co., writes:

"I have the utmost confidence in the virtue of Peruna. It is a great medicine. I have used it and I have known many of my friends who have obtained beneficial results from its use. I cannot praise Peruna too highly."

HON. C. C. BROOKS.

THERE are a host of petty ailments which are the direct result of the weather.

This is more true of the excessive heat of summer and the intense cold of winter, but is partly true of all seasons of the year.

Whether it be a cold or a cough, catarrh of the head or bowel complaint, whether the liver be affected or the kidneys, the cause is very liable to be the same.

The weather slightly deranges the mucous membranes of the organs and the result is some functional disease.

Peruna has become a standby in thousands of homes for minor ailments of this sort.

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1907.

Given Free To All Who Ask

Sheboygan Chemist Will Send Liberal Bottle of His Remedy to Any Address, All Charges Paid.



A few years ago Mr. Zaegel, in the course of his scientific investigations, discovered a wonderful combination of certain mineral and vegetable oils which when applied to burns, piles, cuts, sores and bruises cooled, soothed and allayed inflammation and so constituted a remarkable aid to speedy cure.

The fame of Z. M. O., as he calls it, soon spread far beyond the confines of his home city and thousands of persons in all parts of the country have been convinced of its great merits.

Z. M. O. possesses antiseptic and healing properties which make it of the highest value in treating sores, and wounds in which there is danger of pus or matter appearing and yet it is so simple and harmless that it may be taken internally without the slightest danger. Its taste is pleasant and agreeable.

Mr. Zaegel has retired from his drug business, and will devote his entire time to extending the blessing of Z. M. O.

He has determined to give away absolutely free, a liberal sized bottle of Z. M. O. to all who suffer from aches and pains, catarrh, rheumatism, piles and pains in back. Take advantage at once of Mr. Zaegel's generosity, as every household should have a bottle of Z. M. O.

All that is necessary is to write to Mr. Zaegel, 47 Main St., Sheboygan, Wis., and the trial bottle will be mailed at once, all charges prepaid.

Write to-day, as so many are taking advantage of this offer that Mr. Zaegel states he does not know how long he can continue the free distribution.

Canadian Government Free Farms

Over 200,000 American farmers who have settled in Canada during the past few years testify to the fact that Canada is the greatest farming land in the world.

OVER NINETY MILLION BUSHELS

of wheat from the harvest of 1906 means good money to the farmers of Western Canada. The world has to be fed. Cattle raising, dairying and mixed farming are also profitable callings. Coal, wood and water in abundance; churches and schools convenient; markets easy of access. Taxes low. For advice and information address the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Canadian Government Agent. C. J. BROUGHTON, Room 430 Quincy Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. ROGERS, third floor, Traction Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; or T. O. CURRIE, Room 12 B, Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis.

A Positive CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail; Trial size 10 cts. by mail. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

FREEZING TO DEATH

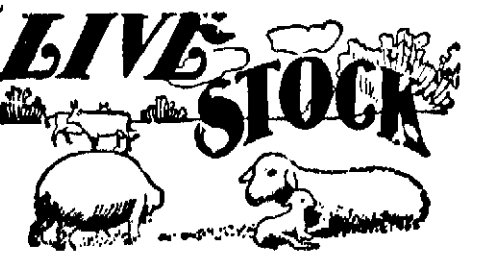
In parts of Northwest and at same time happy and prosperous farmers picking strawberries and shipping garden truck to market at profit up to \$100 per acre in Gulf Coast Texas Country where we own 25,000 acres clear, fertile agricultural land ready for plow, 1/4 to 1/2 mile from railroad. Write today for information how to buy a fruit and truck farm \$10 down and \$10 per month, also \$10 to \$1000 acre farms \$10 to \$100 per acre. Free booklet. Good neighbors, churches, schools. 5 years for \$500. Installments. Based on \$100 payment. Rate for women with families. All California's choice. See features. J. F. MORSE, Agent.

OVERLOOKING CITY OF PHILLIPSBURG, KANSAS.

(City of over 1000 - C. R. L. & P. Co., Inc., Water Works, Stand 11th - Electric Light, etc.) Big demand for more working men and women. 5 acres \$250 to \$500 in full sale. HIGHLAND PARK, near business part of city. Good water, gardens, onions, celery or fruit orchards. Monthly payments. J. F. MORSE, Agent.

READY-MADE HOMES

\$2000 to \$5000. 2000 to \$2000. No building. 2 acres. 5 years for \$500. Installments. Based on \$100 payment. Rate for women with families. All California's choice. See features. J. F. MORSE, Agent.

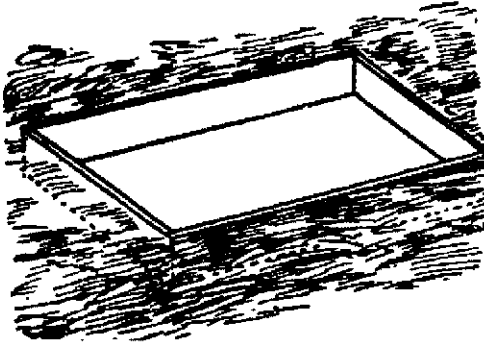


THE HOGS' BATH TUB.

Handy Device Which Makes the Dipping Process Easy.

Dipping hogs is at best a nasty work, and by providing a properly constructed bath tub much, if not all, of this work may be avoided.

Construct a tank of any width and length you please, just so it is large enough, but be careful not to get it more than 15 inches deep, directs the Prairie Farmer. A good size to make is five feet wide by ten feet long and 15 inches deep, using lumber two inches thick and 15 inches wide for the sides and ends, and flooring of galvanized iron for the bottom.



Plan for the Bath Tub.

Set this in the ground under a shed near where the hogs are fed and fill to a depth of about ten inches with water and on top of this place half an inch of crude oil.

During summer and fall, and even on real warm days in winter, hogs will gladly use this to wallow in if shut away from mudholes, and it is sure death to lice and skin diseases.

The advantage of this tub over pouring the crude oil into mudholes has been suggested, is that it is more economical and is cleaner, besides being more effective.

GIVE THE SHEEP A CHANCE.

Protect the Little Fellows From Parasites and Germ Diseases.

The lambs come into the world perfectly free from parasites and generally from germ diseases. It is probable that most of them are free from internal parasites. The flock owner should realize this and endeavor to protect the little things from all that would make them less thrifty than they are when they are born, says Farmers Review. Some of the most successful flocks of sheep in the country have been made so because of the care bestowed upon them. In the very first place they have been protected against all kinds of parasites, and have been given quarters in which disease germs could not thrive.

Their owners have realized the fact that about all that sheep need is a chance to be thrifty. It is well known that they have in themselves an unusual power of resisting disease and of rising above adverse conditions. The successful raising of sheep does not require extraordinary measures so much as ordinary measures. The steps to be taken need to be those of protecting the sheep against enemies of various kinds rather than to devise new methods generally.

It will be found that the successful shepherds are in all cases men that look carefully after the multitude of little things, which go to make up the grand total of things making for the welfare of the flock. To give the sheep a good fighting chance is all that is necessary to insure success.

SEPARATOR MILK FOR PIGS.

It Should Prove the Best Kind of Feed When Warm.

There is an impression among some farmers that the feeding of skim milk warm from the separator is injurious to pigs. Prof. William Deitrich, of the Illinois experimental station, writing on this matter, says that there is no reason why it should cause trouble since warm milk is the natural food of pigs. It may be that the scouring and running down in flesh that is sometimes observed is caused by sudden changes in feed: such as, for instance, change from cold sour skim-milk to warm fresh skim-milk. The skim-milk in either form is good feed, but it will not do to change from one to the other very suddenly. Another cause of the trouble may be that the pigs are being fed too much. Sometimes people think that when the cream is taken out of the milk there is not much left that is of any value and young animals are fed very liberally and often overfed, and this becomes a very serious matter. The skim-milk has relatively more protein than whole milk and a comparatively small excess of protein in the system will very likely bring about digestive troubles.

Give Boar Plenty of Room.

Many breeders make the mistake of keeping the herd boar in a small, dirty pen and provide no yard for him to exercise in. He should have a strong pen and a yard of about an acre away from the rest of the herd.

Sheep Growing.

There is a great tendency among farmers to go into the sheep business, as we advised. This country ought to grow all its wool, export a lot, and mutton ought to be within the reach of every man's table.

WINTER FEEDING OF HOGS.

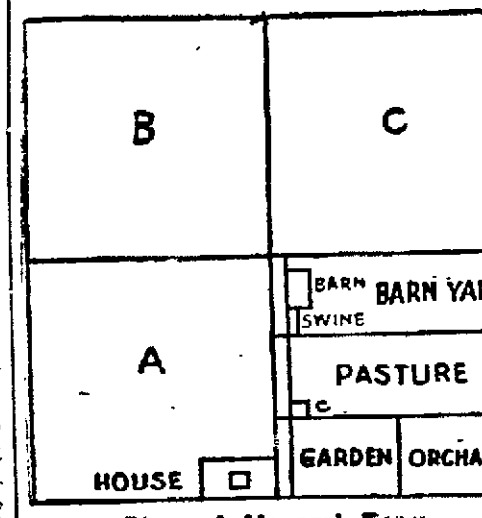
How a Missouri Farmer Manages on His 40-Acre Farm.

My 40-acre farm is shown in the accompanying diagram, writes farmer Meyers, in Farm and Home. The barn lot is largely a steep, oak-covered, south slope. To improve this natural shelter the bank barn and the hog shed were located at the west side. It has been cleared except scattering trees over most of the barn lot, with a thicker fringe, including the underbrush, left along the top of the slope.

The hog shed is 96 feet long, containing a double row of pens 12x8 feet in size and separated by an aisle 4 feet wide. Each pen has a floor, a trough and a hay rack. The shed is tight and warm with windows to admit sunshine and fresh air. Along with such repairs as this building needs in the fall preparatory to winter use the pens are thoroughly whitewashed. A little bedding is used and every forenoon the floors are cleaned. They are also occasionally scrubbed. The hogs themselves are regularly dipped, and they have no access to manure except as they find it spread on the fields.

The two south pens in the hog shed have heretofore been used only for hay. Of the other 14 pens one is reserved for the boar, three are occupied by the brood sows and the remaining space is given over to the younger stock divided into bunches of 10 to 12. Care is taken to put together those of about the same age and size. This winter the larger number of swine made it necessary to press into use the two south pens as soon as the hay was out of them. Every animal in the drove is a pet, and each one knows its place so well that the same individuals are bedfellows night after night.

In the lower southwest corner of the barn is a room called the office. It contains a cook stove and a tank such as is used for heating water in the kitchen at the house. From this tank a pipe extends into the hog shed and down the aisle, with a faucet for



Plan of Meyers' Farm.

each trough. Every morning soon after daylight the hogs are watered. If the weather is mild they get water at the temperature of the cistern; if it is cold their drink is warmed. They are next given some grain other than corn, ordinarily oats and alfalfa hay, supplying altogether with about half a feed.

Except in the severest weather the hogs have the freedom of the barn lot and a 10-acre field. Every winter finds two of the fields in rye and the third in meadow, usually 5 acres of clover and 5 acres of alfalfa. In case the ground is too soft the hogs are confined to the barn lot, and in that event they receive a more liberal allowance of feed. Before dark the hogs are again admitted to the shed. Although they have free access to water during the day they now get warm water if it is cold. They are then given all the shelled corn they will eat.

On days of chilling rain, deep snow or extreme cold the hogs are kept shut up. At such times, however, they are turned out while the pens are being cleaned and then called back for additional breakfast. At noon they are also provided with more feed of some kind. This is usually in the form of a change, such as small cooked potatoes or other vegetables that are not marketable. The hogs are also let out a few minutes and the pens cleaned again before supper.

Another part of their regular diet includes coal, salt, charcoal and ashes. At a certain spot in the barn lot is kept a supply of salt while at another is a pile of soft coal. These are relished by the hogs. Old stumps are being burned, to supply charcoal. The morning grain feed is ground for the young stock and fed to them in the form of slop. Special attention is given to the younger litters by supplying them with all the spare skim milk and otherwise favoring them so that by spring the whole drove of young stock will be as even as possible.

The aged hogs are never allowed to become poor if it can be prevented, but danger lies in their becoming too fat. Early in the winter as soon as the sows are in good flesh, the corn of their night feed is largely displaced by less fattening grains. The boar is given a bone and muscle making ration all the year round. His special run-way is the lane from the barn to the chicken house. At the south end of the lane is a trough in which he daily finds some kitchen slop, adding greater variety to his food. Swine thus cared for spend the winter in comfort. Their growth is as steady and almost as rapid as in the summer. They go into the field every morning hungry enough to graze industriously a large part of the day.

AWFUL ATTACKS OF PAIN.

A Most Dreadful Case of Kidney Trouble and How It Was Cured.

Thomas N. McCullough, 321 South Weber St., Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "For twelve or fifteen years I was suffering frequent attacks of pain in the back and kidneys that lasted for three weeks at a time. I would be unable to turn in bed. The urine was in a terrible condition, at times a complete stoppage occurring. I began with Doan's Kidney Pills, and soon felt better. Keeping on, I found complete freedom from kidney trouble. The cure has been permanent. I owe my good health to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

PETS FOR LITTLE PARISIANS.

All Kinds of Animals as Playmates for the Children.

Children play a great role in French society, as all those who have read Gyp's inimitable "P'tit Bob" will readily admit, and now the small Parisienne insists on receiving on her fete day and at the New Year a live pet, instead of a costly doll or a mechanical toy. The demand has been creating a supply, and a lively trade is being done, not only in puppies and kittens, in tiny monkeys and in lambs, but also in tigers and leopards. Up to a certain age, these small felines are quite harmless, and, of course, as soon as they begin, so to speak, to show their teeth and sharpen their claws, they are sent off to one of the two magnificent "Zoo's" with which the Gay City is provided.

TWO SISTERS HAD ECZEMA.

Cuticura Cured Scalp Troubles of Two Illinois Girls—Another Sister Took Cuticura Pills.

"I must give much praise to all the Cuticura Remedies. I used but one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment, as that was all that was required to cure my disease. I was very much troubled with eczema of the head, and a friend of mine told me to use the Cuticura Remedies, which I did, and am glad to say that they cured my eczema entirely. Since then we have always kept the soap on hand at all times. My sister was also cured of eczema of the head by using the Cuticura Remedies. Another sister has used Cuticura Resolvent and Pills and thinks they are a splendid tonic. I cannot say exactly how long I suffered, but I think about six months. Miss Edith Hammer, R. F. D. No. 6, Morrison, Ill., Oct. 3, 1906."

Paper Drinking Cup.

A handy folding drinking cup of water proof paper can now be purchased. It comes in a flat folded package that fits the vest pocket. When opened it forms a cylindrical vessel bound with wire and having a wire handle. It holds about a cupful of cold water, milk, tea or medicines. It can be used to hold hot liquids, but can only be used once, or at most twice.

A cup filled with cold water stood for eight hours without injury and was then dried, refolded and used again several times. It is useful in traveling, in camp, and in the sick-room. A package of eight can be bought for 25 cents.—Woman's Home Companion.

Clover & Grass Seeds.

Everybody loves lots and lots of Clover Grasses for hogs, cows, sheep and swine.

We are known as the largest growers of Grasses, Clovers, Oats, Barley, Corn, Potatoes and Farm Seeds in America. Operate over 5,000 acres.

FREE Our mammoth 148-page catalog is mailed free to all intending buyers; or send 5c IN STAMPS

and receive sample of "perfect balance ration grass seed" together with Fodder Plants, Clover, etc., etc., and big Plant and Seed Catalog free. John A. Salzer Seed Co., Box W, La Crosse, Wis.

Sweep's Curious Find.

An Atherton (Eng.) sweep, named Joshua Folland, was sweeping the chimney of a house which had been unoccupied for some little time at High Beckington, when, to his great surprise, he swept down seven full-grown, live wild rabbits, which he bagged.

Japs Get British Contract.

A Japanese shoe manufacturing concern has secured a contract for shoes for the British army in India. It is one of the largest shoe contracts ever placed.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

Fate is a female who gives men the laugh for believing her.

Lewis' Single Binder straight Se cigar is good quality all the time. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Every noble activity makes room for itself.—Emerson.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. To a big-headed man the world is very small.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Are fast to light and washing and color more goods than others. 10c per package.

It's just as easy to be pleasant as otherwise—and it pays better. Lewis' Single Binder cigar—richest, most satisfying smoke on the market. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Men who make the most money get others to make it for them.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take LAXATIVE BISMUTH Quinine Tablets. Drug stores refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

If all a man's real wants are gratified he has no excuse for being unhappy.

Some men seem to think they are doing a great deal toward righting the world's wrongs by fussing with their neighbors.

Garfield Tea (Guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drug Law) regulates a sluggish liver, overcomes constipation, purifies the blood and eradicates disease. It is made of Herbs.

To Explore Greenland Coast.

The duke of Orleans has announced to his friends at Copenhagen that he intends to start a new expedition next spring in the ship Belgica to penetrate as far as possible along the northeast coast of Greenland. The purpose is to join the Danish expedition, under Mylius Erichsen, which left last June to explore the same coast.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness cured by Catarrh, which cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Revolt Against Trading Stamps.

"No more trading stamps," is the slogan of a campaign which English grocers are carrying on. One of them, whose shop is in East London, says: "There is not a small grocer in England who earns 15 per cent on his capital. Ten per cent is average profit and the cost of trading stamps leaves him only about 6 1/2 per cent."

HEALTH AND SPIRITS

Are Restored by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in Cases of Debility and Despondency.

General debility is caused by mental or physical overwork with imperfect assimilation of nourishment, or by some acute disease from which the vital forces have been prostrated and the entire organism weakened so as not to easily rally. To restore health it is necessary that the blood should be purified and made new.

The case of Mrs. E. M. Spears, of 92 Mt. Pleasant street, Athol, Mass., is a common one and is given here in order that others may be benefited by her experience. She says: "I had been sick for a year from indigestion and general debility brought on by overwork and worry. I had tried many remedies, but found no relief. I suffered from swelling of the limbs, loss of appetite and dizzy spells, which became so severe towards night, that I sometimes fainted away. I was bilious and my hands and arms would go to sleep for an hour or two at a time. I was so sleepy all the time that I could hardly keep awake. I had frequent cramps in my limbs and severe pains at the base of my head and in my back. My blood was impoverished. I was afraid to give up and go to bed fearing that I would never get well."

"About this time Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me by a friend in South Vernon, Vt. I felt better soon after beginning the treatment and continued until I was entirely cured. I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a grand medicine for weak women."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

PATENTS THERE'S MONEY IN SMALL INVENTIONS as well as large. Send for free booklet. M. L. STEVENS & CO., 300 14th Street, Washington, D. C. Branches at Chicago, Cleveland and Detroit. Established 1865. NO PATENT, NO FEE FOR OUR SERVICES.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

Term Reasonable. Service Prompt. Information freely given. W. B. ROACH, Jr., Pacific Bldg., Wash. D. C. WALTER E. GOSMAN, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

A. N. K.—A (1907—5) 2163.

NATURE PROVIDES FOR SICK WOMEN

a more potent remedy in the roots and herbs of the field than was ever produced from drugs.

In the good old-fashioned days of our grandmothers few drugs were used in medicines and Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., in her study of roots and herbs and their power over disease discovered and gave to the women of the world a remedy for their peculiar ills more potent and efficacious than any combination of drugs.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

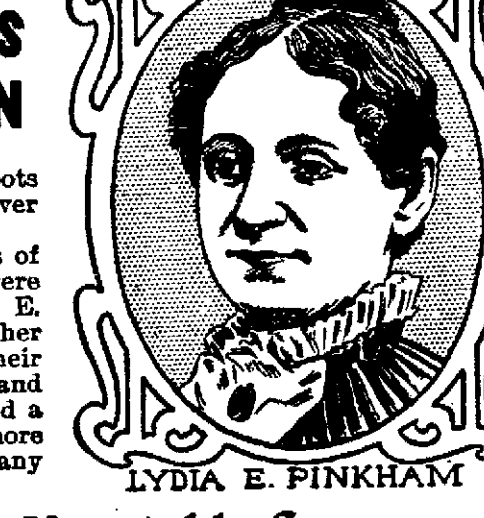
is an honest, tried and true remedy of unquestionable therapeutic value.

During its record of more than thirty years, its long list of actual cures of those serious ills peculiar to women, entitles Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to the respect and confidence of every fair minded person and every thinking woman.

When women are troubled with irregular or painful functions, weakness, displacements, ulceration or inflammation, backache, flatulency, general debility, indigestion or nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

No other remedy in the country has such a record of cures of female ills, and thousands of women residing in every part of the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable compound and what it has done for them.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. For twenty-five years she has been advising sick women free of charge. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and as her assistant for years before her decease advised under her immediate direction. Address, Lynn, Mass.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Before You Paint, This Spring

bear in mind the fact that it costs you as much if not more to paint your buildings with inferior paints than it would to use paints of good quality. More harm and dissatisfaction is caused by the use of poor paints than almost any other article used for preserving or beautifying property.

Buffalo A.O. Paints

are the highest grade paints made. They contain the purest and most lasting pigments ground in Aged Linseed Oil in correct proportion, are honestly made, cost no more than inferior paints and stand every test for exterior and interior work. Before you decide on the kind of paint to use, it will be to your interest to send for our 1907 color chart of the latest shades for modern uses, also valuable information and paint facts that you ought to know.

We want every owner of a building in this locality who sends us his name and address to have one of our beautiful Buffalo-head seven-ounce silt-reed stick pins. The pin is neat and unique in appearance and will be sent without charge, if name is received before April 1st.

BUFFALO OIL PAINT & VARNISH CO., BUFFALO, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL.

GALL-STONE CURE. "Craemer's Calculus Cure"

Is a Certain Remedy FOR GALL STONES, Stones in the Kidneys, Stones in the Urinary Bladder or Gravel, Biliousness, Sallow Complexion, Jaundice and all Stomach Troubles as resulting from Bilelessness. Write for circular. W. W. CRAEMER, 4906 North Grand Avenue, ST. LOUIS, MO.

SICK HEADACHE STOPS THE CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heartily Eating. A Perfect Remedy for Bilelessness, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

GENUINE MUST BEAR FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

READERS of this paper desire to know how they can get the best of their columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

LOS ANGELES MAN CLAIMS RIGHT TO THRONE OF POLAND

Col. John Sobieski, Once Soldier of Fortune, Direct Descendant of Thaddeus of Warsaw.

SAYS INFANT GRANDSON IS ROYAL HEIR

Interesting Predicament of a California Youngster and the Romantic Life Story of His Grandfather—Driven from Austria by Maximilian, He Lived to Command Firing Party That Ended the Career of His One-Time Persecutor.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Sucking his bare pink toes and calling aloud for the royal nursing bottle, the rightful future king of Poland lies in his cradle in a cottage in the West Adams street district serenely unconscious of the fact that a battle of documents and family trees is raging over his crown and estates.

Little does he care that a rude Chicago editor has denied the claim that he is the direct descendant of Thaddeus of Warsaw and heir to a vast confiscated estate—not to mention the shattered Polish throne.

His fond father is L. S. Gilhausen, a clerk in the First National bank. His grandfather is Colonel John Sobieski, the well-known temperance lecturer—the last of the illustrious line of John III., who rescued Europe from the Turks.

From a life of quiet retirement, this grandfather and grandchild have burst suddenly into national fame.

Recently a Polish editor named Siemiradski came into print in the Chicago Record-Herald denouncing Colonel Sobieski as an impostor, or practically that. He denies Colonel Sobieski's claim to direct descent by the eldest-son-of-the-eldest-son route from King John III., the adored national hero of Poland—again not to mention, the throne and the great estates.

This editor with a name like a sneeze claims that the last genuine Sobieski died over a century and a half ago. He calls upon Sobieski of Los Angeles to bring forward his



Mrs. L. S. Gilhausen.

proofs of descent. He suggests that his documents and proofs be submitted to the Imperial Academy of Science at Cracow.

He may be somewhat chagrined to learn that the paper containing his defy has come into the hands of Colonel Sobieski, who has promptly accepted the challenge. He has written to the Chicago Record-Herald and to Editor Siemiradski that he will be pleased to leave the question to the institution of learning named in the defy if it can be shown that it is a university of national importance and standing in Poland. Colonel Sobieski confesses that he has never heard of it.

"It is only for my honor that I am preparing these documents," said Colonel Sobieski to the writer.

He Wants No Throne.

There is no throne in Poland. If there were one and it were offered to me I give you my word I should refuse it.

The eyes of the old nobleman flashed as he said:

Neither would I go to the cradle and stand there, that little baby as he

lies there than ever to allow him to ascend any throne. Yes, my memories of monarchy are as bitter as that."

His memories of monarchy cannot, indeed, be very happy. This gentle old nobleman who lives so quietly in Los Angeles saw his father led away to be slaughtered by Russian soldiers after long confinement in a prison so vile a dog could not have lived in it; saw his mother driven away from home almost a pauper; saw her driven like an outcast from country to country until she died an unhappy exile.

No wonder his eyes flash.

The intricate question of his right to that noble ancestry will be considered below. The man's own life is so interesting, so thrilling and romantic that it rightly takes precedence over family trees.

Even his nearest neighbors in the pleasant neighborhood of West Adams street little dream that this sunny old gentleman has lived the wild life of a soldier of fortune.

He commanded the reserve firing party that executed the ill-fated Emperor Maximilian in Mexico. It was his revolver that sent a shot crashing into the ear of the emperor after he had fallen wounded at the first unskilled volley.

He was an eyewitness to the famous battle of the Monitor and Merrimac; led a distinguished and sensational career in the regular army; took part in the famous expedition against the Mormons; was under fire 426 times during the civil war—our own civil war, not Poland's. Lastly, he became a soldier of fortune in Mexico—in the Mexican war for independence.

His Remarkable Life.

It was there that fate chose him as one of the firing party, where he wiped out an old score against an emperor, avenging the cruelty of his mother's banishment.

Follows the briefest possible glance at his remarkable life:

He was born in 1842 in Warsaw, being the sixth in line of descent from the great warrior monarch of Poland, John III. His father was John Sobieski, who lost his life in 1848 in the great Polish rebellion.

He says one of his earliest recollections of childhood is of a sleigh-ride and the gay trappings of a Cossack soldier who conveyed his mother and himself to say goodbye to his father—about to be executed.

His father had been captured by the Russian army and had been confined in a vile Russian prison, crawling with vermin, for 13 months.

Before they were allowed to see the doomed husband and father, the young mother was taken before the Russian viceroy, who offered to allow her to retain her estates and honors if she would give up her son—the last Sobieski—to be sent to the Russian capital and there brought up as a loyal subject of the Czar.

Banished by Maximilian.

She proudly refused, and chose banishment, poverty and misery. She bade her husband good-by, and he was shot down the next day. At the same time her father and brother were killed.

Everywhere went the exiles, ordered out by the authorities: driven out of Austria, Prussia and Italy. They were driven from Italy by the Austrian viceroy, Maximilian—afterward the emperor of Mexico. They took refuge in England at last. The mother died and the son was adopted into the family of a Polish professor, who had been an instructor at the United States naval academy at Annapolis. "When the United States ships of war visited Liverpool the cadets used to visit their old professor. One of them persuaded Sobieski to stow away in the old frigate Constellation and come to America.

He was then only a little fellow 12 years old, but managed to enlist in the United States army as a bugler. He enlisted in 1855, and two years afterward was ordered out with the troops that went the desperate journey across the plains to fight the Mormons.

Many of the young officers under whom he served on that expedition afterward became famous in the civil war—Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston, then a colonel, Capt. Hancock, afterward the northern general, Col. Alexander, who became Lee's chief of staff, Fitz John Porter, Maj. Beauregard, Capt. J. B. Magruder, afterward a southern general, was commander of young Sobieski's battery.

Witnessed Stirring Scenes.

When the war was getting ready to break, young Sobieski's battery was ordered to its full strength and the young Pole was ordered to New York and Washington on recruiting duty, witnessing the inauguration of Lincoln, the closing debates in the senate and many other stirring scenes.

He went all through the civil war and was terribly wounded the first day of the battle of Gettysburg. It was his privilege to be an eyewitness to the most dramatic battle in naval history, the first fight of the ironclads, the fight between the Merrimac and the Monitor.

After the war he went into Mexico and began another fight for a people's freedom. He lived the hunted life of a guerrilla warrior, eating rattlesnakes and living a precarious life off the country. He was commissioned a colonel. He seemed to have a charmed life. He came through a hundred thrilling escapades unhurt—once being the only man of an entire command to survive.

After the imprisonment of Emperor Maximilian, Col. Sobieski became one of the jailers of that Austrian potentate who had driven the two pitiful refugees—Sobieski and his widowed young mother—from Italy. He recalled that incident to the emperor's mind one day in prison.

"Well, time rounds up all things," said the unhappy prisoner.

Maximilian's Execution.

The old Polish nobleman tells of the tragic incident of history—the execution of the emperor—in simple soldier fashion. In writing an account of it for his biography he says:

"The last three or four days of Maximilian's life were spent almost wholly with the priest. On the morning of the execution, June 19, 1867—a bright, beautiful morning—he was taken out of the old convent where he was captured and where he had lived during the time he was in our custody, and placed in an ambulance and driven outside of the walls of the city near an old fortress, where the execution took place.

"Arriving on the grounds, the troops were formed in line, the doomed men were placed in position. Maximilian



standing on the right of the firing party. The firing party consisted of 35 men, formed into two companies, six to each of the doomed men. (Two traitorous generals were executed at the same time.)

"One in each firing party of six had a blank cartridge. There had been a sharp rivalry for the honor of belonging to the firing party. I was selected to command the reserve firing party. When everything was ready each of the men was asked if he had anything to say.

Fate Gives Deferred Revenge.

"Maximilian, speaking in Spanish, said in substance that he loved Mexico and desired its welfare; and if shedding his blood would be the means of bringing peace and happiness to the distracted country he was willing to die. He asked that the commander of the firing party advance to him, and he delivered to that officer six pieces of gold which is equivalent to about ten dollars of our money. He ordered a piece of gold to be delivered to each

one of the firing party, directing them to take good aim.

"The firing party was now ordered to advance, make ready, aim, fire! Strange as it may seem, Maximilian fell mortally wounded, only, exclaiming as he fell, 'Oh, my God! my God!' At once the commander of the reserve firing party (Sobieski himself) ordered one of the men from his own party to advance, and drawing his own revolver, ordered the soldier to put it to the ear of the archduke and fire. He did so, and the career of the archduke was ended."

Col. Sobieski's long subsequent career as lawyer and temperance lecturer is well known. He had one son who would have perpetuated the name but he died while a young child. His one daughter married Mr. Gilhausen, of Los Angeles. To them a little son has lately been born.

Sees End of All Thrones.

So the last of the Sobieskis is a Gilhausen.

After this long and exciting career of adventure, Col. Sobieski is a calm, handsome, gentle old man—the soul of courtesy. Aside from his bitterness against monarchies whose tyrannies have brought him such misery, he has other reasons for not caring anything about the right to the empty throne to Poland.

"Before you are a middle-aged man," he said to the writer, "every throne in Europe will be swept away in a vast bloodless revolution."

That is the startling theory of the last Sobieski.

He is making a vigorous retort to Editor Siemiradski merely to defend his honor.

Siemiradski claims that there is not a mention in history of any Sobieski in recent times. He wants to know why no Sobieski came forward as a candidate for king at the election of King Stanislaus Augustus Poniatowski in 1764 if the family still existed. He denies the execution of Sobieski's father, saying that history has no mention of it, and points out that it would have made the nation thrill.

He makes a great point of the fact that the Almanach de Gotha makes no mention of any living descendants of John III.

No Sobieski Dynasty.

In reply, Col. Sobieski points out many places wherein the Polish editor contradicts himself; he then proceeds. "He (the editor) declares that the Almanach de Gotha has not got me on the list. I could not presume under any circumstances to think that my name would appear in that distinguished almanac, as it is a register exclusively devoted to dynasties. I do not claim to be of any Sobieski dynasty.

"In the first place there was no



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Delmas, although unknown in the East, has made an enviable record for himself as a criminal lawyer on the Pacific coast. He will aid in the defense of Harry Kendall Thaw at his trial for the murder of Stanford White.

A FORT QF '76 FOUND.

SECRET REFUGE IN BOSTON RECALLS REVOLUTION.

Wonderful Network of Concealed Rooms and Trap Floors Disclosed Accidentally in a Raid Made on a Gamblers' Den.

Boston.—A wonderful network of concealed rooms, secret passages and trap floors, sufficient to serve as a hiding place for a score of men, and probably secret meeting places during the revolutionary war for the colonists, have been unearthed by Chief T. O. Urquhart of the Arlington police as the result of a raid on the famous old Cooper Tavern, on Massachusetts avenue, Arlington.

The raid followed the issuance of a warrant for a search for liquor, but so astounding were the discoveries that Chief Urquhart will continue his search until he has laid bare all the secrets of the famous old hostelry.

The discoveries so far show that the old house is literally honeycombed with secret rooms and passages, in one of which was found a full gambling layout. Early in the raid a patrol wagon full of liquor was taken from the place and liquor of every kind from champagne to beer was located. The place was being conducted by Louis and Ida Brown and run without an innholder's license.

Cooper's Tavern was built prior to the revolutionary war and was immortalized by the martyred deaths of Jabez and Jason Winship, who made their last stand behind its stone windows hemmed in by the British legions in April, 1775. Others in the building at the time disappeared, and it has always been thought they escaped by secret recesses.

It fell to the lot of gamblers, the police say, to discover the hidden haunts, and their knowledge was guarded well. The police at the raid discovered that the foundation wall seemed too short for the actual support of the walls of the building, and, digging down, laid bare a complete

room—small but compact. Inspired by their discovery, the police continued in their search, and will not rest until the entire inside of the building is torn away.

CITY OVERSTOCKED WITH CASH.

Money in Treasury Is Becoming a Veritable Drug.

Crystal Falls, Mich.—Crystal Falls is crowding over other towns in the upper peninsula, for the latter have a hard time making both ends meet and they often borrow money to tide the municipality over until the annual collections have been made.

Crystal Falls city is so loaded with money that the surplus funds are becoming a veritable nuisance and the council has decided to invest \$10,000 of the money, putting it into circulation instead of allowing it to lie idle in the hands of the treasurer.

The annual report of the treasurer showed a balance on hand of about \$13,000 over and above all outstanding orders. As the time for the collection of taxes is at hand the funds in hand will be increased very shortly by another \$10,000.

The sewer work is all paid for and the suspension of operations has eliminated the demand for money from that source until next spring. The treasurer has been instructed to place the money at interest wherever the best rate can be secured.

Love Not Marriage Motive.

Paris.—A French statistician recently asked 95 girls between 15 and 17 years why they wished to marry. Sixty-one were unable to specify their reasons, five replied that they wanted to be able to go out alone, ten in order to amuse themselves, five so they could travel, seven because they wanted to own their own homes, and four wanted to marry for the sake of a future family. Three did not wish to get married. None suggested love as a motive for matrimony, but doubtless many of them were too shy to do so.

IRELAND SENDS OUT 5,000,000

Irish Emigration to This Country Has Been Enormous.

Washington.—No page in history reveals such a migration as that of the Irish to America. The figures are astonishing. From 1840 to 1860 not fewer than 2,000,000 crossed the ocean to settle in the United States; from 1860 to 1880 an additional 1,000,000 made a fresh start in life in the great republic over the seas, and from 1880 to the present time another 1,000,000 was added to our population. Since 1860 the average has been 500,000 a decade.

The 12 agricultural states, represented by Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, contain one-fourth of the 5,000,000. Of the portion settled in the North Atlantic states but one-fifth are on farms; but this tendency to crowd into towns disappears when the surroundings are agricultural, as is shown by the large percentage—more than 50—of these who have taken to farming in the 12 agricultural states above mentioned.

It is only because the bulk of the Irish in America are not in the midst of farming districts that they are less an agricultural people than the other immigrant elements added to the population. They have found an outlet for their energies in the congested districts and their wonderfully adaptive natures have allowed them easily to enter upon the industries of the people among whom they were thrown.

It is in the eastern states that the Irish promise to ultimately constitute a majority of the population. This

is already the case in three New England states and in many New England cities. In New York city they are barely behind the Germans and slightly so in Chicago.

ENORMOUS SALT DEPOSIT.

Bed 15 Miles Long and Eight Wide Found in Utah.

Denver, Col.—During 1906 wonderful progress was made on the construction of the new Pacific coast line of the Denver & Rio Grande. Thirty-nine tunnels are being bored through the mountains. There is one 73-mile stretch of track that will cost \$100,000 a mile to build. The object of this expenditure in construction is to obtain a direct and low-grade route through the mountains.

Track is already laid from Salt Lake City nearly to the Nevada state line, a distance of nearly 90 miles. In California the track is laid into Oakland and Stockton. It is believed the entire line through to the coast will be in operation by January, 1909.

Among the curious things encountered in the construction work is an enormous deposit of pure salt, found on the west side of the Utah desert, not far from the Nevada state line. This singular deposit is 15 miles long and eight miles wide. Excavations to a depth of more than six feet are still in solid salt. The salt that has been found is suitable for stock, and can be readily refined for table use.

Unquestionably this section was once the bed of the great Salt lake, and even now may have a subterranean connection with that mysterious body of water, more than a hundred miles distant.